### **APPENDIX D6: SOUTH DAVIS COUNTY**

Safety Summary

Tech Memo #1 Safety Analysis

Case Study Project Information Sheets

Case Study Project Location Map

Equity Index Map

## **SOUTH DAVIS COUNTY SAFETY SUMMARY**



## South Davis County Geographic Focus Area

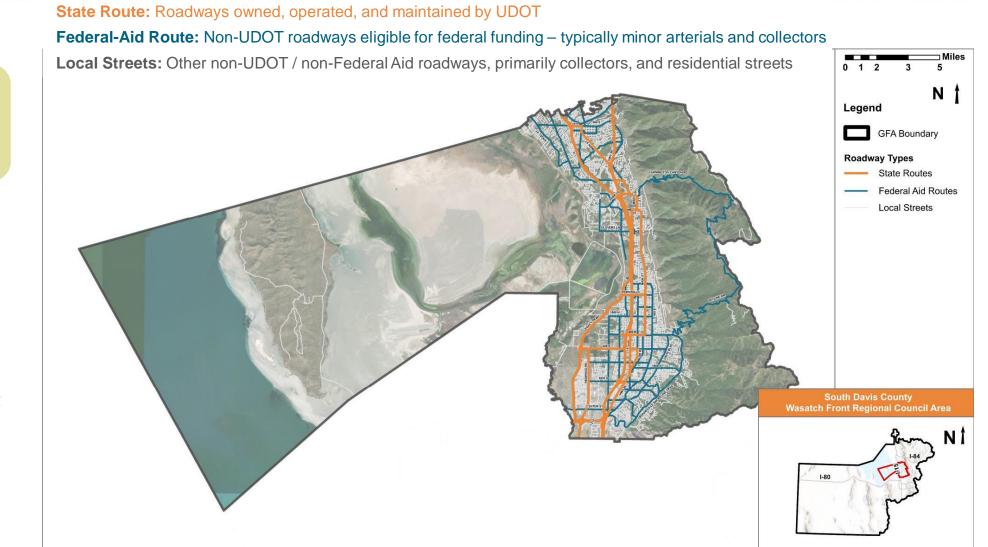
#### **CSAP OVERVIEW**

"A plan to provide local governments the means to make strategic roadway safety improvements"

Wasatch Front Regional Council (WFRC) is preparing a regional Comprehensive Safety Action Plan (CSAP). The CSAP will present a holistic, well-defined strategy to reduce roadway fatalities and serious injuries in the Wasatch Front region.

The CSAP will **analyze** safety needs, **identify** high-risk locations and factors contributing to crashes, and **prioritize** strategies to address them.

The CSAP will meet eligibility requirements that allow local jurisdictions to apply for **Implementation Grants** from the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) Safe Streets and Roads for All (SS4A) discretionary grant program. The grant program was established by the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) with \$5 billion in appropriated funds, 2022-2026. A Safety Action Plan must include the following elements, as specified by FHWA to satisfy eligibility requirements to apply for an implementation grant:



#### **Self-Certification Checklist**

#### Plan must include the following:

- Safety Analysis
  - Existing conditions and historical trends
  - ☐ Crashes by location, severity, and contributing factor
  - ☐ Systemic and specific safety needs
    - Geospatial identification of higher risk locations
- Identification of comprehensive set of projects and strategies

...And must complete 4 of the 6 elements to the right:

#### . Leadership Commitment

Governing body publicly commit to a zero fatalities and serious injury goal

#### 2. Plan Development

 Committee charged with plan development, implementation, and monitoring

#### 3. Development Activities

Engagement with public and relevant stakeholders

#### 4. Equity

Data-driven, inclusive, and representative processes

## 5. Policies, Plans, Guidelines, and/or Standards

Assessment policies, plans, guidelines, and/or standards

#### 6. Progress

Description on how progress will be measured over time



## **Safe System Approach**

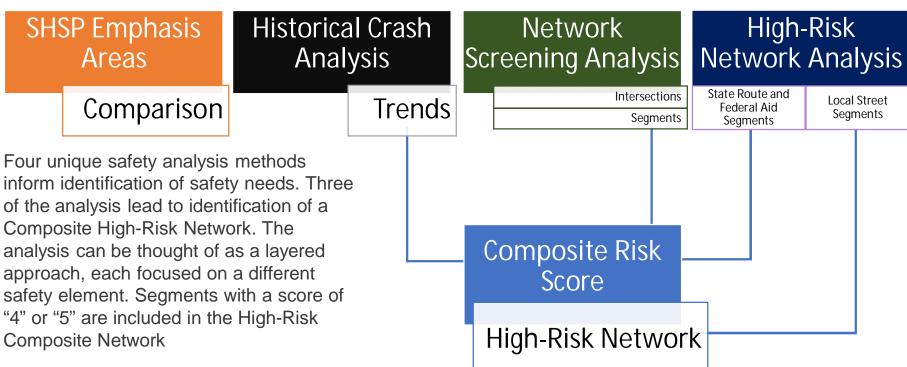
## Implementing a Safe System Approach requires moving away from traditional safety paradigms.

- ☐ The Safe System approach seeks to prevent death and serious injuries.
- ☐ The Safe System approach designs for human mistakes and limitations.
- ☐ The Safe System approach focuses on speed management and strategies to reduce system kinetic energy.
- ☐ The Safe System approach aims to share responsibility among system users, managers, and others.
- ☐ The Safe System approach proactively identifies and addresses risks



Traditional Approach to Safety	Safe System Approach Paradigm
Prevent crashes	Prevent death and serious injury
Improve human behavior	Design for human mistakes/limitations
Control speeding	Reduce system kinetic energy
Individuals are responsible	Share responsibility
React based on crash history	Proactively identify and address risks

## **Safety Analysis Methodology**



Analysis	Composite High Risk Score Element	Value
Historical Crash Analysis	Segment 5-Year Crash Totals ≥ 3 Crashes	1
Network Screening Analysis	Positive CCR Differential	1
	Crash Profile Risk Score ≥ 20	1
High Diek Network Analysis	usRAP Vehicle Star Rating = 1-2 Stars	1
High-Risk Network Analysis	usRAP Pedestrian Star Rating = 1-2 Stars	0.5
	usRAP Bicycle Star Rating = 1-2 Stars	0.5
Total Possible Composite Risk Score		5



## Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) Emphasis Area Comparison

Based on a comparison of fatal and serious injuries for each Utah SHSP Emphasis area, the following emphasis areas should be considered when developing safety improvement projects specific to the **South Davis County** GFA.

- Intersection
- Roadway Departure
- Speed-Related
- Teen Driver
- Impaired Driving

Intersection, Roadway Departure, and Speed-Related emphasis areas rank highest in terms of number of fatal and serious injuries at the Statewide and WFRC Levels.

In addition to Intersection, Roadway Departure, and Speed-Related emphasis areas within the **South Davis County** GFA, Teen Driver and Impaired Driving are also identified as top emphasis areas.

### Strategic Highway Safety Plan Emphasis Area Comparison

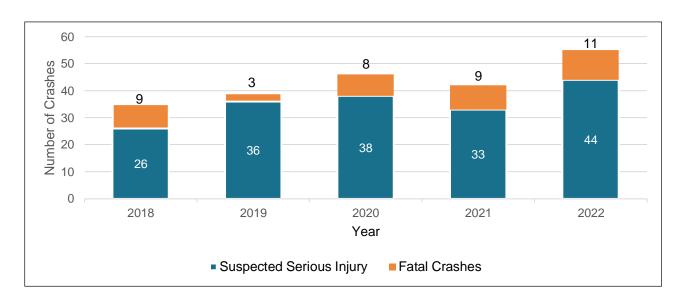
		Statewid	le Totals	WFRC	Totals	South D	avis County	Totals
Category	Utah SHSP Safety Emphasis Area	Fatal and Serious Injury	Rank	Fatal and Serious Injury	Rank	Fatal and Serious Injury	Rank	Change in Rank From WFRC
	Teen Driver	1,640	4	751	4	49	4	0
	Older Driver	1,508	6	700	6	39	6	0
	Speed-Related	2,133	3	936	3	64 3		0
Driver	Aggressive Driving	555	11	297	10	16	10	0
2	Distracted Driving	718	10	286	11	10	11	0
	Impaired Driving	1,184	8	623	8	46	5	3
	No Safety Restraints	1,542	5	599	9	29	8	1
	Intersection	3,567	1	2,163	1	97	1	0
Roadway	Roadway Departure	2,931	2	1,014	2	80	2	0
	Motorcycle	1,457	7	750	5	37	7	-2
Special Users	Pedestrian	912	9	636	7	29	8	-1
	Bicycle*	280	12	167	12	9	12	0

<sup>\*</sup>While Bicycles are not one of the eleven Utah SHSP emphasis areas, they are included as part of the CSAP safety analysis.

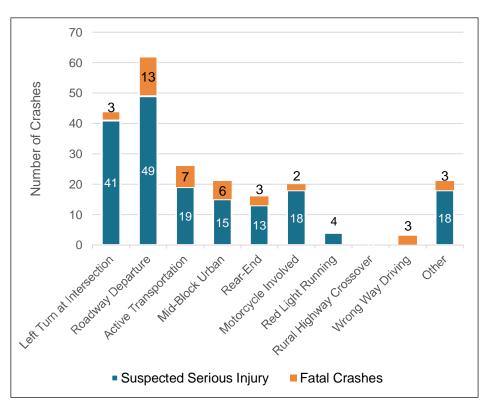


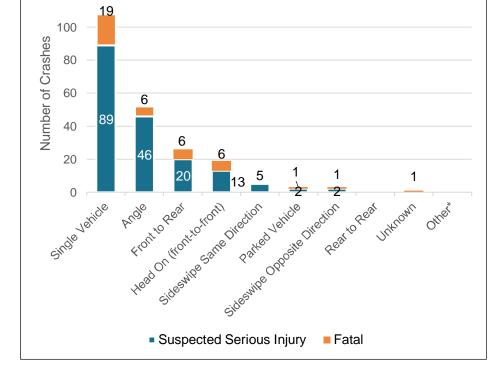
## 5-Year Historical Crash Trends in South Davis County GFA

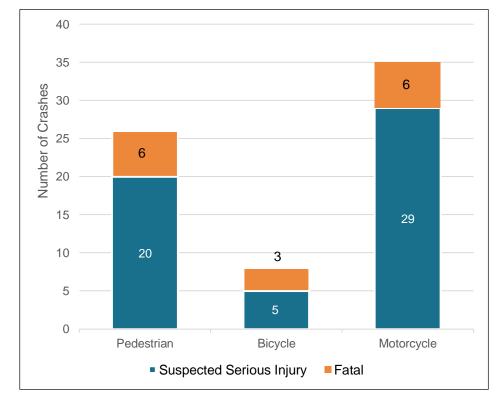
Route Type	State	Route		al Aid ute	Local	Street	Overa	II Total	% of WFRC
Crash Severity	Cras	shes	Cras	shes	Cras	shes	Cras	shes	%
Orasii ocverity	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	70
Fatal	29	0%	3	0%	1	0%	33	0.2%	0.0%
Suspected Serious Injury	31	0%	6	0%	3	0%	40	0.3%	0.0%
Suspected Minor Injury	102	1%	46	2%	29	2%	177	1.3%	0.1%
Possible Injury	925	10%	291	10%	135	7%	1,351	9.8%	0.7%
No Injury / Property Damage Only	1,450	16%	505	17%	182	10%	2,137	15.5%	1.2%
Route Total	6,455	72%	2,115	71%	1,516	81%	10,086	73.1%	5.6%



### **Annual Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes (2018-2022)**







**Crash Type** 

**Manner of Collision** 

120

**Active Transportation** 





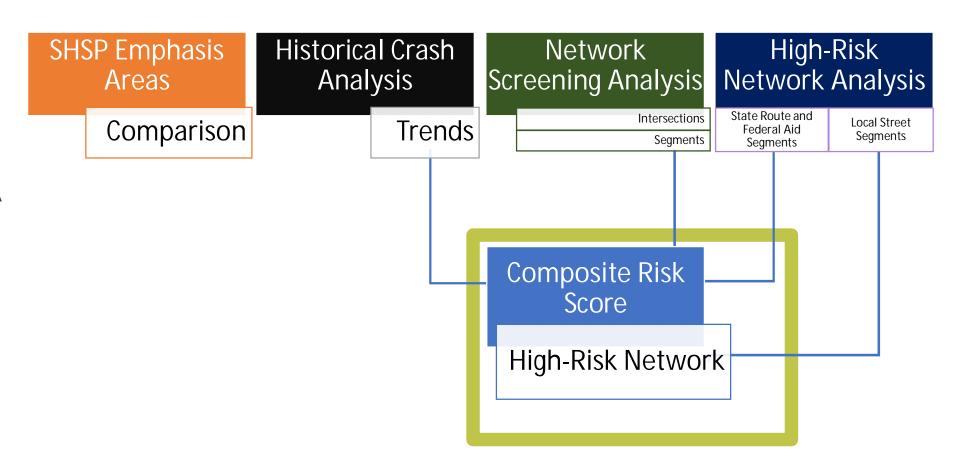
### **Composite High-Risk Roadway Network**

Each of the completed safety analysis methodologies identified segments or intersections that are **candidates for safety improvements** to reduce fatalities and serious injury crashes.

To provide focused information for jurisdictional decisions regarding **prioritization of safety improvements**, an analysis was performed to identify overlapping segments from each of the analysis methodologies. A **composite risk score**, from zero to five, was assigned to each State Highway or Federal Aid Route segment in the region. State Route or Federal Aid Route segments with a score of "4" or higher are included in the Composite High-Risk Network. These represent the top 10% of State Route and Federal Aid Route segments for the entire WFRC area.

The Composite High Risk Network map on page 8 includes State Route and Federal Aid Route segments with a score of "4" or higher.

A list of locally-owned and maintained Federal Aid Route segments in the **South Davis County** GFA Composite High-Risk Network is included on the next page. Streets operated and maintained by local agencies are an emphasis of the SS4A program.



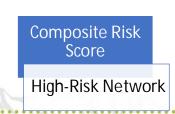
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Network Screening Analysis	Positive Local CCR Differential	1
	Crash Profile Risk Score ≥ 20	1
High Diek Network Analysis	usRAP Vehicle Star Rating = 1-2 Stars	1
High Risk Network Analysis	usRAP Pedestrian Star Rating = 1-2 Stars	0.5
	usRAP Bicycle Star Rating = 1-2 Stars	0.5
Total Possible Composite Risk Score		5



## Composite High-Risk Network (State Route/Federal Aid) and Local Street Risk Network

Facility	Limits	Functional Classification	City	Length (miles)	usRAP- Pedestrian Star Rating	usRAP - Bicycle Star Rating	usRAP- Vehicle Star Rating	Crash Profile Risk Score	CCR Differential Analysis	Significant Crashes	Local Street Risk Assessment
State Route											
Main Street (SR-273)	200 North to State Street	Minor Arterial	Farmington, Kaysville	6.0	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
200 West (SR-227)	State Street to Joy Drive	Minor Arterial	Farmington	0.3	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
200 East/ Main Street (SR-106)	200 South to 400 North	Minor Arterial	Farmington, Rosedale, Cen	6.0	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
James V Hansen Hwy	Nicholls Road to State Street	Other Principal Arterial	Fruit Heights	3.5	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
500 West	1000 North to Main Street	Other Principal Arterial	Bountiful, Woods Cross	2.2	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
Main Street (Hwy 89)	500 West to I-215	Other Principal Arterial	Val Verda, North Salt Lake	3.0	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
200 North	400 West to State Street	Minor Arterial	Kaysville	0.5	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
Parish Lane	1250 West to Main Street	Minor Arterial	Centerville	1.0	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
400 North	I-15 to Main Street	Minor Arterial	Bountiful, West Bountiful	0.9	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
500 South	I-15 to Main Street	Other Principal Arterial	Bountiful	8.0	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
Redwood Road	500 South to South GFA Extent	Other Principal Arterial	North Salt Lake	5.0	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
Federal Aid Routes											
Main St	400 W to Crestwood Rd	Minor Arterial	Kaysville	0.5	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
Crestwood Rd	500 E to Brookshire Dr	Minor Collector	Kaysville	0.5	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
200 N	Mountain Vista Rd to Flint St	Minor Arterial	Kaysville	0.2	Х	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	
Sunset Dr	Smith Ln to Cottonwood Dr	Major Collector	Kaysville	0.5	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
Main St	US-89 to Foxglove Rd	Minor Arterial	Farmington	0.5	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	
Farmington Canyon Rd	100 E to Francis Peak Rd	Local	Farmington	7.7	Х	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	
200 N	US-89 to Mountain Rd	Minor Arterial	Fruit Heights	0.1	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	

State Route and Federal Aid segments in the **South Davis County GFA** Composite High-Risk Network are listed at left. Each of these segments received a composite risk score of "4" or higher. These segments provide a focus for local jurisdictions or for coordination with UDOT. Each of these segments are shown on the map on page 8.



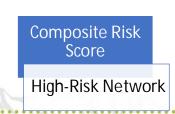


### Composite High-Risk Network (State Route/Federal Aid) and Local Street Risk Network

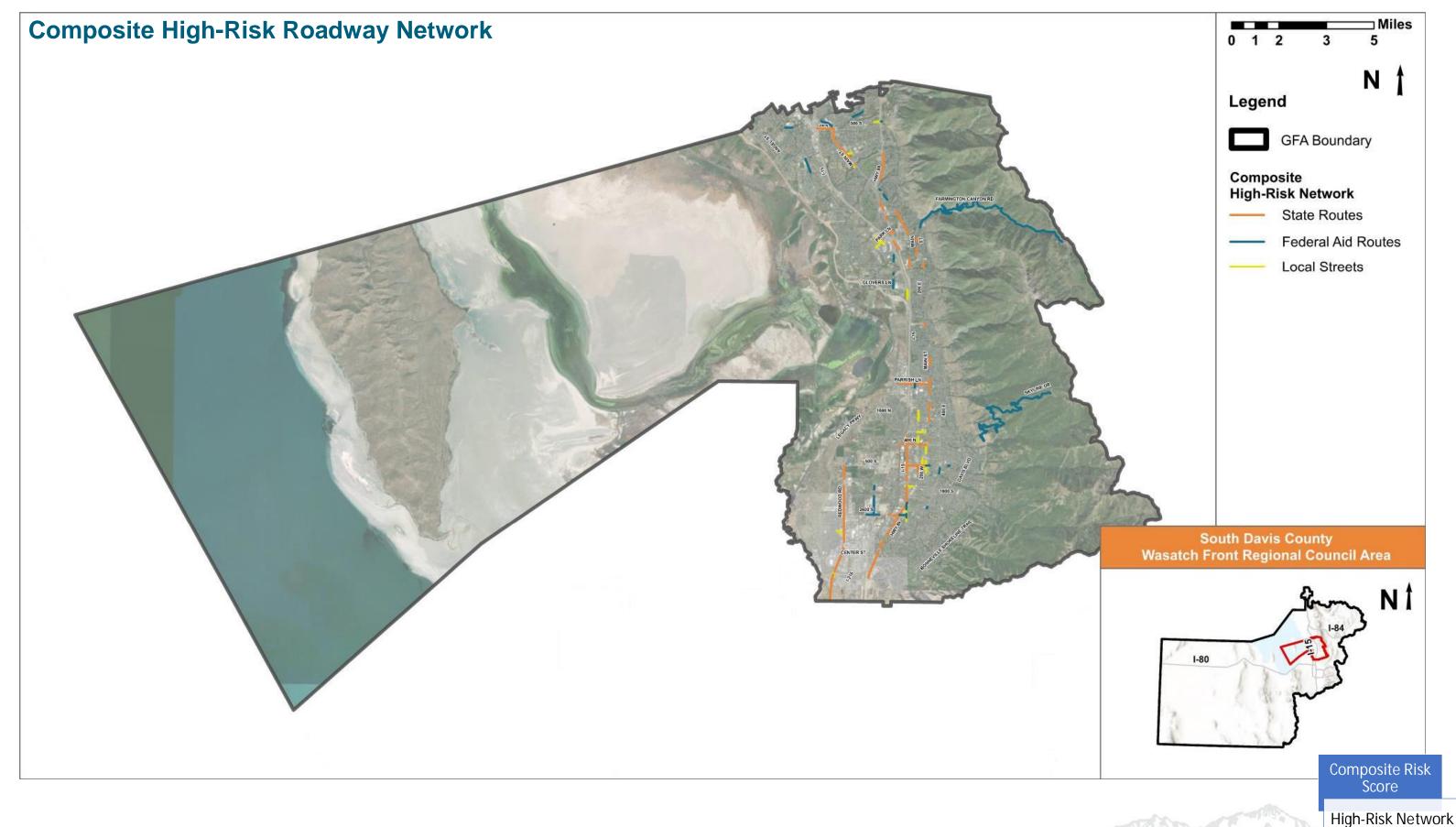
					RISK TYPE						
Facility	Limits	Functional Classification	City	Length (miles)	usRAP- Pedestrian Star Rating	usRAP - Bicycle Star Rating	usRAP- Vehicle Star Rating	Crash Profile Risk Score	CCR Differential Analysis	Significant Crashes	Local Street Risk Assessment
Federal Aid Routes											
650 W	State St to Glovers Ln	Minor Collector	Farmington	1.1	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	
Market Place Dr	Parrish Ln to Centerville Market Place	Minor Collector	Centerville	0.1	Х	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	
Skyline Dr	Gun Range Rd to Access Road	Local	Bountiful	7.0	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
500 S	Main St to 750 E	Minor Arterial	Bountiful	0.8	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
Orchard Dr	550 S to Orchard PI	Minor Arterial	Bountiful	2.5	Х	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	
1100 W	1500 S to 1100 N	Minor Collector	Woods Cross	1.0	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	
2600 S	1250 W to 500 W	Minor Arterial	Bountiful, North Salt Lake	1.5	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	
500 W	Main St to 2700 S	Minor Arterial	Bountiful	0.5	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
Local Streets					Lo	cal St	reet I	Risk <i>F</i>	Assess	smer	t
200 West	SR-105 to SR-106	Major Collector	Bountiful/Centerville	1.9							Χ
500 West	2200 South to 2600 South	Minor Arterial	Bountiful	0.3							Χ
Bountiful Main	400 North to 1000 South	Major Collector	Bountiful	1.0							Χ
1500 South	I-15 to Main Street	Major Collector	Bountiful/Woods Cross	0.5					Risk		Χ
800 West/Market	700 North to Chase Lane	Minor Collector	Centerville	0.3					idere		Χ
1000 North	SR-106 to 400 West	Major Collector	Bountiful	0.6	facto cr				ity to		Χ
Station Parkway/Park Lane	Intersection of the two	Local	Farmington 0.2		scho				,		Χ
550 South	200 East to 500 East	Local	Kaysville	0.5							Χ
Foxboro Drive	Center Street to 800 West	Local	North Salt Lake	1.4							Χ
100 West	200 South to 500 South	Local	Bountiful	0.2							Χ

Federal Aid segments in the **South Davis County GFA** Composite High-Risk Network are listed at left.
Each of these segments received a composite risk score of "4" or higher. These segments provide a focus for local jurisdictions. Each of these segments are shown on the map on page 8.

Local Streets are also listed at left. These segments were identified through a separate analysis that considered factors such as crash location, proximity to schools, and hard braking.









## Network Screening - Intersections

Network Screening is one of the inputs to the Composite High-Risk Network. Network screening is based on Critical Crash Rate Differential analysis as documented in the Highway Safety Manual. This analysis identified intersections where historical crash rates exceed those which can be expected for similar facilities.

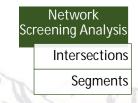
A list of the top-10 intersections on State Routes, Federal Aid Routes, and Local (Non-Federal Aid) Streets in the **South Davis County** GFA are listed at right, along with their associated number of crashes.

For each intersection, the Critical Crash Rate (CCR) Differential and Equivalent Property Damage Only (EDPO) value is listed. These intersections represent those with the highest potential for safety improvements and can be considered as project candidate locations.

Signalized and unsignalized intersections in the **South Davis County** GFA with a positive Critical Crash Rate Differential (rate exceeds expected rate) are mapped on page 10.

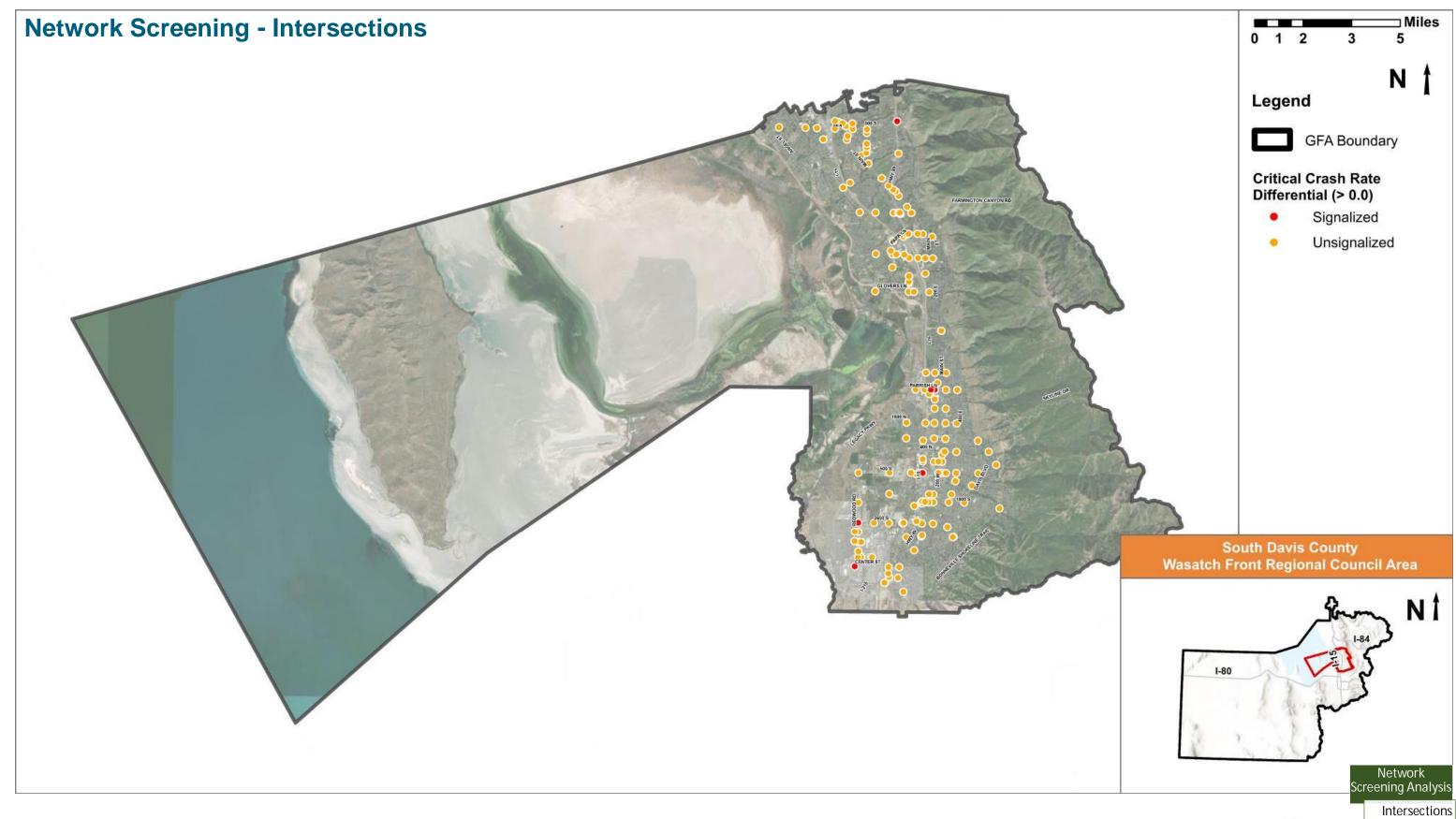
Intersection	City	Crashes	Local CCR Differential <sup>1</sup>	EPDO <sup>2</sup>	Fatal	Suspected Serious Injury	Suspected Minor Injury	Possible Injury	No Injury/PDO	Angle	Front to Rear	Head On	Parked Vehicle	Single Vehide	Rear to Rear	Rear to Side	Sideswipe (Same Direction)	Sideswipe (opposite Direction)	Other/Unknown	Pedestrian	Bicycle	Motorcyde
Signalized Intersections																						
Park Ln & Station Pkwy	Farmington	82	25.4	438	0	1	8	9	64	13	56	0	1	1	0	0	0	11	0	1	0	2
Mountain Rd & 400 N	Fruit Heights	45	2.5	441	0	2	6	8	29	9	30	3	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
400 W & Parrish Ln	Centerville	90	1.4	248	0	0	4	7	79	38	41	1	3	0	0	0	1	6	0	3	1	0
Market Place Dr & Parrish Ln	Centerville	94	1.3	462	0	0	9	17	68	44	35	6	4	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	1	1
Redwood Rd & Center St	North Salt La	66	0.4	689	0	4	6	12	44	24	30	3	4	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	1	2
500 W & 500 S	Bountiful	110	0.3	622	0	1	9	22	78	46	41	8	1	0	0	0	0	13	1	2	0	0
Redwood Rd & 2600 S	North Salt La	39	0.0	289	0	1	3	9	26	14	15	5	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0
500 E & 1100 N	North Salt La	68	0.0	435	0	1	8	10	49	38	22	1	1	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	2
500 W & 400 N	Bountiful	67	-0.1	359	0	1	5	9	52	32	24	2	3	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	1
Hwy 89 & 2600 S	Bountiful	80	-0.2	787	0	4	9	14	53	28	36	4	4	1	0	0	1	6	0	3	0	2
Unsignalized Intersections																						
Corral Dr & Orchard Ridge Ln	Kaysville	6	55.9	141	0	1	2	0	3	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
400 W & 500 N	North Salt La	6	20.3	16	0	0	0	1	5	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crescent Way & West Promontory	Farmington	32	17.9	73	0	0	0	4	28	15	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0
50 W & 100 S	Kaysville	13	12.6	55	0	0	1	2	10	4	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
400 W & 550 N	Centerville	3	7.8	13	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
700 W & 200 N	North Salt La	18	6.3	81	0	0	2	2	14	15	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
650 W & Glovers Ln	Farmington	11	5.1	43	0	0	1	1	9	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
1525 W & Glovers Ln	Farmington	7	4.7	28	0	0	1	0	6	3	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500 E & 550 S	Kaysville	3	2.7	3	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Fire Break Rd & 900 N	Bountiful	3	2.3	35	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. Equivalent Property Damage Only Crashes				-																		

- = 90 100% probability that crash type is over-represented
- = 80 90% probability that crash type is over-represented
- = 70 80% probability that crash type is over-represented



Segments







# **Supporting Information**

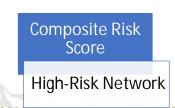


## **High-Risk Roadway Segments (Federal Aid Routes)**

				RISK TYPE							
Facility	Limits	City	usRAP- Pedestrian Star Rating	usRAP - Bicycle Star Rating	usRAP- Vehicle Star Rating	Crash Profile Risk Score	CCR Differential Analysis	Significant Crashes	Local Streets Risk Assessment		
Federal Aid Routes											
Skyline Drive	400 North to 600 North	Bountiful	Х	Χ	Χ						
Angel Street	Smith Lane to North GFA Extents	Kaysville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Angel Street	Western Drive to Smith Lane	Kaysville	Χ	Χ							
200 North	Angel Street to 600 West	Kaysville	Χ	Χ							
Flint Street	Old Mill Lane to North GFA Extents	Kaysville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Western Drive	Angel Street to Santa Anita Drive	Kaysville			Χ						
Sunset Drive	Shepard Lane to Old Mill Lane	Kaysville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Shepard Lane	Sunset Drive to US-89	Farmington	Χ								
Burton lane	Sunset Drive to Main Street	Kaysville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Main Street	Crestwood Road to North GFA Extents	Kaysville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Mutton Hollow Road	Main Street to Stone Lane	Kaysville		Χ	Χ						
Mutton Hollow Road	Clover Meadow Road to East GFA Extents	Kaysville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Crestwood Road	Main Street to US-89	Kaysville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Fairfield Road	200 North to North GFA Extents	Kaysville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
200 North	Main Street to Country Lane	Kaysville	Х	Χ	Χ						
Center Street	300 West to 100 East	Kaysville			Χ						
100 South	100 East to 600 East	Kaysville			Χ						

A list of Federal Aid segments in the **South Davis County GFA** identified from each of the safety
analysis methods is listed in the table at left. An "x"
is placed to identify the analysis that flagged the
segment:

- usRAP Star Ratings (Vehicle, Bicycle, Pedestrian)
- Crash Profile Risk Score
- Network Screening, applying Critical Crash Rate (CCR) and Significant Crashes (three or more crashes over 5-year period)



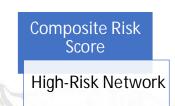


## High-Risk Roadway Segments (Federal Aid Routes), Cont'd

				RISK TYPE							
Facility	Limits	City	usRAP- Pedestrian Star Rating	usRAP - Bicycle Star Rating	usRAP- Vehicle Star Rating	Crash Profile Risk Score	CCR Differential Analysis	Significant Crashes	Local Streets Risk Assessment		
Federal Aid Routes											
600 East	100 South to 200 North	Kaysville			Χ						
50 West	Fox Pointe Drive to 100 South	Kaysville	Χ		Χ						
Frontage Road	Shepherd Lane to Fox Pointe Drive	Farmington	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Nicholls Road	Hollyhock Circle to Mountain Road	Fruit Heights	Χ		Χ						
Main Street	Shepard Lane to US-89	Farmington	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Clark Lane	1100 West to Central Avenue	Farmington	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Clark Lane	US-89 to 200 West	Farmington	Χ	Χ	Χ						
650 West	Farmington Bay Storage to Clark Lane	Farmington	Χ	Χ	Χ						
650 West	South Roadway Extents to Farmington Ba	y S Farmington	Χ								
Glovers Lane	Westwood Place to 200 East	Farmington			Χ						
Frontage Road	620 South to Brookside Drive	Farmington	Χ		Χ						
Frontage Road	Jim Bridger Drive to 620 South	Centerville	Χ		Χ						
Frontage Road	Creek View Road to Jim Bridger Drive	Centerville	Χ								
800 West	700 West to Creek View Road	Centerville			Χ						
Market Place Drive	Frontage Road to 700 West	Centerville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Frontage Road	1600 North to Market Place Drive	Centerville	Χ		Χ						
Chase Lane	670 West to 400 East	Centerville			Χ						
Porters Lane	400 West to Main Street	Centerville	Χ	or or the	7000	2101	11000				

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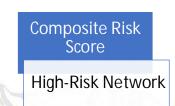


## High-Risk Roadway Segments (Federal Aid Routes), Cont'd

				RISK TYPE							
Facility	Limits	City	usRAP- Pedestrian Star Rating	usRAP - Bicycle Star Rating	usRAP- Vehicle Star Rating	Crash Profile Risk Score	CCR Differential Analysis	Significant Crashes	Local Streets Risk Assessment		
Federal Aid Routes											
Porters Lane	Main Street to 400 East	Centerville		Χ	Χ						
400 West	Jeffery Drive to 950 North	Centerville	Х		Χ						
200 West	400 South to Country Spring Drive	Bountiful	Χ								
400 East	1400 North to Chase Lane	Centerville		Χ	Χ						
Pages Lane	150 West to 350 East	Centerville			Χ						
Pages Lane	1100 West to 400 West	Centerville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
1250 West	Porters Lane to 1275 North	Centerville	Х	Χ	Χ						
600 West	Pages Lane to 2125 North	Centerville		Χ	Χ						
400 North	100 East to Bountiful Blvd	Centerville	Χ	Χ	Χ						
Bountiful Blvd	700 South to Skyline Drive	Bountiful	Χ		Χ						
Bountiful Blvd	Skyline Drive to 700 South	Bountiful			Χ						
North Canyon Road	Davis Blvd to 400 East	Bountiful	Х	Χ	Χ						
Davis Blvd	South Roadway Extents to 400 North	Bountiful			Χ						
500 South	200 West to 1000 East	Bountiful	Х	Х	Χ						
400 East/Orchard Drive	200 West to 1400 North	Bountiful	Х	Χ	Χ						
2600 South	Main Street to Orchard Drive	Bountiful	Х	Χ							
1500 South	Howard Street to Orchard Drive	Bountiful	Χ	Χ	Χ						

A list of Federal Aid segments in the **South Davis County GFA** identified from each of the safety
analysis methods is listed in the table at left. An "x"
is placed to identify the analysis that flagged the
segment:

- usRAP Star Ratings (Vehicle, Bicycle, Pedestrian)
- Crash Profile Risk Score
- Network Screening, applying Critical Crash Rate (CCR) and Significant Crashes (three or more crashes over 5-year period)



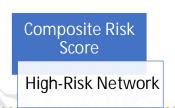


## High-Risk Roadway Segments (Federal Aid Routes), Cont'd

				RISK TYPE							
Facility	Limits	City	usRAP- Pedestrian Star Rating	usRAP - Bicycle Star Rating	usRAP- Vehicle Star Rating	Crash Profile Risk Score	CCR Differential Analysis	Significant Crashes	Local Streets Risk Assessment		
Federal Aid Routes											
200 West	400 South to Aliwood Way	Bountiful	Х								
500 West	450 West to Main Street	Bountiful	Х	Х	Χ						
Main Street	500 West to 1800 South	Woods Cross	Х	Х	Χ						
Main Street	1800 South to 400 North	Bountiful	Х								
Howard Street	1100 North to Pages Lane	Bountiful	Х	Х	Χ						
Main Street	Pacific Avenue to 1100 North	Bountiful	Х	Х							
1100 North	Redwood Road to 260 East	North Salt Lake	Х	Χ							
800 West	1100 North to 700 South	North Salt Lake	Х	Χ	Χ						
Onion Stret	500 South to 400 North	West Bountiful	Х								
Center Street	Jordan River Drive to Orchard Drive	North Salt Lake	Х								
Howard Street	I-15 to Pages Lane	West Bountiful				Χ					
Angel Street	Smith Lane to Peach Blossom Drive	Kaysville				Χ					
500 South	200 West to 1000 East	West Bountiful				Χ					
Flint Street	Old Mill Lane to 200 North	Kaysville				Χ					
1100 North / 2600 South	Redwood Road to Orchard Drive	Bountiful				Χ					
Crestwood Road	500 East to US-89	Kaysville				Χ					
Orchard Drive	Eagle Ridge Road to 3800 South	Kaysville				Χ					

A list of Federal Aid segments in the **South Davis County GFA** identified from each of the safety analysis methods is listed in the table at left. An "x" is placed to identify the analysis that flagged the segment:

- usRAP Star Ratings (Vehicle, Bicycle, Pedestrian)
- Crash Profile Risk Score
- Network Screening, applying Critical Crash Rate (CCR) and Significant Crashes (three or more crashes over 5-year period)





## High-Risk Roadway Segments (Federal Aid Routes), Cont'd. & Network Screening – Segments (Local Streets)

							RISK TYPE					
Facility	Limits	City	usRAP- Pedestrian Star Rating	usRAP - Bicycle Star Rating	usRAP- Vehicle Star Rating	Crash Profile Risk Score	CCR Differential Analysis	Significant Crashes	Local Streets Risk Assessment			
Federal Aid Routes												
Center Street	Legacy Parkway to Orchard Drive	Kaysville				Χ						
200 North	Angel Street to I-15	Kaysville				Χ						
400 East	500 South to 300 South	Bountiful				Χ						
Orchard Drive	200 South to Center Street Kaysville					Χ						
Skyline Drive*	400 North to Buckland Flats Campground	Bountiful				Χ						
400 W	Parish Ln to 550 N	Centerville					Χ	Χ				
Pages Ln	550 W to Frontage Rd	Bountiful					Χ	Χ				
Park Ln	Station Way to I-15	Farmington					Χ	Χ				
400 W	Parrish Ln to Market Place Dr	Centerville					Χ	Χ				
650 W	500 S to 550 S	S Farmington					Χ	Χ				
Glovers Ln	650 W to Doberman Ln Farmington						Χ	Χ				
Park Ln	Cabela's Dr to Station Pkwy	Farmington					Χ	Χ				
650 W	925 S to Miller Way	Farmington					Χ	Χ				
Market Place Dr	Parrish Ln to Centerville Market Place	Centerville					Χ	Χ				
Park Ln					Χ	Χ						

A list of Federal Aid segments in the **South Davis County GFA** identified from each of the safety analysis methods is listed in the table at left. An "x" is placed to identify the analysis that flagged the segment:

- usRAP Star Ratings (Vehicle, Bicycle, Pedestrian)
- Crash Profile Risk Score
- Network Screening, applying Critical Crash Rate (CCR) and Significant Crashes (three or more crashes over 5-year period)

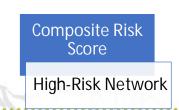




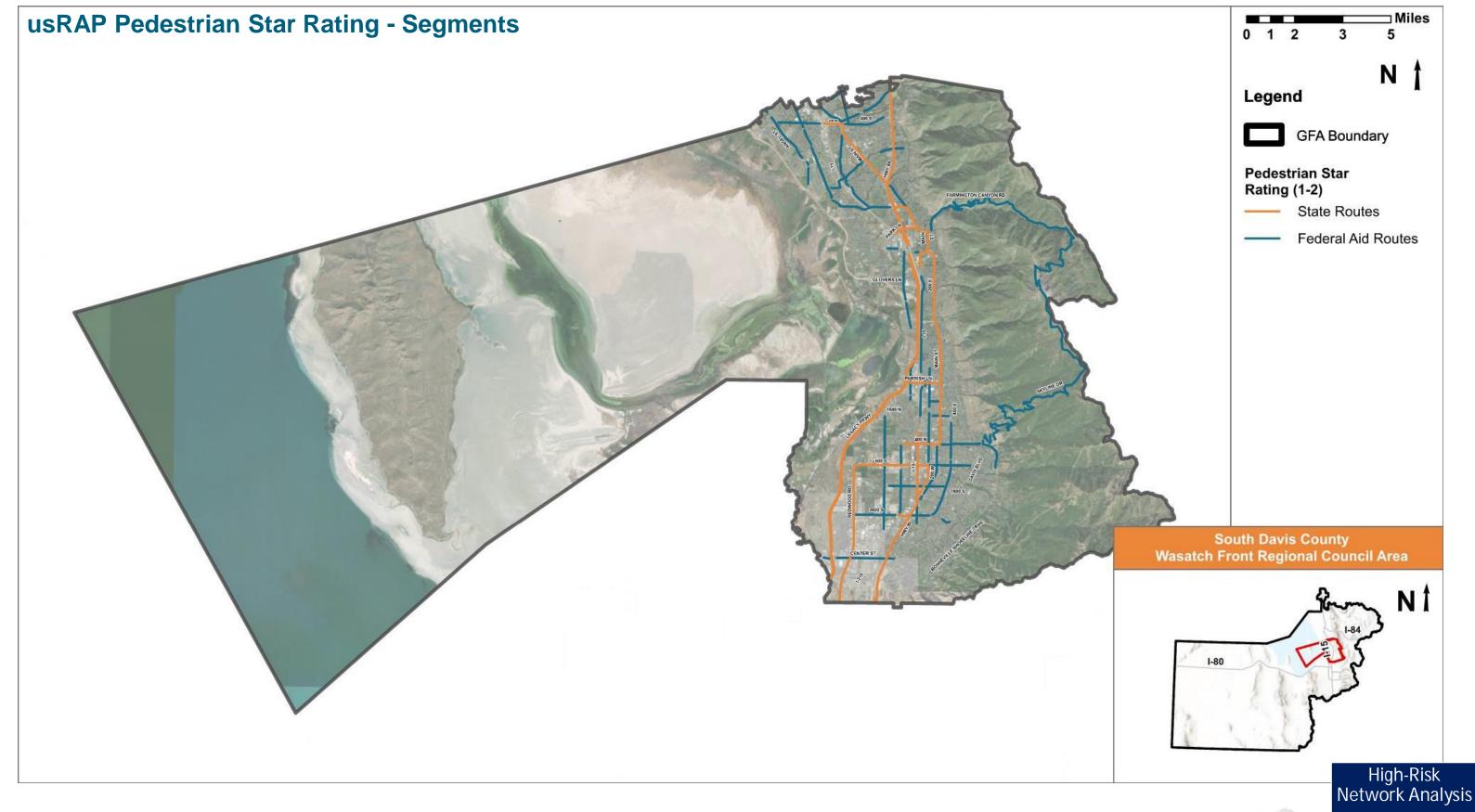
## High-Risk Roadway Segments (Federal Aid Routes), Cont'd. & Network Screening – Segments (Local Streets)

						ГҮРЕ	<u> </u>		
Facility	Limits	Limits City		usRAP - Bicycle Star Rating	usRAP- Vehicle Star Rating	Crash Profile Risk Score	CCR Differential Analysis	Significant Crashes	Local Streets Risk Assessment
Local Streets									
2200 S	Orchard Pine Loop to 200 E	Bountiful					Χ	Χ	
400 W	200 N to Main St	Kaysville					Χ	Χ	
400 W	175 S to 100 S	Kaysville					Χ	Χ	
West Promontory	Richards St to Forbush Pl	Farmington					Χ	Χ	
Porters Ln	600 W to I-15	Centerville					Χ	Χ	
Center St	200 W to Peregrine Ln	Bountiful					Χ	Χ	
200 W	Main St to 1050 S	Bountiful					Χ	Χ	
1600 S	160 E to 200 E	Farmington					Χ	Χ	
200 E	200 N to 300 N	Farmington					Χ	Χ	
Legacy Crossing Blvd	Legacy Crossing to 1250 W	Centerville					Χ	Χ	

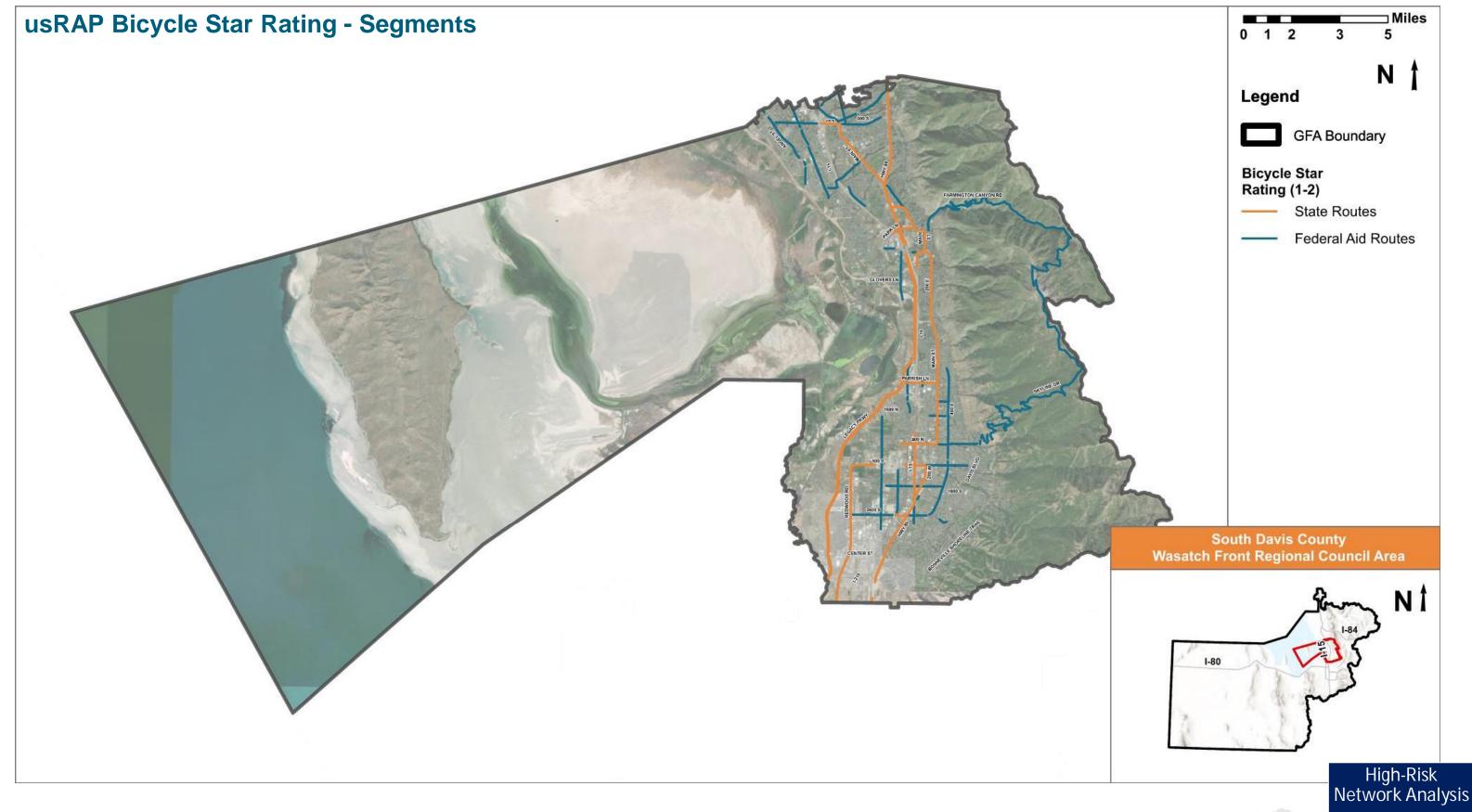
A list of Local Street segments in the **South Davis County GFA** identified from Network Screening,
applying Critical Crash Rate (CCR) and Significant
Crashes (three or more crashes over 5-year period),
is shown at left.



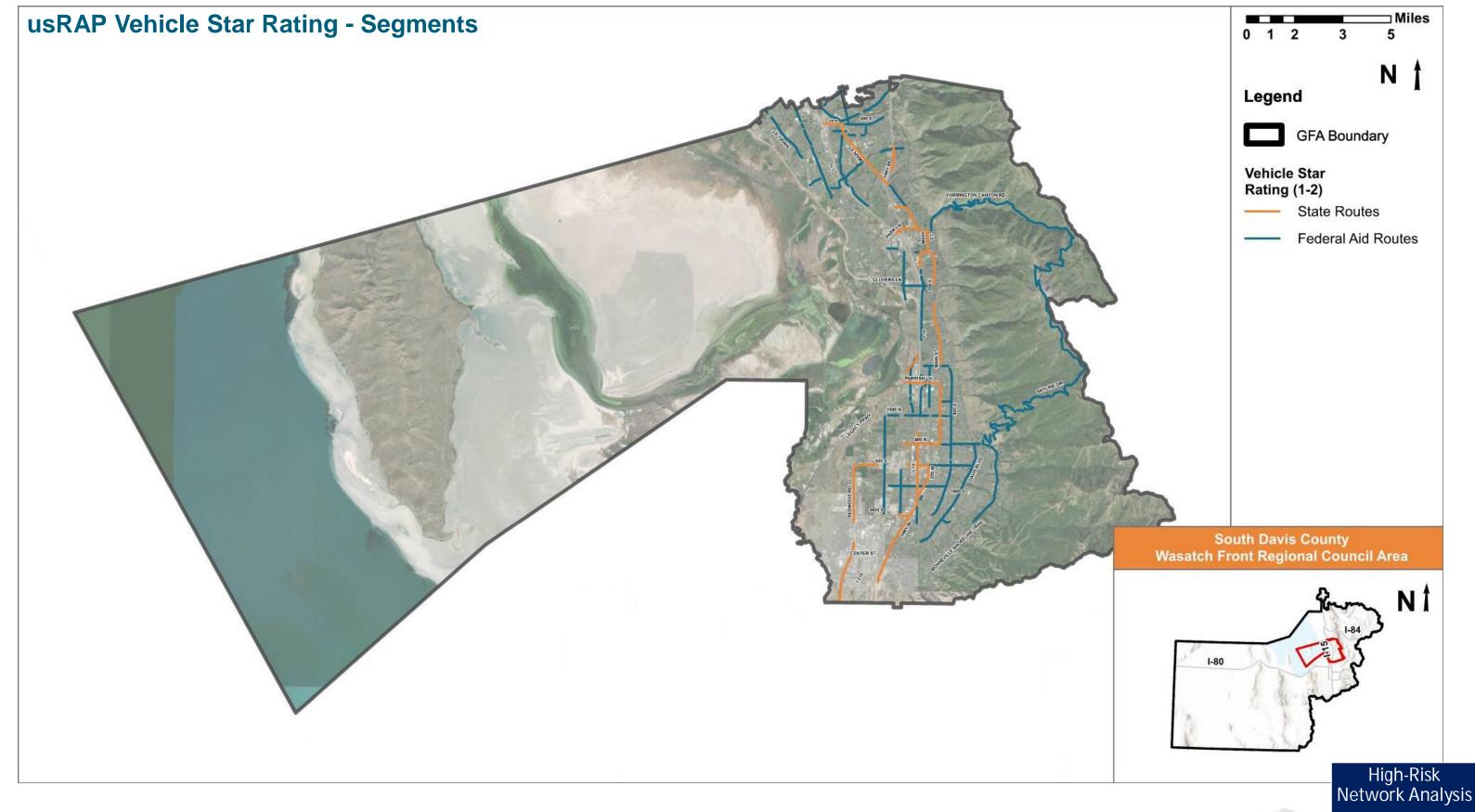




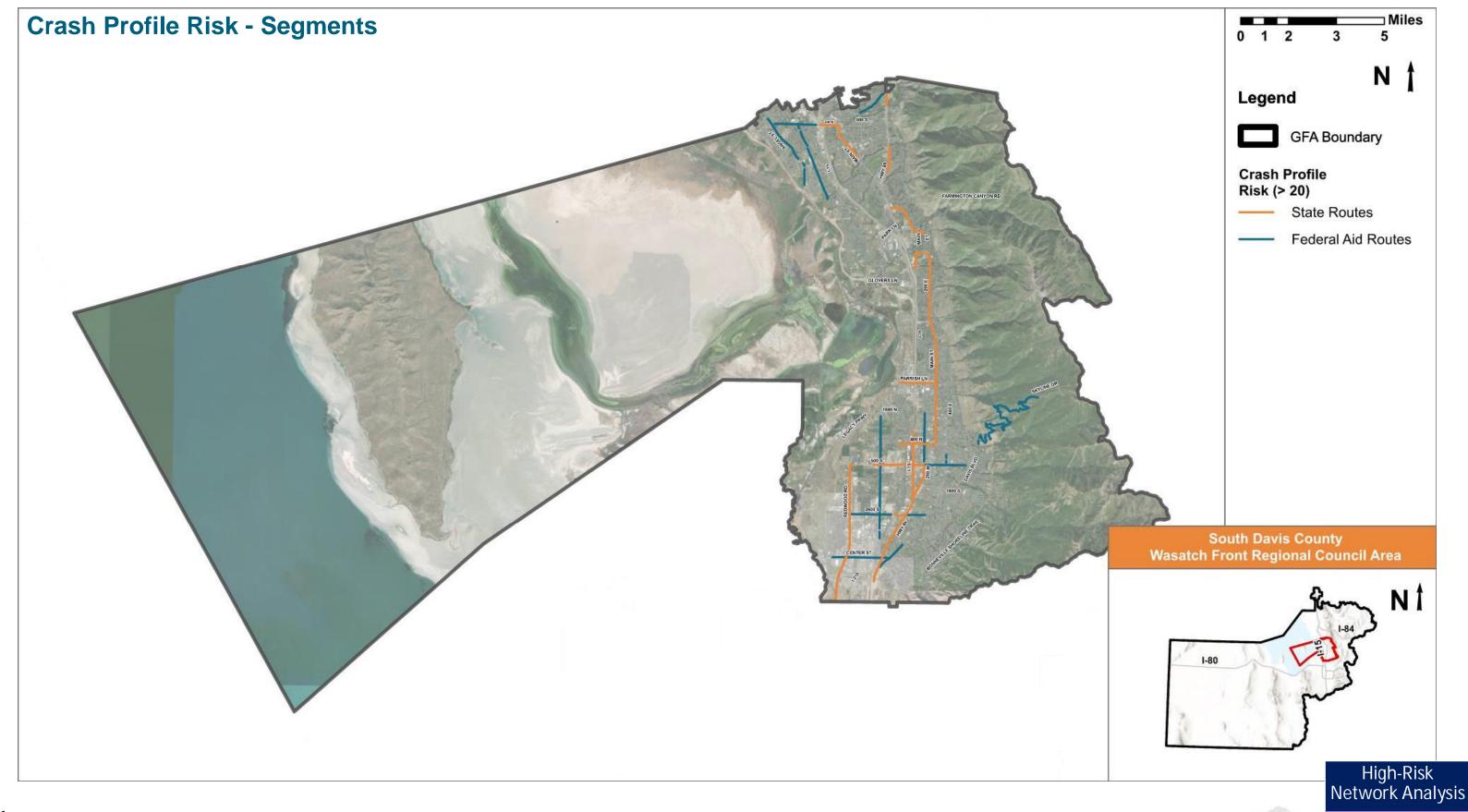




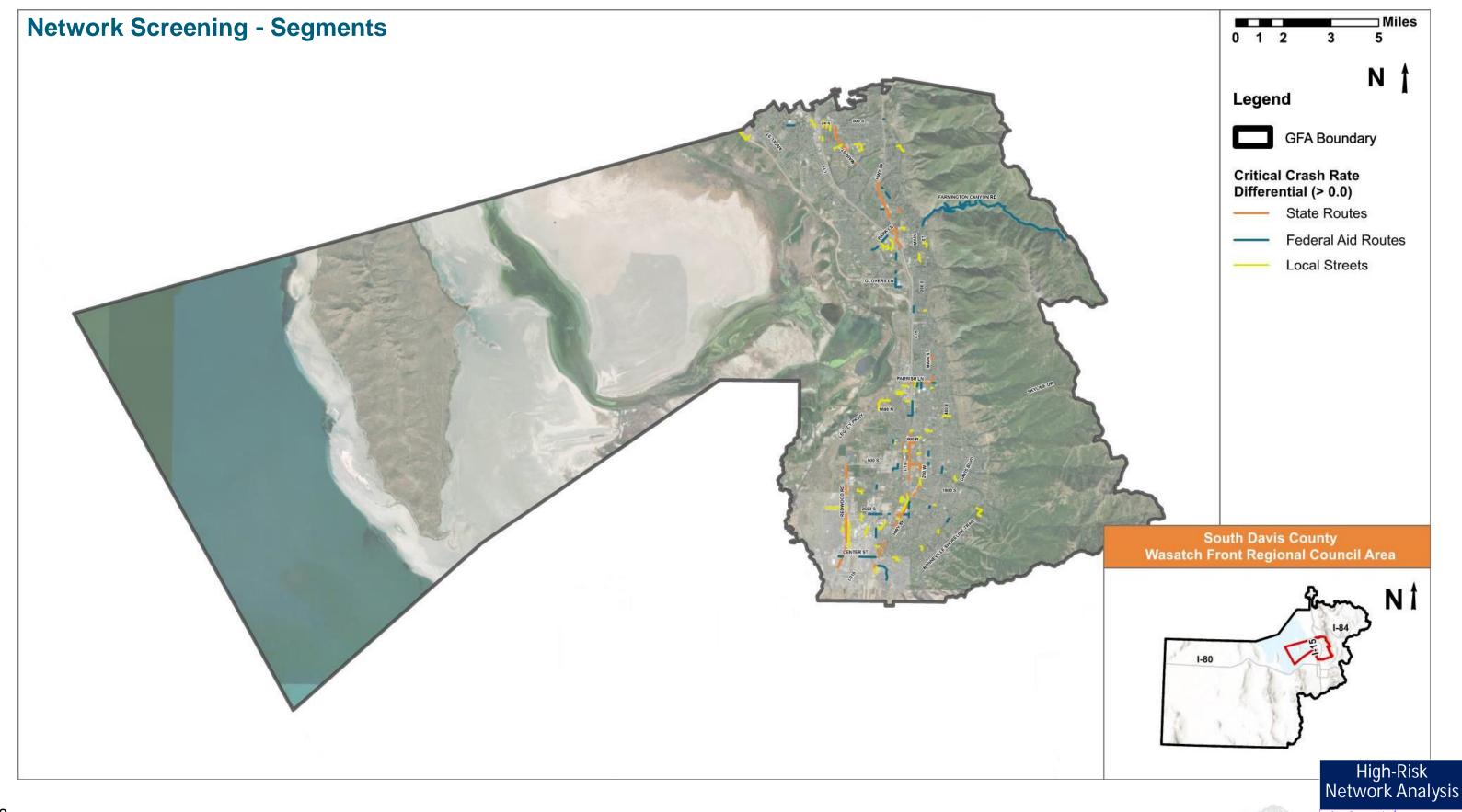












# SOUTH DAVIS COUNTY TECH MEMO #1 SAFETY ANALYSIS



#### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM #1**

# APPENDIX A6 - SOUTH DAVIS COUNTY GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS AREA ANALYSIS

September 2023

#### **Statutory Notice**

23 U.S.C. § 409: US Code - Section 409: Discovery and admission as evidence of certain reports and surveys

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or data compiled or collected for the purpose of identifying, evaluating, or planning the safety enhancement of potential accident sites, hazardous roadway conditions, or railway- highway crossings, pursuant to sections 130, 144, and 148 of this title or for the purpose of developing any highway safety construction improvement project which may be implemented utilizing Federal-aid highway funds shall not be subject to discovery or admitted into evidence in a Federal or State court proceeding or considered for other purposes in any action for damages arising from any occurrence at a location mentioned or addressed in such reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or data.

File name: Appendix A6 - South Davis County GFA - Safety Analysis

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#### 1. Introduction

**Appendix A6** summarizes the safety analysis performed for the South Davis County Geographic Focus Area (GFA) for the Wasatch Front Area Comprehensive Safety Action Plan (CSAP).

The analysis of available safety related data informs identification of a potential project locations that may be further considered in the development of safety related projects and project types.

#### 1.1. Safety Analysis

The following safety analysis methodologies were completed for the South Davis County GFA:

- Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) Emphasis Area Analysis
- Historical Crash Analysis
- Crash and Network Screening Analysis
- Roadway Characteristic Risk Analysis
  - Crash Profile Risk Assessment
  - usRAP Risk Factors Analysis
  - Local Street Risk Assessment

An overview on the methodologies used to perform these safety analyses are described in Technical Memorandum #1: Safety Analysis Results Summary. **Appendix A6** summarizes the results of the analyses for the South Davis County GFA.

#### 1.2. Appendix Organization

This Appendix is organized into the following sections:

- Section 1 Introduction
- Section 2 South Davis County GFA study area and roadway network.
- Section 3 Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) Emphasis Area Analysis for fatal and serious injuries.
- Section 4 Historical Crash Analysis
- Section 5 Crash and Network Screening Analysis based on Highway Safety Manual (HSM).
- Section 6 Roadway Characteristic Risk Analysis
- Section 7 Safety analysis common risk characteristics and Composite High-Risk Roadway Network.

#### 2. Study Area

The CSAP study area includes each jurisdiction within the WFRC area. To organize the large number of jurisdictions within the WFRC area into manageable analysis areas, jurisdictions are organized into Geographic Focus Areas (GFA). The South Davis County GFA (**Figure 2.1**) is located entirely within Davis County and includes the following agencies and jurisdictions:

- Bountiful
- Centerville
- Farmington
- Fruit Heights
- Kaysville
- North Salt Lake
- West Bountiful
- Woods Cross

The safety analyses presented in this Technical Memorandum are specific to the South Davis County GFA.

**Figure 2.2** highlights the roadway network within the South Davis County GFA study area. Roadways within the study area are divided into the following three categories:

- State Routes: UDOT-maintained roads
- Federal Aid Routes: Jurisdiction-maintained roads eligible for federal funding
- Local Streets: Local Jurisdiction-maintained roads that are not Federal Aid routes.

**NOTE ON CRASH DATA ANALYSIS:** All crash data presented in this Technical Memorandum are specific to the South Davis County, for the years 2018-2022. Crash data was obtained from the Utah Department of Transportation.





Figure 2.1 – South Davis County GFA Study Area



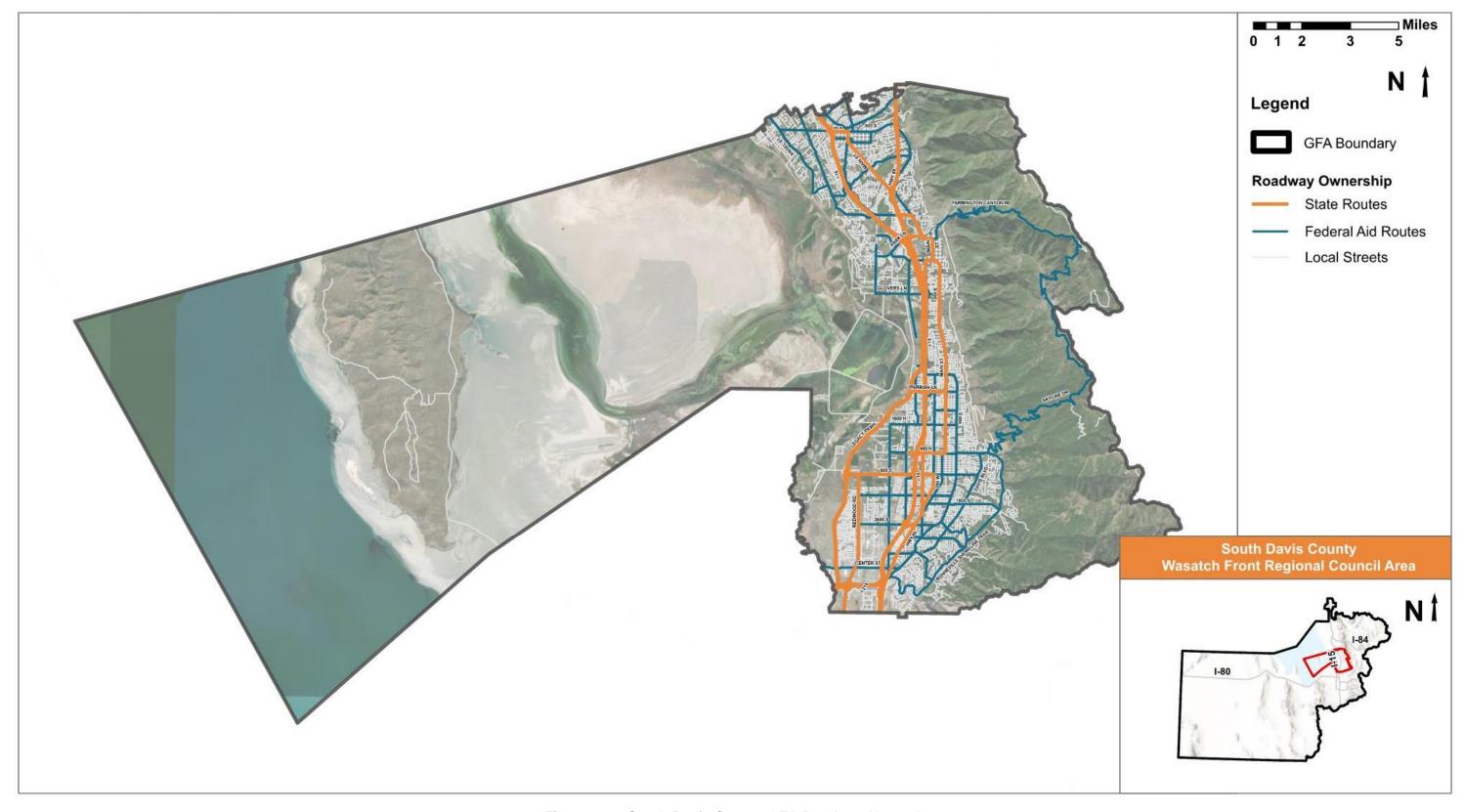


Figure 2.2 – South Davis County GFA Roadway Network

#### 3. SHSP Emphasis Area Analysis

The SHSP emphasis area analysis ranks the frequency of fatal and serious injury crashes in the South Davis County GFA for each of the eleven Utah SHSP emphasis areas. The rankings of the emphasis areas are compared for the South Davis County GFA, statewide (all public roads statewide), and the WFRC study area totals. Each reported crash can have more than one emphasis area identified. The results of the SHSP emphasis area analysis are displayed in **Table 3.1**. The top five ranked emphasis areas are highlighted in the table with the top five for the South Davis County GFA listed below:

- Intersection
- Roadway Departure
- Speed-Related
- Teen Driver
- Impaired Driving

**Table 3.1 – SHSP Emphasis Areas Analysis** 

	Litals CLICD	Statewic	le Totals	WFRC	Totals	South Davis County Totals			
Category	Utah SHSP Safety Emphasis Area	Fatal and Serious Injury	Rank	Fatal and Serious Injury	Rank	Fatal and Serious Injury	Rank	Change in Rank From WFRC	
	Teen Driver	1,640	4	751	4	49	4	0	
	Older Driver	1,508	6	700	6	39	6	0	
	Speed-Related	2,133	3	936	3	64	3	0	
	Aggressive Driving	555	11	297	10	16	10	0	
Driver	Distracted Driving	718	10	286	11	10	11	0	
	Impaired Driving	1,184	8	623	8	46	5	3	
	No Safety Restraints	1,542	5	599	9	29	8	1	
	Intersection	3,567	1	2,163	1	97	1	0	
Roadway	Roadway Departure	2,931	2	1,014	2	80	2	0	
_	Motorcycle	1,457	7	750	5	37	7	-2	
Special Users	Pedestrian	912	9	636	7	29	8	-1	
03013	Bicycle*	280	12	167	12	9	12	0	

<sup>\*</sup>Bicyclists aren't one of the eleven Utah SHSP emphasis areas but was included as part of the CSAP safety analysis.

#### 4. Historical Crash Analysis

A historical crash data analysis was conducted for the most recent complete 5-year period from 2018 to 2022. This historical crash analysis is primarily focused on fatal and serious injury crashes.

#### 4.1. Overall Crashes

**Table 4.1** provides an overview of overall crashes by severity and roadway ownership within the South Davis County GFA. The data shows the following:

- State Routes recorded 65% of the total crashes in this GFA
- State Routes recorded 31 of 40 fatal crashes in this GFA
- Federal Aid routes recorded 21% of fatal and serious injury crashes in this GFA
- Federal Aid routes recorded 6 of 40 fatal crashes in this GFA
- Local Streets (non-Federal Aid) recorded 14% of fatal and serious injury crashes in this GFA
- Local Streets recorded three of 40 fatal crashes in this GFA

Table 4.1 - Crashes by Severity by Roadway Ownership

Route Type	State	Route		al Aid ute	Local	Street	Overall Total		% of WFRC
Crash Severity	Cras	shes	Crashes		Crashes (		Cras	shes	%
Gradin Coverny	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	,,
Fatal	31	0%	6	0%	3	0%	40	0.3%	0.0%
Suspected Serious Injury	102	1%	46	2%	29	2%	177	1.3%	0.1%
Suspected Minor Injury	925	10%	291	10%	135	7%	1,351	9.8%	0.7%
Possible Injury	1,450	16%	505	17%	182	10%	2,137	15.5%	1.2%
No Injury / Property Damage Only	6,455	72%	2,115	71%	1,516	81%	10,086	73.1%	5.6%
Route Total	8,963	100%	2,963	100%	1,865	100%	13,791	100%	7.6%

#### 4.2. Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Year

**Figure 4.1** through **Figure 4.5** provide an overview of fatal and serious injury crashes by year and roadway ownership for the South Davis County GFA. The data shows the following:

The following are key observations base on the historical crash analysis:

- Fatal crashes have increased during the most recent 5-year period (2018-2022), with a high of 11 fatal crashes in 2022
- Serious injury crashes have increased during the most recent 5-year period (2018-2022)

#### 4.3. Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Location

Error! Reference source not found. shows the locations of the fatal and serious injury crashes within the South Davis County GFA. Crashes are largely focused on State Routes.

Error! Reference source not found. is a density map of fatal and serious injury crashes within the South Davis County GFA.

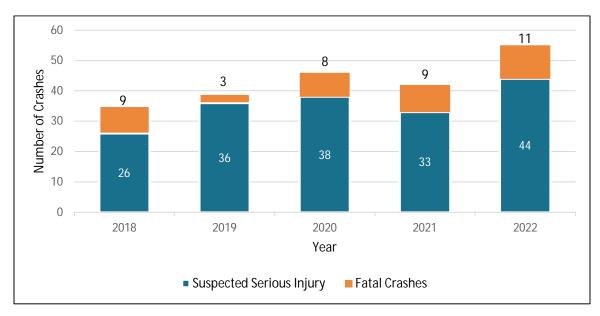


Figure 4.1 – Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Year

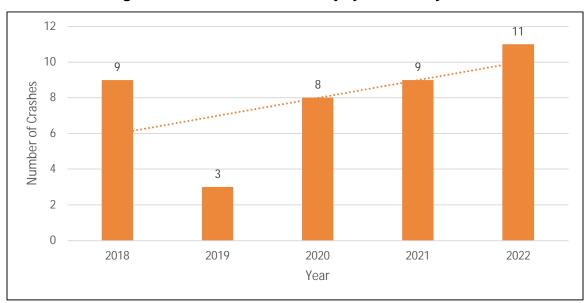


Figure 4.2 - Fatal Crashes by Year

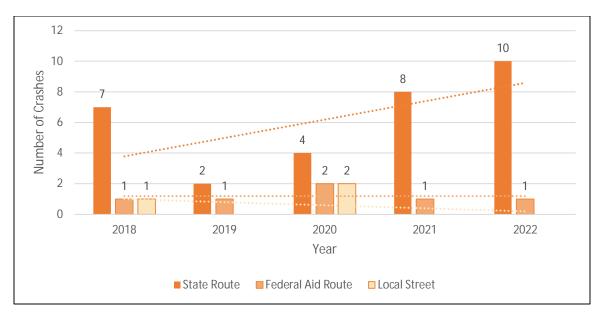


Figure 4.3 – Annual Fatal Crashes by Roadway Ownership

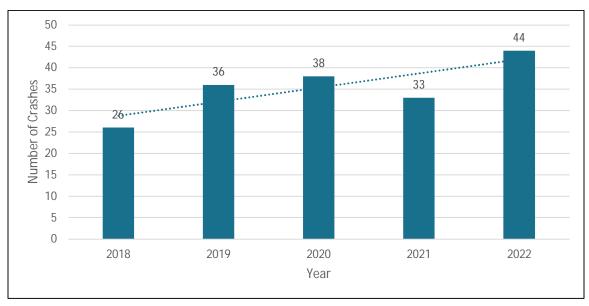


Figure 4.4 – Serious Injury Crashes by Year

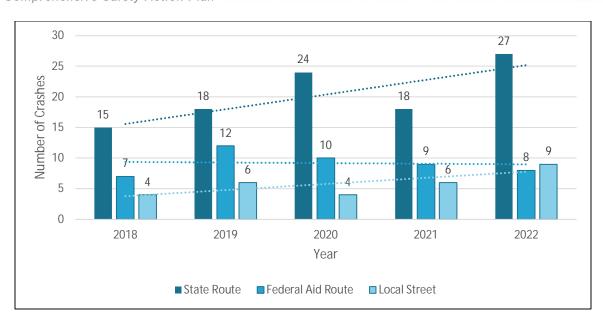


Figure 4.5 – Annual Serious Injury Crashes by Roadway Ownership



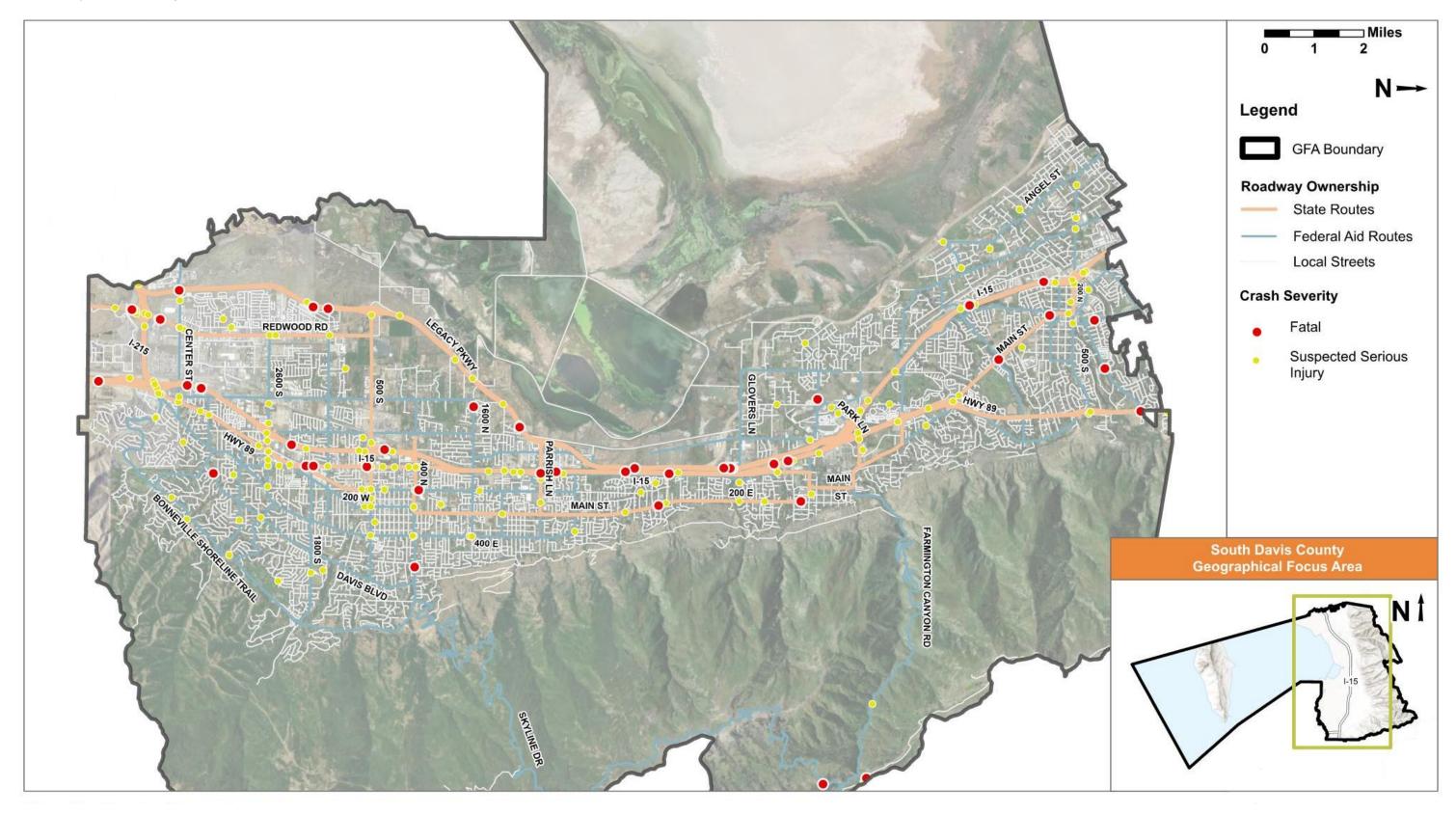


Figure 4.6 – Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes



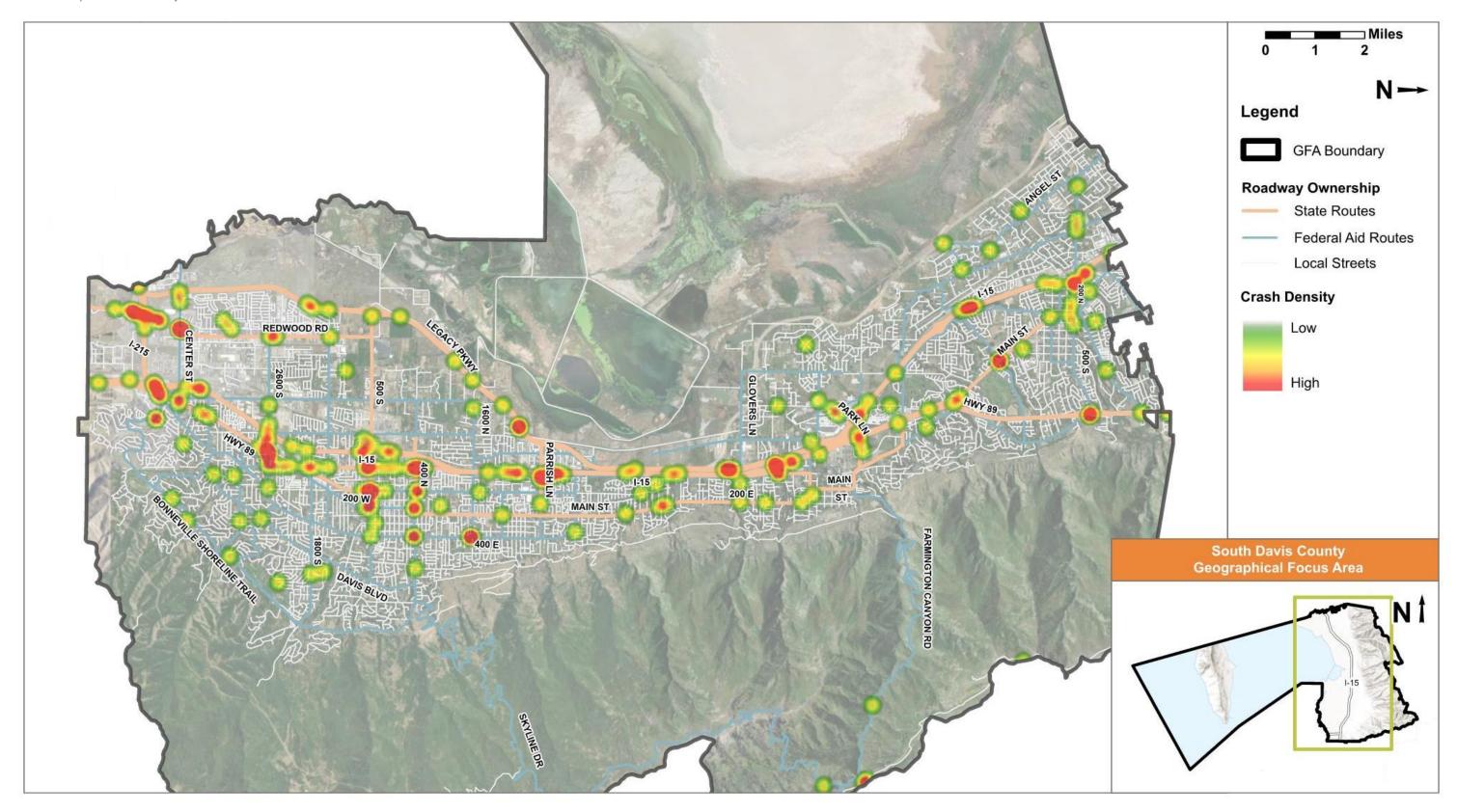


Figure 4.7 – Fatal and Serious Injury Crash Density

## 4.4. Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Crash Type

**Figure 4.8** through **Figure 4.10** provide an overview of fatal and serious injury crashes by crash type and roadway ownership for the South Davis County GFA. The data shows the following:

- Roadway Departure crash type has the highest number of total fatal and serious injuries with 62 crashes
- Left-Turn at Intersection represents the second highest serious injury crash type frequency
- Active Transportation fatal crashes had the second highest fatal crash type frequency

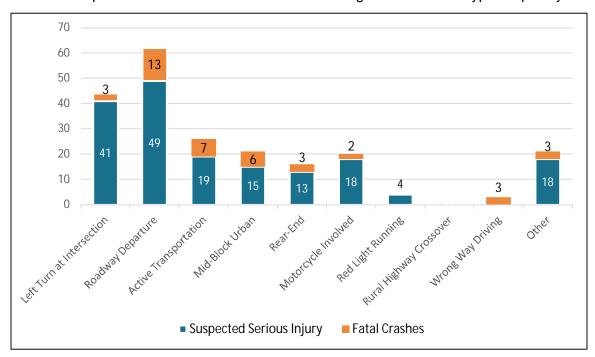


Figure 4.8 – Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Crash Type

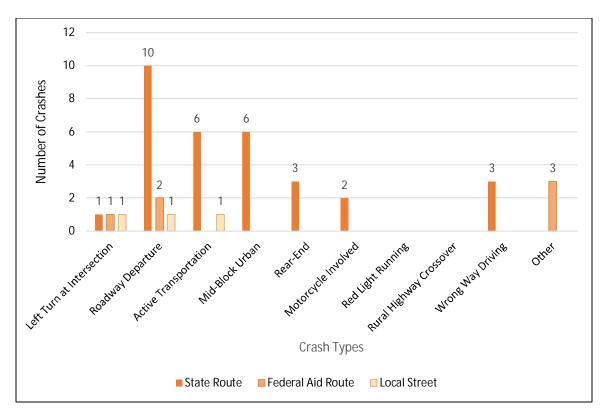


Figure 4.9 – Fatal Crashes by Crash Type and Roadway Ownership

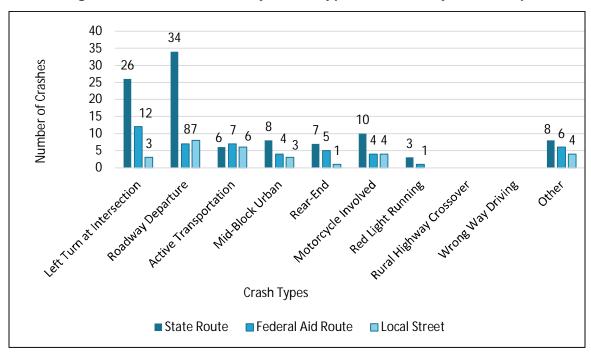


Figure 4.10 – Serious Injury Crashes by Crash Type and Roadway Ownership

### 4.5. Fatal and Serious Injury Vulnerable User Crashes

**Figure 4.11** through **Figure 4.13** provide an overview of fatal and serious injury crashes by vulnerable road user and roadway ownership for the South Davis County GFA. The data shows the following:

- There were 26 fatal and serious injury pedestrian crashes in this GFA
- All the pedestrian fatal crashes occurred on State Routes
- All the bicycle fatal crashes occurred on Federal Aid routes
- There were 35 fatal and serious injury motorcycle crashes in this GFA

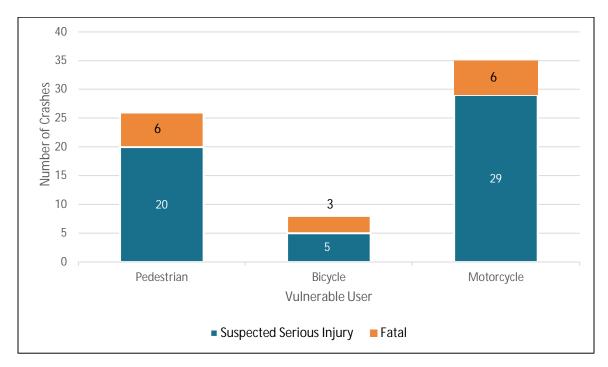


Figure 4.11 – Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Vulnerable User

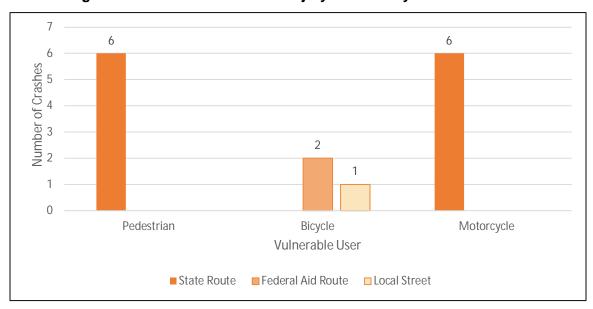


Figure 4.12 – Fatal Crashes by Vulnerable User and Roadway Ownership

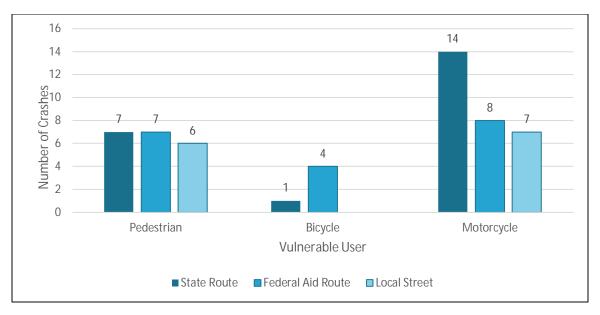


Figure 4.13 – Serious Injury Crashes by Vulnerable User and Roadway Ownership

### 4.6. Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Manner of Collision

**Figure 4.14** through **Figure 4.16** provide an overview of fatal and serious injury crashes by manner of collision and roadway ownership for the South Davis County GFA. The data shows the following:

- Single vehicle crashes have the highest number of total fatal and serious injuries with 108 crashes
- Angle crashes represents the second most frequent crash type (52 crashes) with most being serious injury crashes
- Front to Rear, Head-on, and Angle each had six fatal crashes

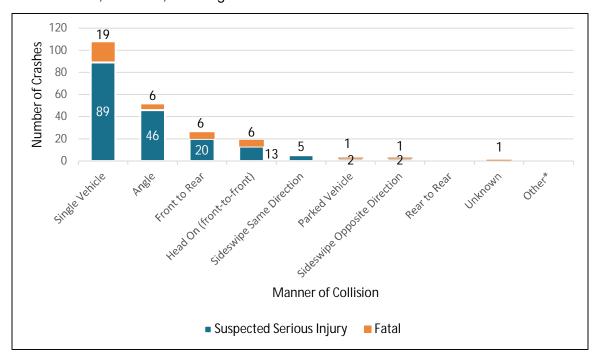


Figure 4.14 – Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Manner of Collision

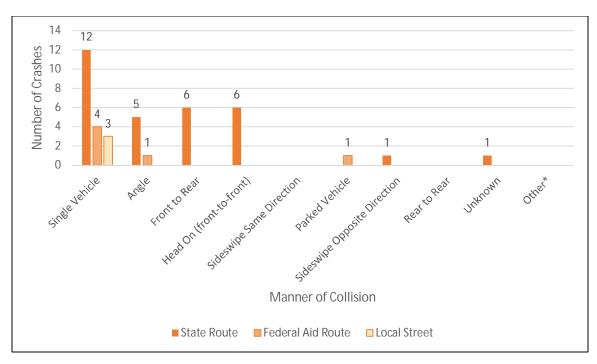


Figure 4.15 – Fatal Crashes by Manner of Collision and Roadway Ownership

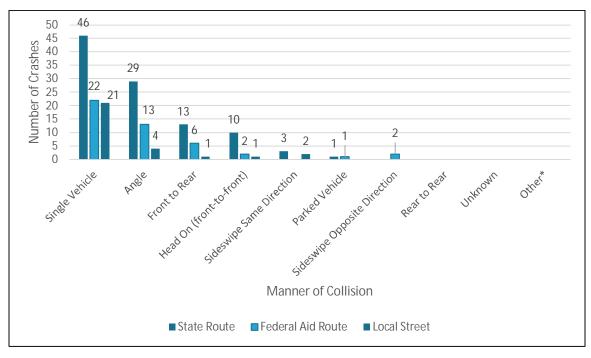


Figure 4.16 – Serious Injury Crashes by Manner of Collision and Roadway Ownership

## 4.7. Fatal and Serious Injury Intersection Crashes

**Figure 4.17** through **Figure 4.19** provide an overview of fatal and serious injury crashes by intersection and roadway ownership for the South Davis County GFA. The data shows the following:

- Not-Intersection-Involved crashes outnumbered Intersection-Involved crashes
- Of the 33 fatal crashes for Not-Intersection involved, 27 occurred on State Routes

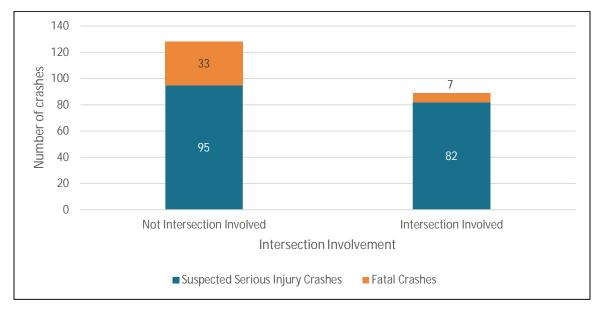


Figure 4.17 – Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Intersection

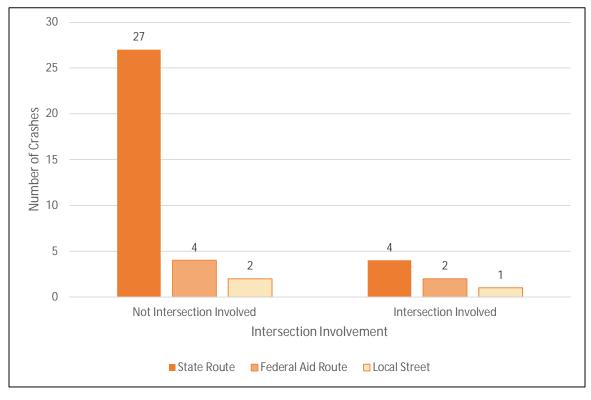


Figure 4.18 – Fatal Crashes by Intersection and Roadway Ownership

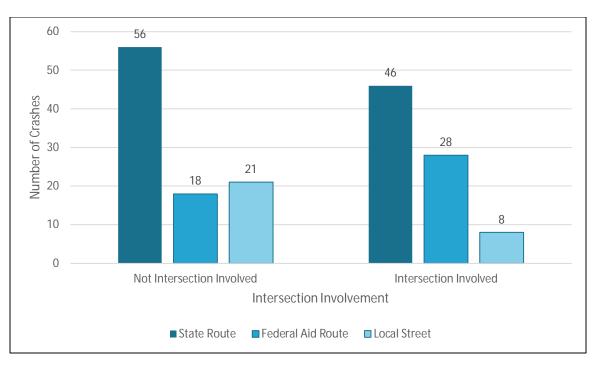


Figure 4.19 – Serious Injury Crashes by Intersection and Roadway Ownership

## 4.8. Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Functional Class

**Figure 4.20** through **Figure 4.22** provide an overview of fatal and serious injury crashes by functional class and roadway ownership for the South Davis County GFA. The data shows the following:

- Interstate had the highest number of fatal crashes (13), Principal Arterial had five fatal crashes, and Minor Arterial had four fatal crashes
- All of the fatal crashes on Principal Arterials were on State Routes
- Local Streets had 31 serious injury crashes and three fatal crashes

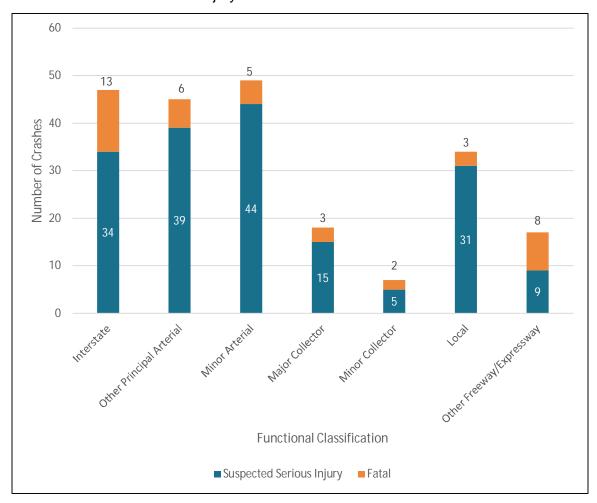


Figure 4.20 - Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes by Functional Class

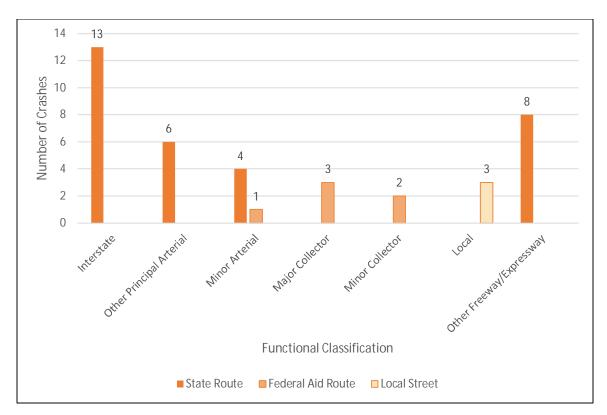


Figure 4.21 - Fatal Injury Crashes by Functional Class and Roadway Ownership

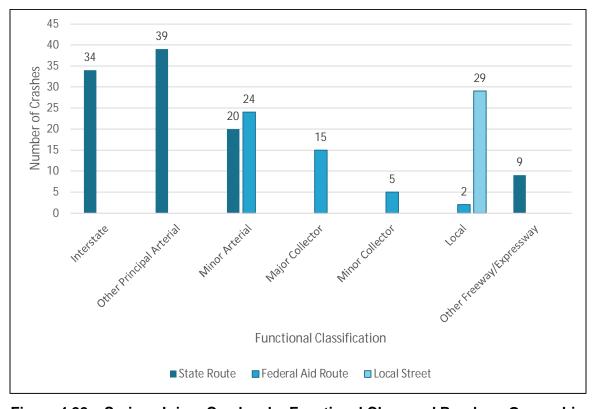


Figure 4.22 – Serious Injury Crashes by Functional Class and Roadway Ownership

## 4.9. Fatal and Serious Injury Crash Trees Diagrams

Fatal and serious injury crash tree diagrams were generated for the South Davis County GFA. These crash tree diagrams are presented in **Figure 4.25** through **Figure 4.24**.

The crash trees are limited to the top 3 categories for crash type and manner of collision. Each crash tree diagram displays the total fatal and serious injury crashes (T), fatal crashes (K), and serious injury crashes (A). The data shows the following:

- State Routes recorded the highest number of crashes (61%)
- Federal Aid routes had 24% of fatal and serious injury crashes
- Local Routes had 14% of fatal and serious injury crashes
- On Federal Aid Routes, for intersection-related crashes the most prevalent crash types are Left-Turn at Intersection and Active Transportation



#### **CRASH TYPE**

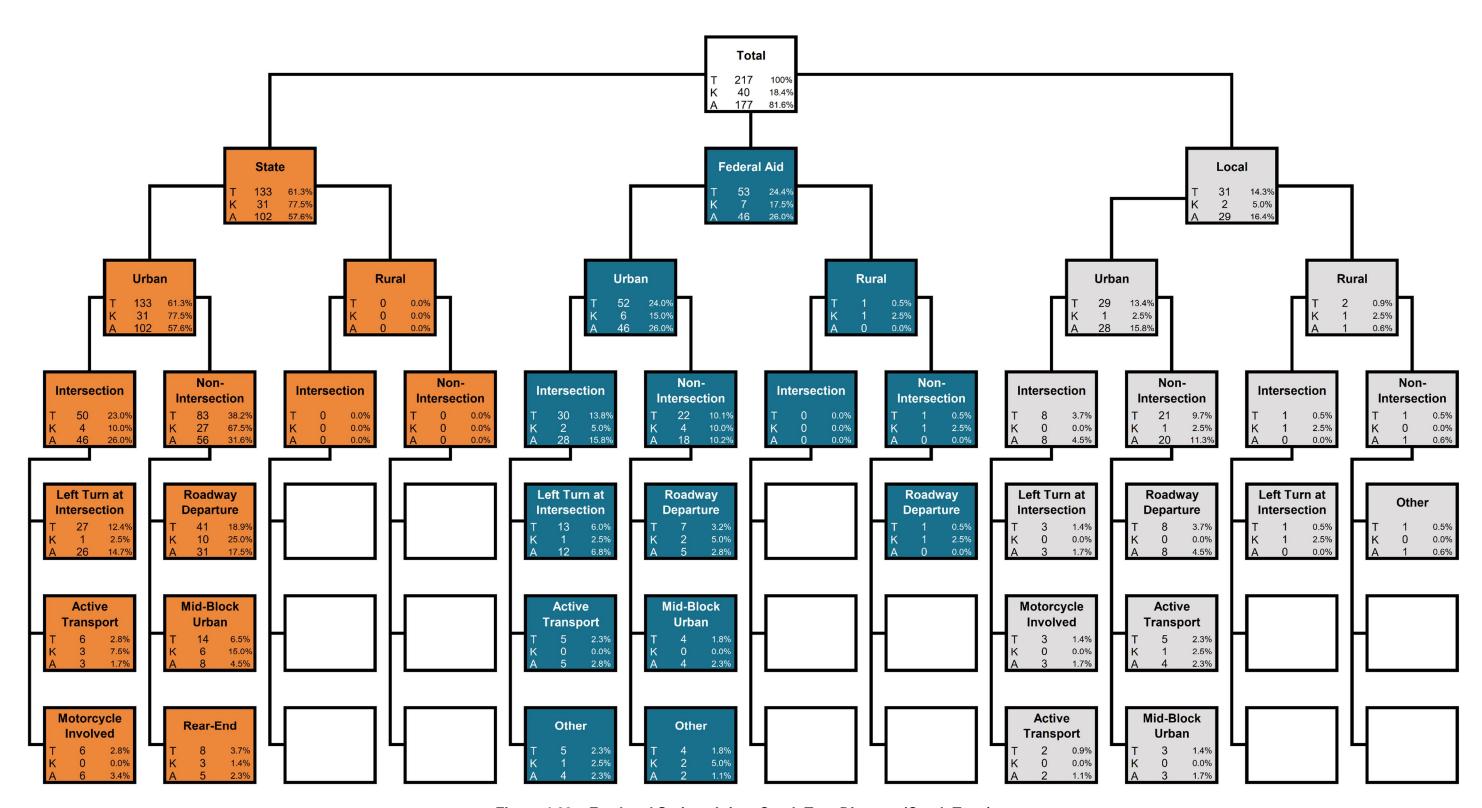


Figure 4.23 – Fatal and Serious Injury Crash Tree Diagram (Crash Type)



#### **MANNER OF COLLISION**

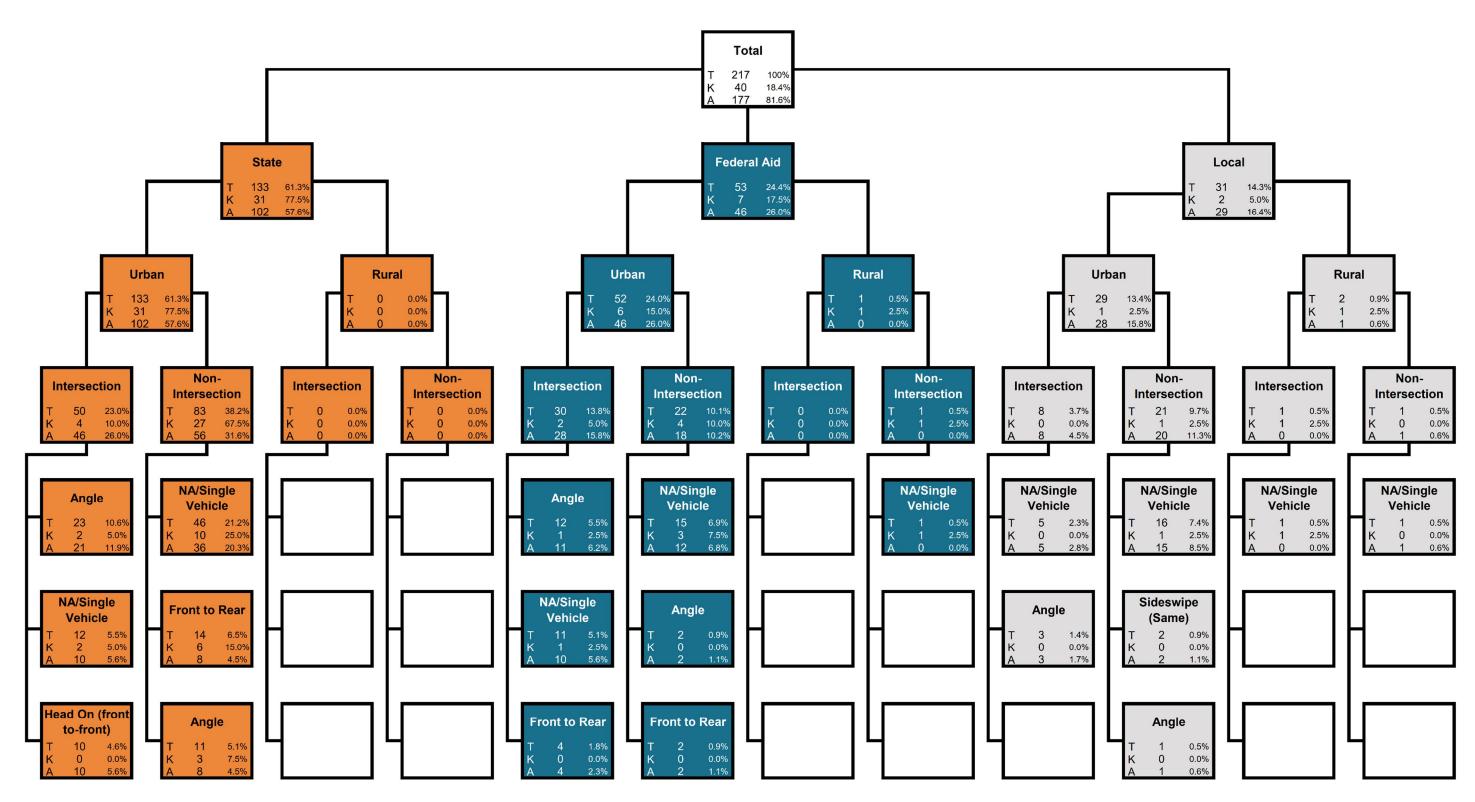


Figure 4.24 – Fatal and Serious Injury Crash Tree Diagram (Manner of Collision)

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#### **ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION**

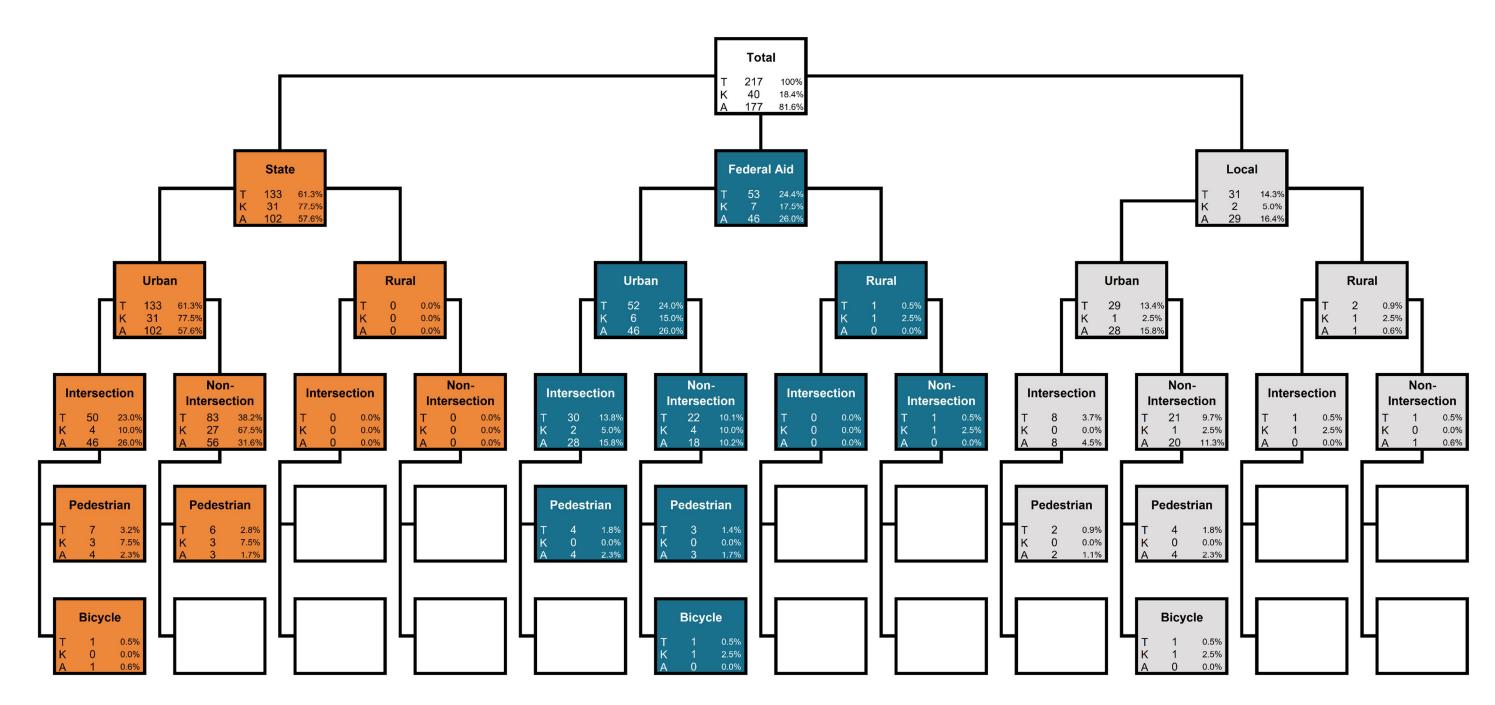


Figure 4.25 – Fatal and Serious Injury Crash Tree Diagram (Active Transportation)

# 5. Crash and Network Screening Analysis

A crash and network screening analysis was prepared for the South Davis County GFA informed by four sub-analyses:

- Number of Crashes
- Critical Crash Rate (CCR)
- Probability of a Specific Crash Type Exceeding Threshold Proportion
- Equivalent Property Damage Only (EPDO)

CCR Differential by roadway ownership are mapped in the following figures:

- Figure 5.1 CCR Differential Segments (State Routes)
- Figure 5.2 CCR Differential Segments (Federal Aid Routes)
- Figure 5.3 CCR Differential Segments (Local Routes)
- Figure 5.4 CCR Differential Intersections (Signalized)
- Figure 5.5 CCR Differential Intersections (Unsignalized)

A positive Local CCR Differential is an indication of a location with a potential for safety improvement (PSI).

A list of the top 10 CCR Differential segments and intersections for the South Davis County GFA are located in **Table 5.1** and **Table 5.2** along with their associated number of crashes, probability of a specific crash type exceeding threshold proportion, and EPDO analysis results.

These locations represent those with the highest potential for safety improvements and can be considered as project candidate locations.





Figure 5.1 – CCR Differential – Segments (State Routes)





Figure 5.2 – CCR Differential – Segments (Federal Aid Routes)





Figure 5.3 – CCR Differential – Segments (Local Routes)



Table 5.1 – Crash and Network Screening Analysis Results - Segments

Facility	Limits	Functional Classification	City	Crashes	Critical Crash Rate Differential	EPDO <sup>1</sup>	Fatal	Suspected Serious Injury	Suspected Minor Injury	Possible Injury	No Injury/PDO	Angle	Front to Rear	Head On	Single Vehicle	Parked Vehicle	Rear to Rear	Rear to Side	Sideswipe (Same Direction)	Sideswipe (opposite Direction)	Other/Unknown	Pedestrian	Bicycle	Motorcycle
State Routes	ND Dawn to Chan and La	Oth an Bringing I Antonial	En anni anni anni	-	20.0	45	_	0	0	1		0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0		
US 89	NB Ramp to Shepard Ln		Farmington	5	30.8	15	0	0	0	1	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
US-89	Park In to State St		Farmington	18	22.3	60	0	0	1	2	15	1	0	0	14	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
US-89	US 89 SB Ramp to Main St	·	Farmington	5	13.7	15	0	0	0	1	4	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Main St (SR-273)	US 89 NB Ramp to US 89 SB Ramp	Minor Arterial	Farmington	3	9.0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500 S (500 S)	500 W to I-15 Ramps	Other Principal Arterial	Bountiful	47	8.6	247	0	0	6	7	34	15	22	2	2	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0
US 89 Ramp	US 89 to Main St		Farmington	3	7.4	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Main St (SR-68)	Country Ln to Nicholls Rd	Minor Arterial	Kaysville	4	6.0	25	0	0	0	2	2	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
US-89	Shepard Church Dr to US 89 Ramps	·	Farmington	4	5.5	14	0	0	0	1	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
500 S (SR-68)	500 W to I-15 Ramps	Other Principal Arterial	West Bountiful	20	4.8	94	0	0	2	3	15	13	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500 W (US-89)	400 N to 550 N	Other Principal Arterial	Bountiful	24	4.8	201	0	1	2	4	17	13	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
Federal Aid Routes		1																						
400 W	Parish Ln to 550 N	Minor Collector	Centerville	11	209.3	11	0	0	0	0	11	4	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Pages Ln	550 W to Frontage Rd	Minor Collector	Bountiful	4	185.1	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Park Ln	Station Way to I-15	Minor Arterial	Farmington	14	76.0	14	0	0	0	0	14	2	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	0	0
400 W	Parrish Ln to Market Place Dr	Major Collector	Centerville	10	68.5	41	0	0	0	3	7	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
650 W	500 S to 550 S	Minor Collector	Farmington	4	62.3	25	0	0	1	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Glovers Ln	650 W to Doberman Ln	Minor Collector	Farmington	6	30.2	16	0	0	0	1	5	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Park Ln	Cabela's Dr to Station Pkwy	Minor Arterial	Farmington	5	29.7	140	0	1	2	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
650 W	925 S to Miller Way	Minor Collector	Farmington	8	25.6	82	0	0	2	3	3	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Market Place Dr	Parrish Ln to Centerville Market Place	Minor Collector	Centerville	11	20.5	21	0	0	0	1	10	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	6	0	0	0	0
Park Ln	1100 W to Belmont Dr	Minor Collector	Farmington	5	16.8	48	0	0	2	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0
Local Streets																								
2200 S	Orchard Pine Loop to 200 E	Local	Bountiful	3	855.7	24	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
400 W	200 N to Main St	Local	Kaysville	6	546.6	37	0	0	0	3	3	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
400 W	175 S to 100 S	Local	Kaysville	3	420.6	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
West Promontory	Richards St to Forbush PI	Local	Farmington	3	363.8	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Porters Ln	600 W to I-15	Local	Centerville	4	348.4	4	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Center St	200 W to Peregrine Ln	Local	Bountiful	4	228.6	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
200 W	Main St to 1050 S	Local	Bountiful	4	188.3	4	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
1600 S	160 E to 200 E	Local	Farmington	3	184.5	13	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
200 E	200 N to 300 N	Local	Farmington	3	176.1	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Legacy Crossing Blvd	Legacy Crossing to 1250 W	Local	Centerville	3	151.3	3	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1. Equivalent Property Dama	= Local CCR Differentia = Local CCR Differentia = Local CCR Differentia = Local CCR Differentia = Local CCR Differentia	1.0 - 3.0 1 0.66 - 1.0 1 0.33 - 0.66	= 90 - 100% probability that crash type is over-represented = 80 - 90% probability that crash type is over-represented = 70 - 80% probability that crash type is over-represented															_						





Figure 5.4 – CCR Differential – Intersections (Signalized)



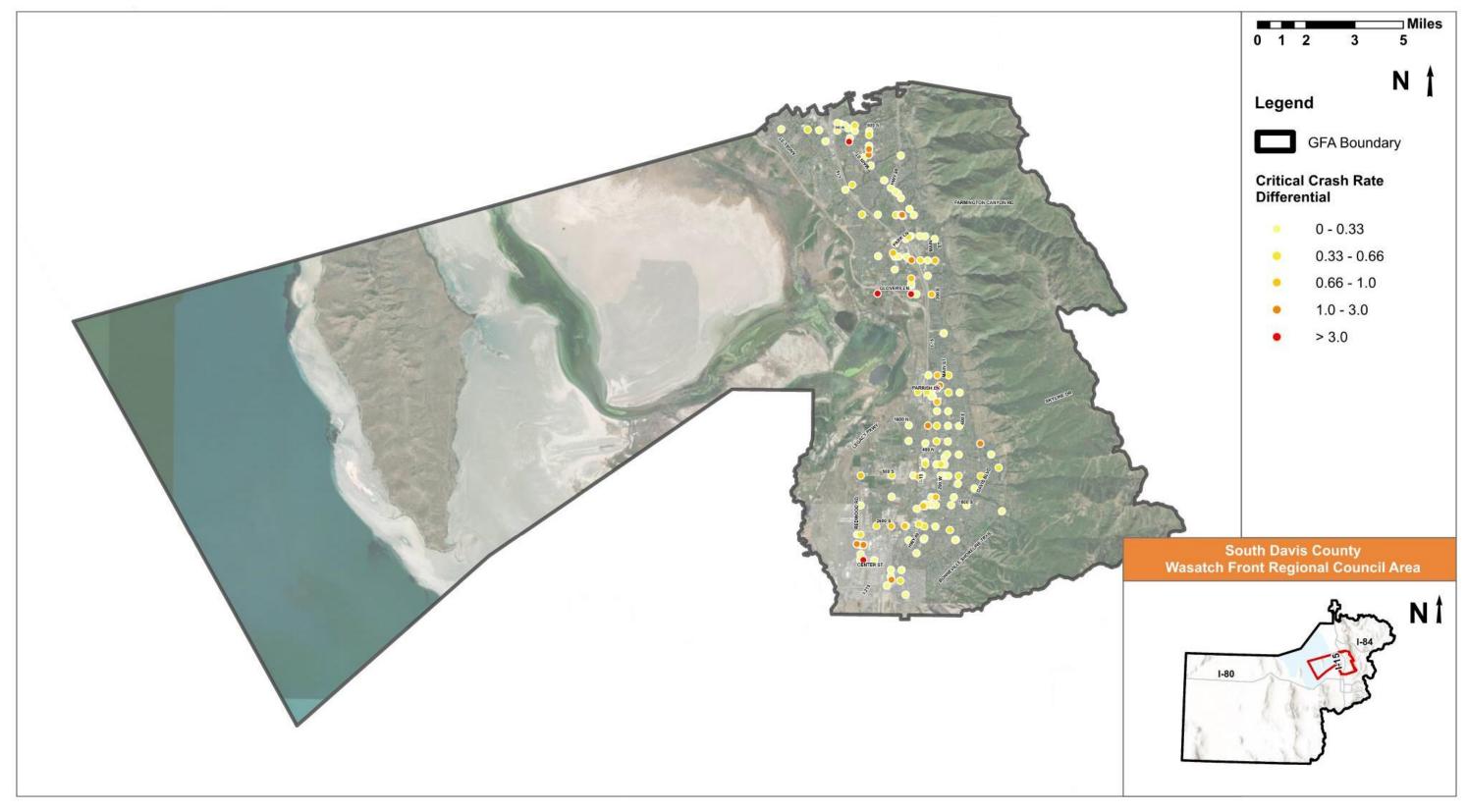


Figure 5.5 – CCR Differential – Intersections (Unsignalized)



Table 5.2 – Crash and Network Screening Analysis Results - Intersections

Intersection	City	Crashes	Local CCR Differential <sup>1</sup>	EPDO <sup>2</sup>	Fatal	Suspected Serious Injury	Suspected Minor Injury	Possible Injury	No Injury/PDO	Angle	Front to Rear	Head On	Parked Vehicle	Single Vehicle	Rear to Rear	Rear to Side	Sideswipe (Same Direction)	Sideswipe (opposite Direction)	Other/Unknown	Pedestrian	Bicycle	Motorcycle
Signalized Intersections																						
Park Ln & Station Pkwy	Farmington	82	25.4	438	0	1	8	9	64	13	56	0	1	1	0	0	0	11	0	1	0	2
Mountain Rd & 400 N	Fruit Heights	45	2.5	441	0	2	6	8	29	9	30	3	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
400 W & Parrish Ln	Centerville	90	1.4	248	0	0	4	7	79	38	41	1	3	0	0	0	1	6	0	3	1	0
Market Place Dr & Parrish Ln	Centerville	94	1.3	462	0	0	9	17	68	44	35	6	4	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	1	1
Redwood Rd & Center St	North Salt La	66	0.4	689	0	4	6	12	44	24	30	3	4	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	1	2
500 W & 500 S	Bountiful	110	0.3	622	0	1	9	22	78	46	41	8	1	0	0	0	0	13	1	2	0	0
Redwood Rd & 2600 S	North Salt La	39	0.0	289	0	1	3	9	26	14	15	5	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0
500 E & 1100 N	North Salt La	68	0.0	435	0	1	8	10	49	38	22	1	1	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	2
500 W & 400 N	Bountiful	67	-0.1	359	0	1	5	9	52	32	24	2	3	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	1
Hwy 89 & 2600 S	Bountiful	80	-0.2	787	0	4	9	14	53	28	36	4	4	1	0	0	1	6	0	3	0	2
Unsignalized Intersections																						
Corral Dr & Orchard Ridge Ln	Kaysville	6	55.9	141	0	1	2	0	3	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
400 W & 500 N	North Salt La	6	20.3	16	0	0	0	1	5	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crescent Way & West Promontory	Farmington	32	17.9	73	0	0	0	4	28	15	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0
Cabelas Dr & Park Ln	Farmington	17	14.8	90	0	0	1	5	11	11	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
50 W & 100 S	Kaysville	13	12.6	55	0	0	1	2	10	4	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
400 W & 550 N	Centerville	3	7.8	13	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
700 W & 200 N	North Salt La	18	6.3	81	0	0	2	2	14	15	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
& Glovers Ln	Farmington	11	5.1	43	0	0	1	1	9	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
1525 W & Glovers Ln		7	4.7	28	0	0	1	0	6	3	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500 E & 550 S	Kaysville	3	2.7	3	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
2. Equivalent Property Damage Only Crashes	= Local CCR Differential > 3.0 = Local CCR Differential 1.0 - 3.0 = Local CCR Differential 0.66 - 1.0 = Local CCR Differential 0.33 - 0.66 = Local CCR Differential 0.0 - 0.33								ed							in.						

## 6. Roadway Characteristic Risk Analysis

A roadway characteristic risk analysis was performed using the following three sub-analysis:

- Crash Profile Risk Assessment
- usRAP Risk Assessment
- Local Street Risk Assessment

#### 6.1. Crash Profile Risk Assessment

This risk assessment sub-analysis identifies common roadway characteristics for fatal and serious injury crashes that occurred within the WFRC study area. Based on the scoring of the various roadway characteristic risks identified from analysis of crash reports, a risk score was assigned to all state and federal aid routes within the South Davis County GFA consistent with the methodology described in Tech Memo #1 Section 3.4. The results of the Crash Profile Risk Assessment are mapped in the following figures:

- Figure 6.1 Crash Profile Risk Assessment Results (State Routes)
- Figure 6.2 Crash Profile Risk Assessment Results (Federal Aid Routes)

**Table 6.1** provides an overview of urban and rural segments with the highest risk scoring. Up to ten urban and rural segments are listed if the segment received at least 67% of the overall total risk score.

Table 6.1 – Crash Profile Risk Segments (Federal Aid Routes)

Area Type	Road Segment	Extents	Risk Score
Urban	Howard Street	I-15 to Pages Lane	22.6 to 26
Urban	Angel Street	Smith Lane to Peach Blossom Drive	20.6 to 23
Urban	500 South	200 West to 1000 East	22.3
Urban	Flint Street	Old Mill Lane to 200 North	21 to 21.5
Urban	1100 North / 2600 South	Redwood Road to Orchard Drive	20.7 to 21.1
Urban	Crestwood Road	500 East to US-89	20.8
Urban	Orchard Drive	Eagle Ridge Road to 3800 South	20.8
Urban	Center Street	Legacy Parkway to Orchard Drive	20.7
Urban	200 North	Angel Street to I-15	20.7
Urban	400 East	500 South to 300 South	20.5
Rural	Orchard Drive	200 South to Center Street	22.5
Rural	Skyline Drive*	400 North to Buckland Flats Campground	20.4 to 21.9



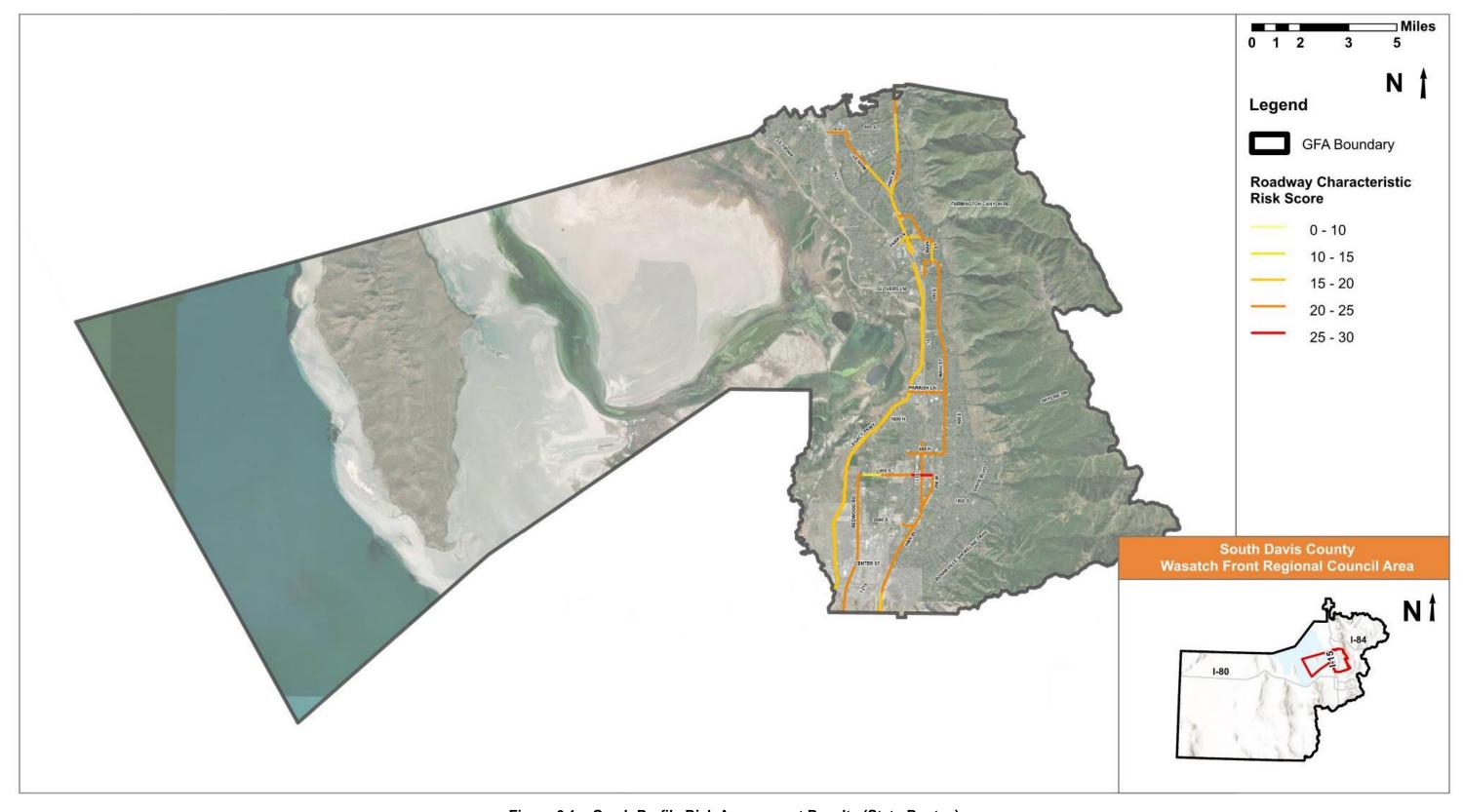


Figure 6.1 – Crash Profile Risk Assessment Results (State Routes)



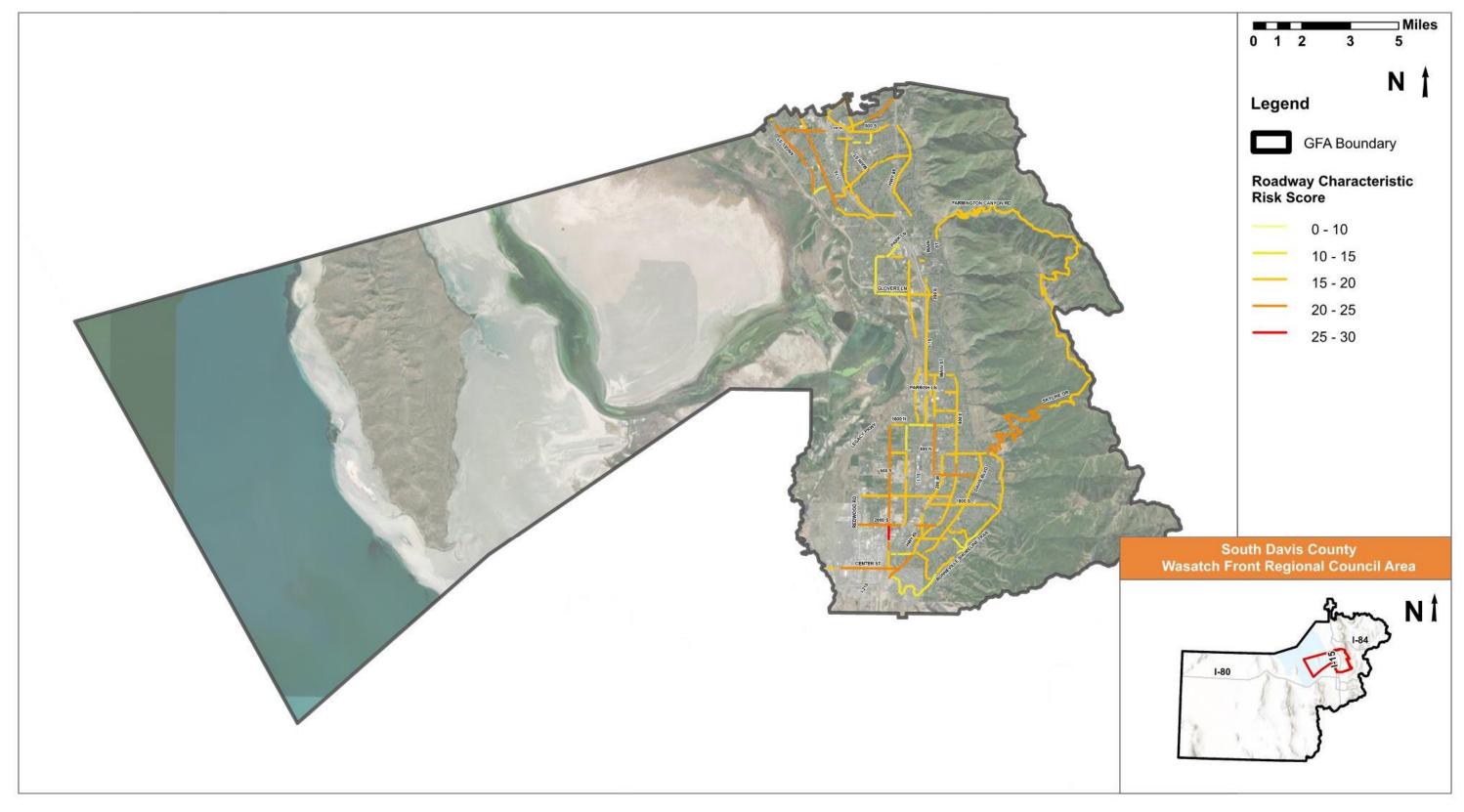


Figure 6.2 – Crash Profile Risk Assessment Results (Federal Aid Routes)

#### 6.2. usRAP Risk Assessment

A roadway characteristic risk assessment was performed using roadway feature data collected for Utah state and federal aid routes. The risk assessment was performed using the usRAP tool. The output of the usRAP tool is a star rating or risk rating for vehicle, pedestrian, and bicyclist features. The results of the usRAP risk assessment by star rating are mapped in the following figures:

- Figure 6.3 Vehicle Star Rating (State Routes)
- Figure 6.4 Vehicle Star Rating (Federal Aid Routes)
- Figure 6.5 Pedestrian Star Rating (State Routes)
- Figure 6.6 Pedestrian Star Rating (Federal Aid Routes)
- Figure 6.7 Bicycle Star Rating (State Routes)
- Figure 6.8 Bicycle Star Rating (Federal Aid Routes)

A summary of the highest risk segments (1-2 Stars) for federal aid routes in the South Davis County GFA are located in **Table 6.2**.

Table 6.2 – usRAP Risk Segments (Federal Aid Route)

Road Segment	Extents	Vehicle Risk	Pedestrian Risk	Bicycle Risk
Skyline Drive	400 North to 600 North	Х	х	х
Angel Street	Smith Lane to North GFA Extents	Х	Х	х
Angel Street	Western Drive to Smith Lane		х	х
200 North	Angel Street to 600 West		х	х
Flint Street	Old Mill Lane to North GFA Extents	Х	х	х
Western Drive	Angel Street to Santa Anita Drive	Х		
Sunset Drive	Shepard Lane to Old Mill Lane	Х	х	х
Shepard Lane	Sunset Drive to US-89		х	
Burton lane	Sunset Drive to Main Street	Х	х	х
Main Street	Crestwood Road to North GFA Extents	Х	х	х
Mutton Hollow Road	Main Street to Stone Lane	Х		Х
Mutton Hollow Road	Clover Meadow Road to East GFA Extents	Х	х	Х
Crestwood Road	Main Street to US-89	Х	Х	х
Fairfield Road	200 North to North GFA Extents	Х	х	х
200 North	Main Street to Country Lane	Х	х	х
Center Street	300 West to 100 East	Х		
100 South	100 East to 600 East	Х		
600 East	100 South to 200 North	X		
50 West	Fox Pointe Drive to 100 South	Х	Х	
Frontage Road	Shepherd Lane to Fox Pointe Drive	Х	Х	х
Nicholls Road	Hollyhock Circle to Mountain Road	Х	Х	

Road Segment	Extents	Vehicle Risk	Pedestrian Risk	Bicycle Risk
Main Street	Shepard Lane to US-89	Х	Х	х
Clark Lane	1100 West to Central Avenue	Х	х	X
Clark Lane	US-89 to 200 West	Х	х	X
650 West	Farmington Bay Storage to Clark Lane	Х	х	X
650 West	South Roadway Extents to Farmington Bay Storage		X	
Glovers Lane	Westwood Place to 200 East	X		
Frontage Road	620 South to Brookside Drive	X	Х	
Frontage Road	Jim Bridger Drive to 620 South	Х	х	
Frontage Road	Creek View Road to Jim Bridger Drive		х	
800 West	700 West to Creek View Road	Х		
Market Place Drive	Frontage Road to 700 West	Х	х	х
Frontage Road	1600 North to Market Place Drive	Х	Х	
Chase Lane	670 West to 400 East	Х		
Porters Lane	400 West to Main Street		х	
Porters Lane	Main Street to 400 East	Х		Х
400 West	Jeffery Drive to 950 North	Х	х	
200 West	400 South to Country Spring Drive		х	
400 East	1400 North to Chase Lane	Х		х
Pages Lane	150 West to 350 East	Х		
Pages Lane	1100 West to 400 West	Х	х	Х
1250 West	Porters Lane to 1275 North	Х	х	х
600 West	Pages Lane to 2125 North	X		х
400 North	100 East to Bountiful Blvd	Х	х	х
Bountiful Blvd	700 South to Skyline Drive	X	х	
Bountiful Blvd	Skyline Drive to 700 South	Х		
North Canyon Road	Davis Blvd to 400 East	Х	Х	х
Davis Blvd	South Roadway Extents to 400 North	Х		
500 South	200 West to 1000 East	Х	Х	Х
400 East/Orchard Drive	200 West to 1400 North	Х	Х	Х
2600 South	Main Street to Orchard Drive		Х	Х
1500 South	1500 South Howard Street to Orchard Drive		Х	Х
200 West	400 South to Aliwood Way		Х	
500 West	450 West to Main Street	Х	Х	Х
Main Street	500 West to 1800 South	Х	Х	Х



Road Segment	Extents	Vehicle Risk	Pedestrian Risk	Bicycle Risk
Main Street	1800 South to 400 North		X	
Howard Street	1100 North to Pages Lane	Х	X	X
Main Street	Pacific Avenue to 1100 North		Х	X
1100 North	Redwood Road to 260 East		X	X
800 West	1100 North to 700 South	Х	X	X
Onion Stret	500 South to 400 North		X	
Center Street	Jordan River Drive to Orchard Drive		x	



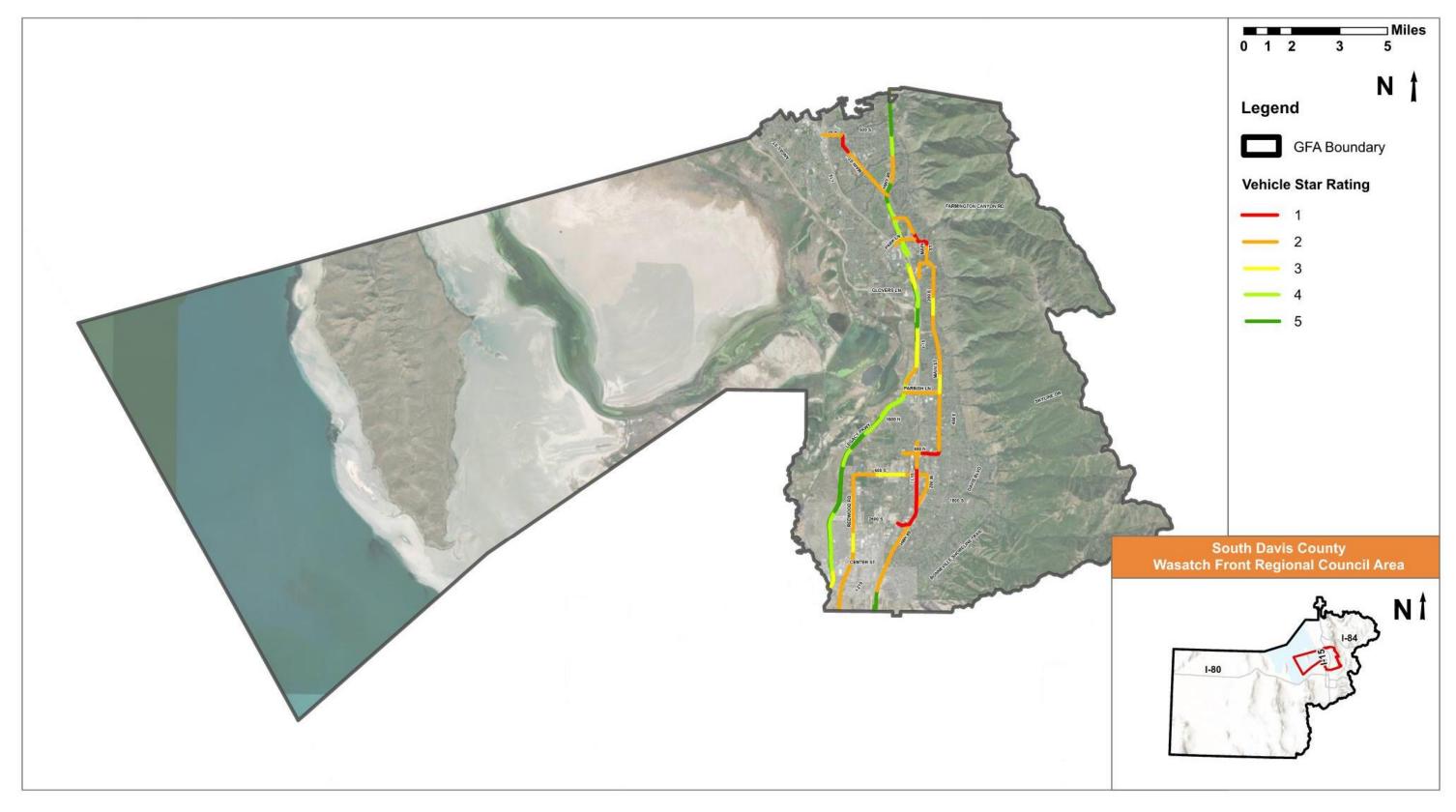


Figure 6.3 – Vehicle Star Rating (State Routes)



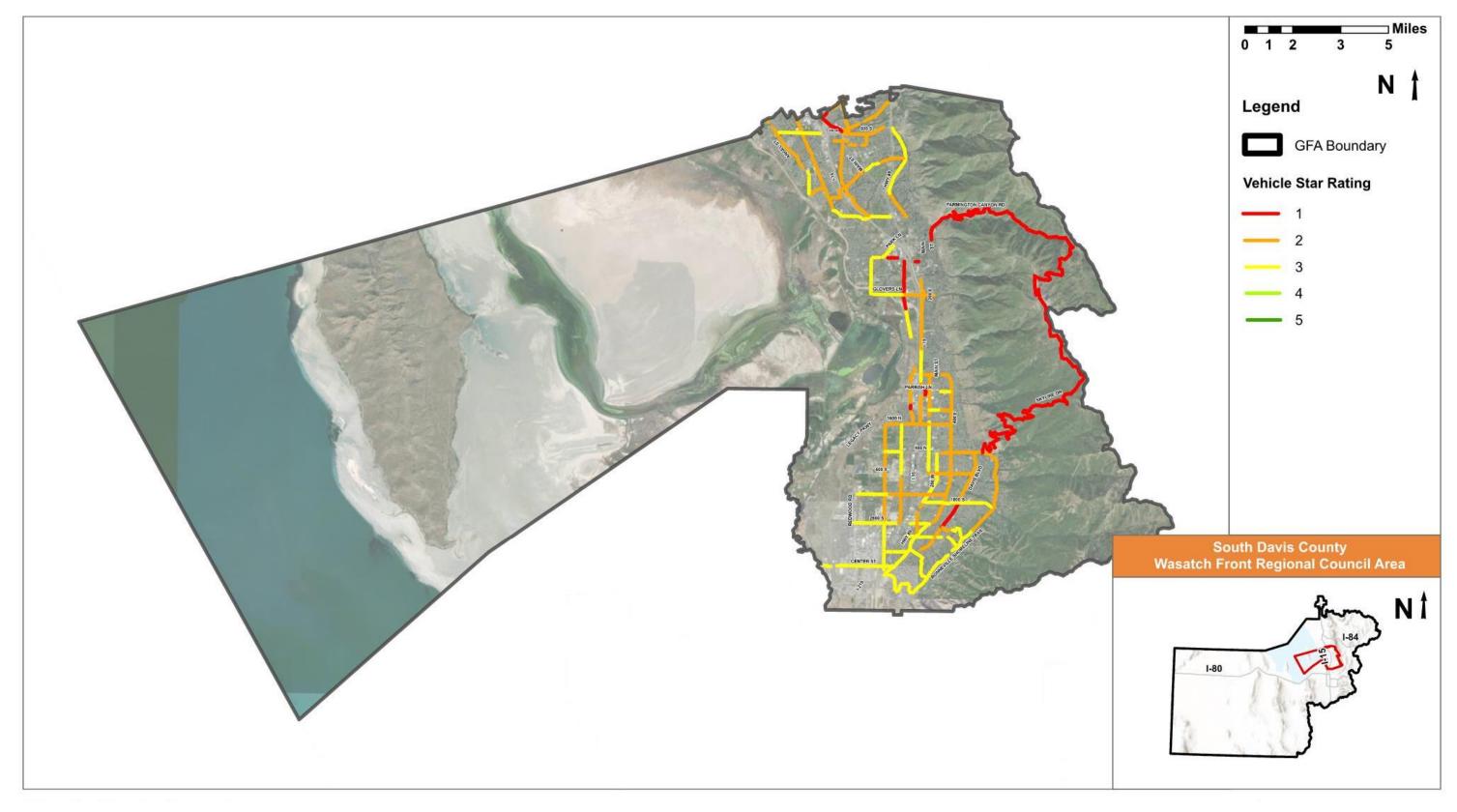


Figure 6.4 – Vehicle Star Rating (Federal Aid Routes)



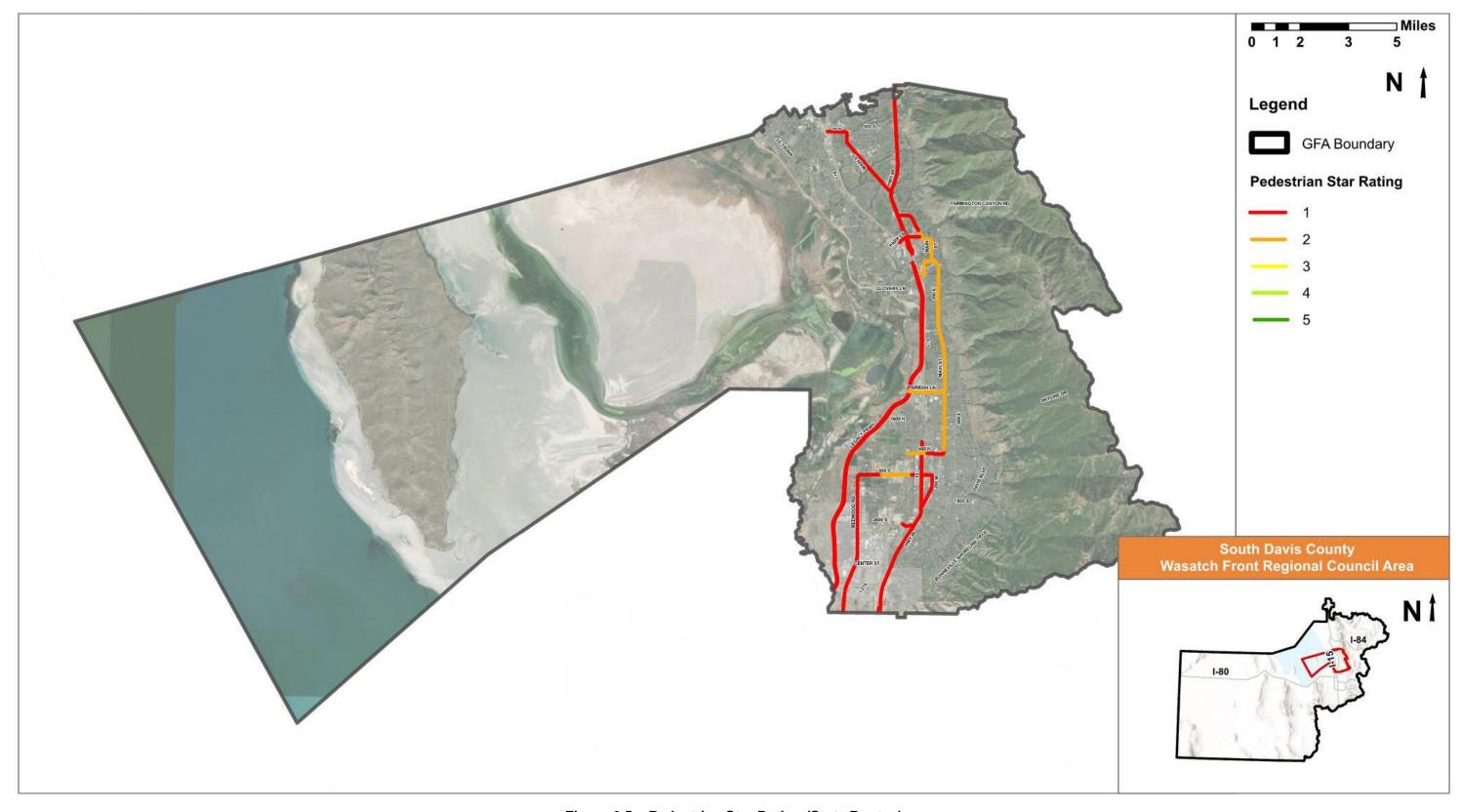


Figure 6.5 – Pedestrian Star Rating (State Routes)



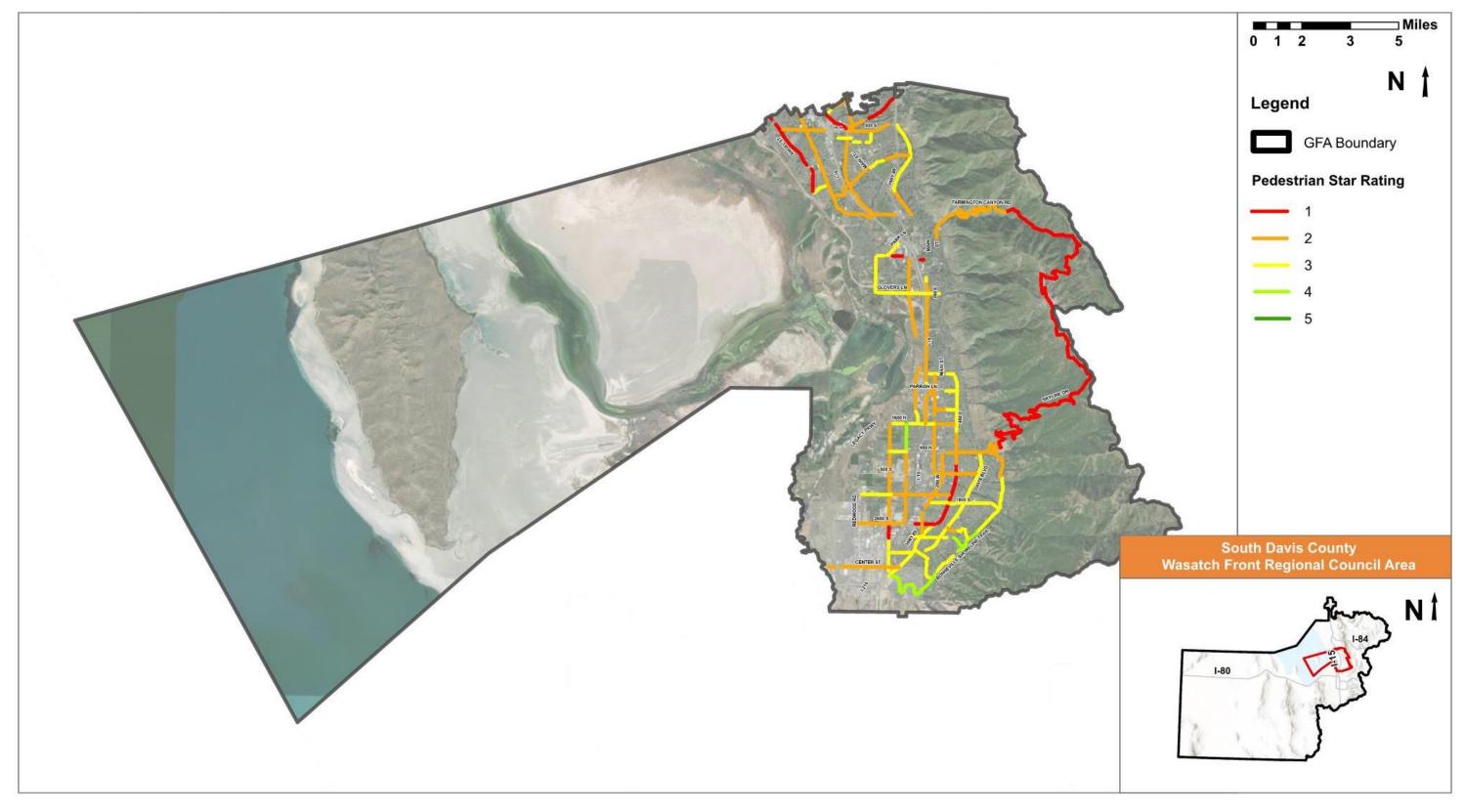


Figure 6.6 – Pedestrian Star Rating (Federal Aid Routes)



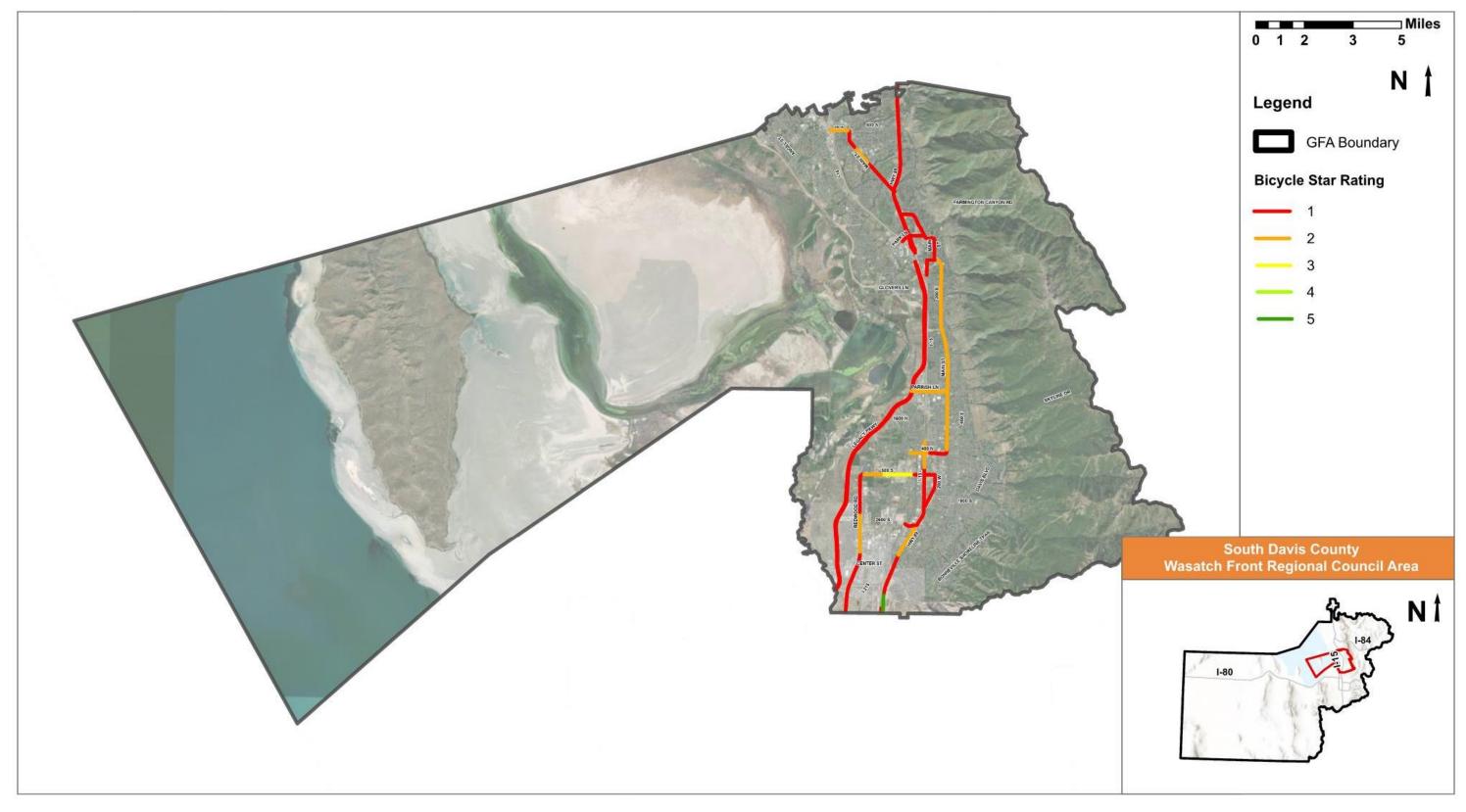


Figure 6.7 – Bicycle Star Rating (State Routes)



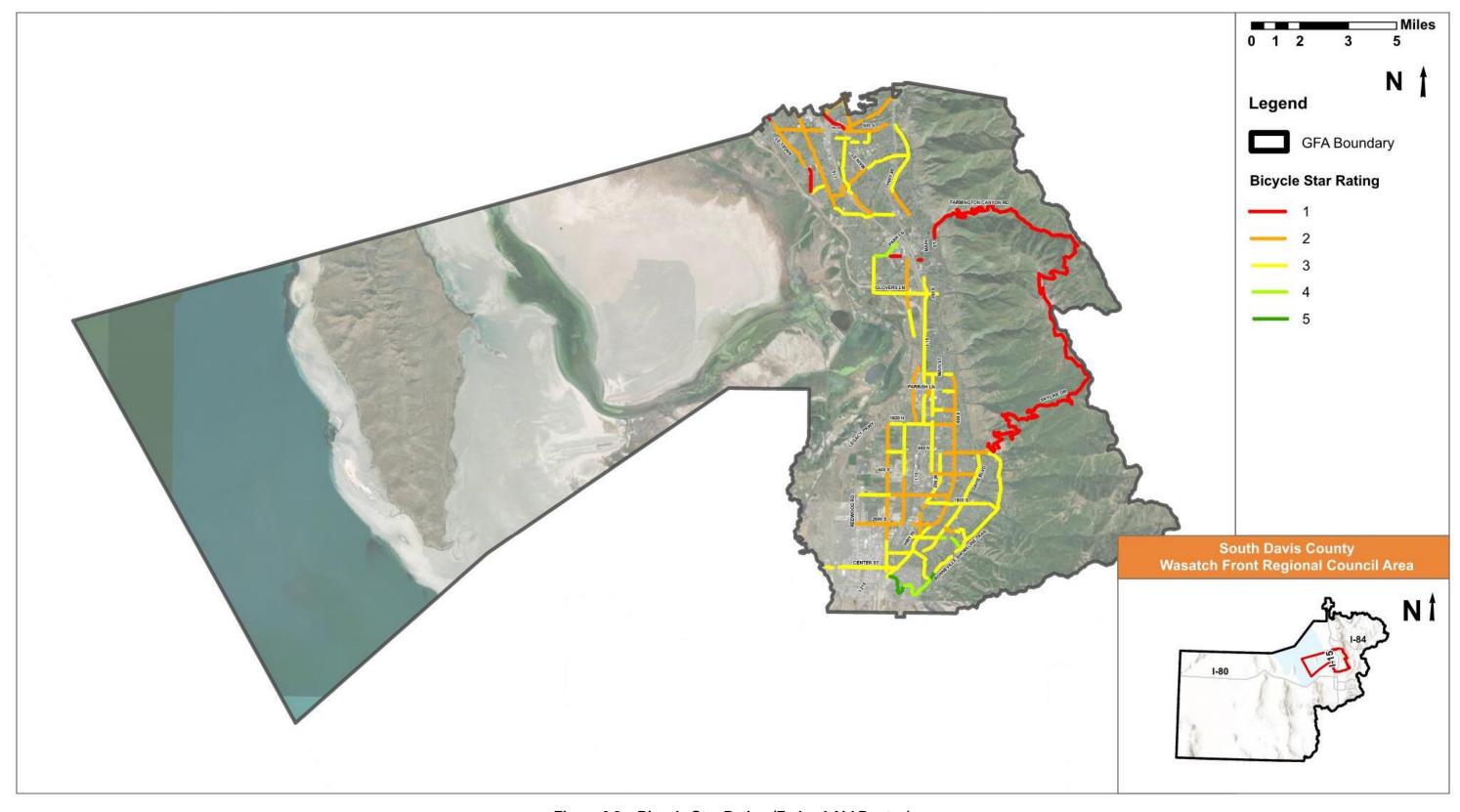


Figure 6.8 – Bicycle Star Rating (Federal Aid Routes)

## 6.3. Local Street Risk Assessment

A local street risk assessment was performed for all local roads within WFRC that are not included in the usRAP network. The results of the local street risk assessment are summarized in **Table 6.3** and **Figure 6.9**. Mapped segments include the top 5% risk segments within the WFRC study area and the top 10 segments or high priority segments within the South Davis County GFA.

Table 6.3 - Local Street High Priority Segments

Road Segment	Extents						
200 West:	SR-105 – SR-106						
500 West:	2200 South - 2600 South						
Bountiful Main:	400 North - 1000 South						
1500 South:	I-15 – Main Street						
800 West/Market:	700 North – Chase Lane						
1000 North:	SR-106 – 400 West						
Station Parkway/Park Lane:	Intersection of the two						
550 South:	200 East - 500 East						
Foxboro Drive:	Center Street – 800 West						
100 West:	200 South - 500 South						





Figure 6.9 – Local Street Risk Assessment Results

# 7. Safety Analysis Summary

This section summarizes the safety analysis performed for the South Davis County GFA by identifying common risk characteristics and a composite high-risk roadway network.

#### 7.1. Common Risk Characteristics

Based on the SHSP Emphasis Area Analysis and the Historical Crash Analysis summarized above, the following are common risk characteristics that should be considered when developing safety improvement projects specific to the South Davis County GFA.

- Intersections
  - 37.7% of all fatal and serious injuries
- Roadway Departure
  - 31.1% of all fatal and serious injuries
  - 28.6% of all fatal and serious injury crashes
- Speed-Related
  - 24.9% of all fatal and serious injuries
- Teen Driver
  - 19.1% of all fatal and serious injuries
- Impaired Driving
  - 17.9% of all fatal and serious injuries
- Active Transportation
  - 12.0% of all fatal and serious injury crashes
- Left Turn at Intersection
  - 20.3% of all fatal and serious injury crashes

# 7.2. Composite High-Risk Roadway Network

Each of the safety analysis methodologies completed identified segments that can be improved to reduce fatalities and serious injuries.

To identify an overall high-risk roadway network and provide focused information for jurisdictional decisions regarding prioritization of safety improvements, an analysis was performed to identify overlapping segments from each of the analysis methodologies. A composite score, from zero to five, was determined using the approach in **Table 7.1.** The high-risk roadway network is a composite of the various risks as presented in **Section 4** through **Section 6** of Tech Memo #1. The top 10% of roadway segments for the entire WFRC area are included in the Composite High-Risk Network. These segments have a composite risk value of four or higher.

The South Davis County GFA Composite High-Risk Network for Federal Aid routes is summarized in **Table 7.2**.

The results are also mapped in Figure 7.1 (State Routes) and Figure 7.2 (Federal Aid Routes).

Table 7.1 – Composite High-Risk Roadway

Analysis	Risk Type	Approach	Value
Historical Crash Analysis	Historical Crash Risk	5-Year Crash Totals ≥ 3 Crashes	1
Crash and Network Screening Analysis	Systemic Crash Risk	Positive Local CCR Differential	1
WFRC Risk Assessment	Roadway Risk	Risk Score ≥ 20	1
usRAP Risk Assessment	Vehicle Risk	Vehicle Star Rating = 1-2 Stars	1
usRAP Risk Assessment	Pedestrian Risk	Pedestrian Star Rating = 1-2 Stars	0.5
usRAP Risk Assessment	Bicycle Risk	Risk Bicycle Star Rating = 1-2 Stars	
	Tot	al Possible Composite Risk Score	5

Table 7.2 – South Davis County High-Risk Roadway Network (Federal Aid Routes)

Facility	Limits	Functional Classification	City	Composite Risk Score	Length (miles)	usRAP- Pedestrian Star Rating	usRAP - Bicycle Star Rating	usRAP- Vehicle Star Rating	Crash Profile Risk Score	CCR Differential Analysis	Significant Crashes
			1			1					
Main St	400 W to Crestwood Rd	Minor Arterial	Kaysville	4	0.5	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Crestwood Rd	500 E to Brookshire Dr	Minor Collector	Kaysville	4	0.5	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
200 N	Mountain Vista Rd to Flint St	Minor Arterial	Kaysville	4	0.2	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х
Sunset Dr	Smith Ln to Cottonwood Dr	Major Collector	Kaysville	4	0.5	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Main St	US-89 to Foxglove Rd	Minor Arterial	Farmington	4	0.5	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
Farmington Canyon Rd	100 E to Francis Peak Rd	Local	Farmington	4	7.7	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
200 N	US-89 to Mountain Rd	Minor Arterial	Fruit Heights	4	0.1	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х
650 W	State St to Glovers Ln	Minor Collector	Farmington	4	1.1	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
Market Place Dr	Parrish Ln to Centerville Market Place	Minor Collector	Centerville	4	0.1	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
Skyline Dr	Gun Range Rd to Access Road	Local	Bountiful	4	7.0	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
500 S	Main St to 750 E	Minor Arterial	Bountiful	4	0.8	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Orchard Dr	550 S to Orchard PI	Minor Arterial	Bountiful	4	2.5	Х	Х	Χ		Х	Х
1100 W	1500 S to 1100 N	Minor Collector	Woods Cross	4	1.0	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
2600 S	1250 W to 500 W	Minor Arterial	Bountiful, North Salt Lake	4	1.5	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х
500 W	Main St to 2700 S	Minor Arterial	Bountiful	5	0.5	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х





Figure 7.1 – South Davis County High-Risk Roadway Network (State Routes)



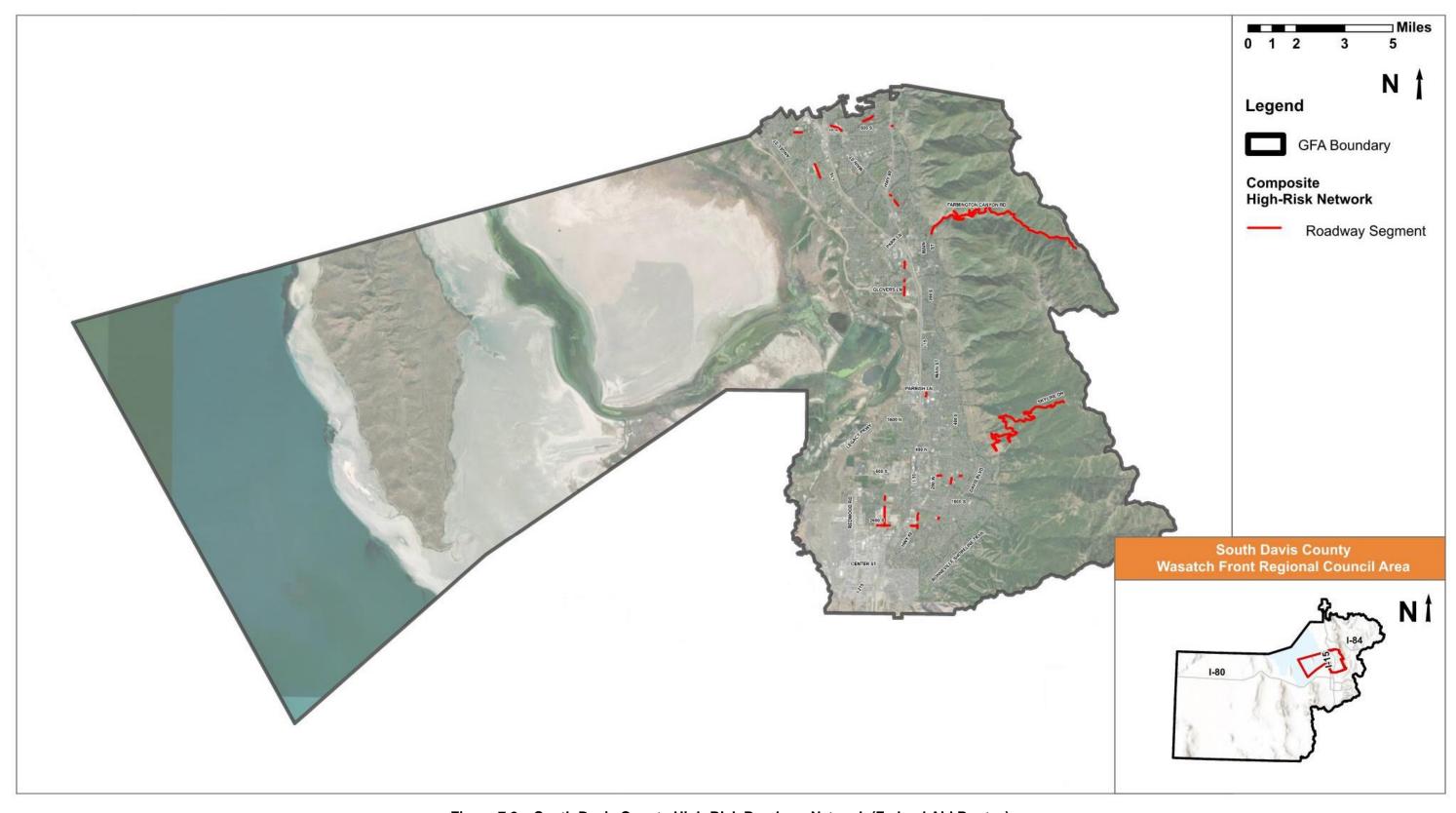


Figure 7.2 – South Davis County High-Risk Roadway Network (Federal Aid Routes)



# SOUTH DAVIS COUNTY CASE STUDY PROJECT INFORMATION SHEETS

		South Davis County
Project ID	Jurisdictions	Project Name
7.28.1	Bountiful	200 West from 2600 South to Lyman Lane
7.28.2	Bountiful	Main Street/400 North from Pages Lane/1600 North to 500 Wesy
7.28.3	Bountiful	500 South (SR 68) from 500 West to Orchard Drive
7.29.1	Centerville	Main Street (SR 106) from 1700 South to Pages Lane
7.30.1	Farmington	650 West from State Street to Glovers Lane
7.30.2	Farmington	Main Street (SR 106) from US 89 to 1700 South
7.30.3	Farmington	200 West/Frontage Road from State Street to Glovers Lane
7.31.1	Fruit Heights	Eastoaks Drive from Mountain Road to 1800 East
7.32.1	Kaysville	200 North from Angel Street to 600 West
7.32.2	Kaysville	Main Street (SR 273)/200 North from Burton Lane to 600 West
7.32.3	Kaysville	Main Street from 200 North to 400 West
7.33.1	North Salt Lake	US 89 from 1100 North/2600 South to Frontage Road
7.33.2	North Salt Lake	1100 North/2600 South from Redwood Road to 800 West
7.33.3	North Salt Lake	Redwood Road (SR 68) from 1100 North to I-215
7.34.1	West Bountiful	500 South (SR 68) from 1100 West to I-15
7.35.1	Woods Cross	Redwood Road from 500 South to 1100 North
7.35.2	Woods Cross	1100 West from 1500 South to 1100 North
7.35.3.1	Woods Cross, Bountiful	500 West from 500 South to Main Street



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: 200 West from 2600 South to Lyman Lane Prepared By: MA

Jurisdiction(s): Bountiful Checked By: EMF

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

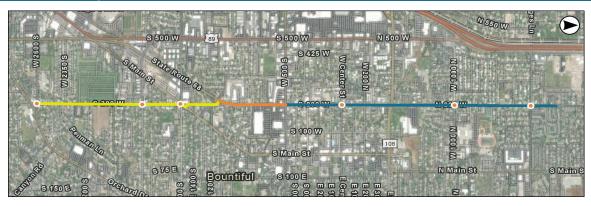
Equity Priority: Medium

#### **Location Description**

Roadway: 200 West **Key Intersection Locations:** From: 2600 South 1600 North 1500 South To: Lyman Lane 1000 North 1800 South Length: 3.33 miles Center Street 2600 South

## **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.28.1



#### Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	3.33
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	9,751
Functional Classification	Minor Arterial
Roadway Ownership	Federal Aid - Local
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	6

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	✓
Historic Crashes	✓
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓
Local Street Assessment	✓

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	1
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	3
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	3
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	12
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	47
Total Crashes	66
Total EPDO Crashes	1,420

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Fatal ✓ Head On (HO)							
Serious Injury	✓	Parked Vehicle (PV)	✓				
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle					
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)					
Motorcycle		Rear to Side (RS)					
Angle		Sideswipe (SS)	✓				
Front to Rear (FR)	✓	Other/Unknown	✓				

									What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
1600 North & 200 West	<b>✓</b>	0	0	3	6	12	21	147		✓	✓					
1000 North & 200 West	<b>✓</b>	0	0	2	3	17	22	96				✓				
Center Street & 200 West	<b>✓</b>	0	0	0	1	9	10	20			<b>√</b>					
1500 South & 200 West		0	0	2	13	5	20	197								✓
1800 South & 200 West	<b>✓</b>	0	0	1	9	8	18	133			✓		<b>✓</b>			
2600 South & 200 West	✓	0	0	6	13	14	33	295			✓					
							,									



This project includes the following segment improvements on 200 W to address an overrepresentation of rear-end, parked vehicle and sideswipe collisions: reduce speed limit from 30 mph to 25 mph; install RRFB's, bullbouts, raised crosswalks and refuge islands at existing crossings and key areas near schools; widen pavement marking lane lines and construct sections of raised medians in place of existing TWLTL. The following intersection improvements are recommended to address angle, ped/bike and sideswipe collisions: 1600 N/200 W, upgrade all doghouse signals to flashing yellow arrow and implement protected intersection improvements; 1000 N/200 W, provide left-turn lanes on the east/west approaches; Center St/200 W: upgrade all doghouse signals to flashing yellow arrow, and implement protected permitted phasing and left turn storage lanes for east/west approaches.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**











## **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost**

Segment	Improvement	s

Segment improvements							
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit		Unit Price	Item Cost
Traffic Calming - Bulbouts	0.68	All Crashes	8.00	EACH	69	36,000	\$ 288,000
Install a Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)	0.526	Pedestrian	4.00	XING (2)	65	15,000	\$ 60,000
Install Raised Crosswalk	NA	Pedestrian	4.00	EACH	69	71,000	\$ 284,000
Traffic Calming - Wider Lane Lines	0.68	All Crashes	1.70	MILE	65	21,000	\$ 35,700
Install Raised Medians on Roadways with Existing TWLTL	0.29	All Crashes	1.70	MILE	69	928,000	\$ 1,577,600
Install Buffered Bicycle Lane	NA	Bicycle	1.14	MILE	65	26,000	\$ 29,640
							\$ -
							\$ -
							\$ -
							\$ -
							\$ -

Intersection Improvements

Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Protected Intersection	NA	All Crashes	1.00	INT	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000
Change a 5-section "Doghouse" to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.75 - 0.93	Left-Turn	6.00	INT	\$ 8,000	\$ 48,000
Provide Left-Turn Lanes	0.52 - 0.72	Rural	4.00	LANE	\$ 300,000	\$ 1,200,000
Change Permissive Left-Turn to Protected or Protected/Permissive	0.79 - 0.95	Left-Turn	2.00	INT	\$ 8,000	\$ 16,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
<u> </u>						\$ -

Improvements Subtotal: 4,188,940 Mobilization: (% +/-)\* 10% 75,000 Traffic Control: (% +/-) 5% \$ 209,447 Items Not Estimated / Contingency: (% +/-) 30% 1,256,682 Estimated Construction Cost: 5.730.069

Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 1.455.600 20% \$

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the Countermeasure Toolbox for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users
Additional Improvements #2:	Safe Routes to School
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

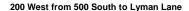
#### Disclaimer:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

Preconstruction Engineering/Design 12% 687,608 Utilities\*\* ROW\*\* Construction Engineering/Management 15% 859,510 Estimated Project Total: 7.278.000

<sup>\*</sup>Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design





#### ADDITIONAL

This project includes the following segment improvements along 200 W to address an overrepresentation of fatal/serious injury collisions, rear-end collisions, parked vehicle collisions and sideswipes, largely focused on encouraging slower speeds along the corridor:

-Reduce speed limit from 30 mph to 25 mph between 1000 N and 500 S

-install RRFB's, bulbouts, raised crosswalks and refuge islands at currently existing crossings, in addition to key crossing areas near the elementary and high schools.

-Implement wider lane lines and install raised medians in place of the existing two-way left-turn lanes to encourage slower speeds.

The following intersection improvements are also recommended to address an overrepresentation of angle, ped/bike and sideswipe collisions: -1600 N/200 W: Upgrade all doghouse left-turn signals to flashing yellow arrow signals, and implement protected intersection improvements at this intersection.

-1000 N/200 W: Provide left-turn lanes on the east and west approaches to the intersection to separate left-turn movements on these approaches.
-Center St/200 W: Upgrade all doghouse left-turn signals to flashing yellow arrow signals, an implement protected permitted phasing for the east/west approaches to the intersection, including providing left turn storage lanes.



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: Main Street/400 North from Pages Lane/1600 North to 500 West Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): Bountiful

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Medium

To: Length:

#### **Location Description**

 Roadway:
 Main Street/400 North
 Key Intersection Locations:

 From:
 Pages Lane/1600 North
 400 North

 Pages Lane/1600 North
 400 North

 500 West
 1000 North

 1.57
 miles

 Pages Lane
 Pages Lane

#### **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.28.2

BCC



## Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	1.57
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	16,149
Functional Classification	Minor Arterial
Roadway Ownership	State
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	3

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	<b>√</b>
Historic Crashes	✓
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	<b>✓</b>
Local Street Assessment	

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	4
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	9
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	42
Total Crashes	55
Total EPDO Crashes	233

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?						
Fatal		Head On (HO)				
Serious Injury		Parked Vehicle (PV)				
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle				
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)				
Motorcycle		Rear to Side (RS)				
Angle	✓	Sideswipe (SS)				
Front to Rear (FR)	<b>✓</b>	Other/Unknown				

									what Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	HO	PV	RR/RS	SS
400 North & Main Street	✓	0	0	2	18	15	35	264			✓					
1000 North & Main Street	✓	0	0	1	6	3	10	93				✓				✓
Pages Lane & Main Street	✓	0	0	4	8	8	20	188			<b>-</b>		✓			
							,									



This project includes access management, crosswalk upgrades, traffic calming, bicycle lane, and traffic signal upgrades. Medians are proposed on 400 North to mitigate angled/left-turn crashes. Full access should be limited to signalized intersections with all other location considered for right-in/right-out or 3/4 access. Main Street improvements include lane narrowing, buffered bicycle lane, and driver speed feedback signs. Crosswalks at 1000 N. and 650 N. should be upgraded to high-visibility crossings with RRFBs at 650 N. High-visibility crosswalk pavement markings should be considered at Main St. and 200 W. Signal upgrades to flashing yellow arrow (FYA) signal heads are recommended at Pages Ln. and 200 W.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**



Bicycle Lanes



Corridor Acces Management



Crosswalk Visibility Enhancements



Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)



Reduced Left-Turn Conflict Intersections

#### **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost**

Segment Improvements
----------------------

Segment improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Install Raised Medians on Roadways with Existing TWLTL	0.29	All Crashes	0.55	MILE	\$ 928,000	\$ 510,400
Traffic Calming - Lane Narrowing	0.68	All Crashes	0.83	MILE	\$ 39,000	\$ 32,370
Install Buffered Bicycle Lane	NA	Bicycle	0.83	MILE	\$ 26,000	\$ 21,580
Install Driver Feedback Speed Limit Signs	NA	All Crashes	4.00	EACH	\$ 10,000	\$ 40,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
			·			\$ -
						\$ -

Intersection Improvements

interecetion improvemente						
Item Description	CMF	<b>Applicable Crashes</b>	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Change a 5-section "Doghouse" to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.75 - 0.93	Left-Turn	2.00	INT	\$ 8,000	\$ 16,000
Upgrade Existing Crosswalk to High-Visibility Crosswalk	0.6 - 0.75	Pedestrian	2.00	XING	\$ 37,000	\$ 74,000
Install a Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)	0.526	Pedestrian	1.00	XING (2)	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000
Install High Visibiity Crosswalk Markings			4.00			\$
						\$ -
						\$
						\$ -
						\$ •
						\$ •
						\$ -
						\$

Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 261,400

 
 Preconstruction Engineering/Design Utilities\*\* ROW\*\*
 12%
 \$ 123,428

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\*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the *Countermeasure Toolbox* for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users
Additional Improvements #2:	
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design

BCC

Checked By:



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: 500 South (SR 68) from 500 West to Orchard Drive Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): Bountiful

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Medium

#### **Location Description**

 Roadway:
 500 South (SR 68)
 Key Intersection Locations:

 From:
 500 West
 100 East

 To:
 Orchard Drive
 100 West
 Orchard Drive

 Length:
 1.04 miles
 Main Street

## **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.28.3



#### Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	1.04
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	23,095
Functional Classification	Other Principal Arteria
Roadway Ownership	State
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	5

Why Was This Location Identified?				
Composite Safety Score	✓			
Historic Crashes	✓			
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓			
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓			
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	<b>✓</b>			
Local Street Assessment				

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	4
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	13
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	47
Total Crashes	64
Total EPDO Crashes	284

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Fatal		Head On (HO)					
Serious Injury		Parked Vehicle (PV)					
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle					
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)					
Motorcycle		Rear to Side (RS)					
Angle		Sideswipe (SS)	✓				
Front to Rear (FR)	<b>√</b>	Other/Unknown					

										What (	Crash T	ypes ar	e Over-	Represe	ented?	
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
500 West & 500 South	<b>✓</b>	0	1	22	78	46	147	1,516					<b>✓</b>			✓
100 West & 500 South	✓	0	1	7	23	22	53	533			✓					
Main Street & 500 South	<b>✓</b>	0	1	4	17	14	36	390	<b>\</b>		<b>√</b>		<b>\</b>			
100 East & 500 South	✓	0	0	1	11	10	22	157		✓	✓					
Orchard Drive & 500 South	<b>✓</b>	0	1	12	21	21	55	621			✓					



This project is intended to reduce the number of angled and left turning crashes along the corridor by restricting and eliminating locations at which vehicles can make a left turn from business access and minor streets. This is accomplished throught median installation and reduced left-turn conflict intersection control types. 3/4 access intersection may be considered at unsignalized intersections (425 West, 350 West, 285 West, 100 East, 200 East, & 300 East). Systemic intersection improvements include replacing existing "doghouse" signal heads with Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) signal heads (Orchard Dr., Main St., & 100 West) and upgrading existing crosswalks to highvisibility crosswalks (100 East & 200 East)

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**







Corridor Access Management  Reduced Left-Turn Conflict Intersections		Crosswalk Visibility Enhancement	s					
Opinion of Probable Construction Cost								
Segment Improvements								
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	1.04	Unit MILE	\$	928,000	\$	Item Cost
Install Raised Medians on Roadways with Existing TWLTL	0.29	All Crashes	1.04	IVIILE	Ф	920,000	\$	965,120
							\$	-
							\$	_
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
Intersection Improvements								
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Un	it Price		Item Cost
Change a 5-section "Doghouse" to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.75 - 0.93	Left-Turn	3.00	INT	\$	8,000	\$	24,000
Upgrade Existing Crosswalk to High-Visibility Crosswalk	0.6 - 0.75	Pedestrian	3.00	XING	\$	37,000		111,000
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
	.1					- 1 - O - I- 1 - 1 - I-	\$	- 4 400 400
						nts Subtotal:	_	1,100,120
				Mobilizatior affic Contr			_	75,000 55.006
		Items Not E			,	,	-	330,036
		nems Not E.	sumateu / C			uction Cost:	-	1,560,162
Local Match <sup>†</sup> : 20% \$ 396,400				Louinate	u Oonsti	action cost.	Ψ	1,000,102
† Toward SS4A Implementation Grants		Preci	onstruction	Engineeri	na/Desio	ın 12%	\$	187,219
Toward 004A Implementation Grants		7 7000	Jiisti dottori	Liigiiicciii	Utilities		\$	-
					ROW**		\$	-
		Constru	ction Engin	eering/Mai			\$	234,024
			· ·			oject Total:	\$	1,982,000
*Mobilization	ı is 10% +/-	of the subtotal with a	minimum c	of \$2,500 a	ind a ma	ximum of \$7	5,00	0
	luated during	g feasibility study/desi	gn					
Additional Potential Improvements								
Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not including input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the								urisdiction
•			,		,			
Additional Improvements #1: Additional Improvements #2:  Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Using the Set Appropria	SI 2				-			
Additional Improvements #3:					-			

#### Disclaimer:

Additional Improvements #4: Additional Improvements #5:



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): **South Davis County** Date Prepared: 3/14/2024 Project Name: Main Street (SR 106) from 1700 South to Pages Lane Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): Centerville Checked By:

BCC **Emphasis Areas:** Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

**Equity Priority:** Medium, Low

## **Location Description**

Roadway: Main Street (SR 106) **Key Intersection Locations:** From: 1700 South Porter Lane Parrish Lane Pages Lane 3.17 2050 North Chase Lane To: Length: miles Pages Lane

#### **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.29.1



## Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	3.17
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	12,382
Functional Classification	Minor Arterial
Roadway Ownership	State
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	5

Why Was This Location Identified?						
Composite Safety Score	✓					
Historic Crashes	✓					
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓					
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓					
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓					
Local Street Assessment						

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	2
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	12
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	58
Total Crashes	72
Total EPDO Crashes	239

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Fatal	Head On (HO)						
Serious Injury	Parked Vehicle (PV)	✓					
Pedestrian (Ped)	Single Vehicle						
Bicycle (Bike)	Rear to Rear (RR)						
Motorcycle	Rear to Side (RS)						
Angle	Sideswipe (SS)	✓					
Front to Rear (FR)	Other/Unknown						

												ypes ar	e Over-	Represe	ented?	
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	U	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	HO	PV	RR/RS	SS
Porter Lane & Main Street		0	1	1	8	7	17	214	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>					
2050 North & Main Street		1	0	1	5	2	9	969	✓	<b>✓</b>		✓				
Pages Lane & Main Street	<b>✓</b>	0	0	4	8	8	20	188			<b>-</b>		<b>✓</b>			
Parrish Lane & Main Street	✓	0	0	7	25	11	43	451				✓			✓	
Chase Lane & Main Street	✓	0	0	3	15	4	22	241		<b>✓</b>		✓				



Multiple destinations (schools/churches/parks) along this corridor generate active transportation road users. Systemic countermeasures are focused on reducing vehicle speeds and improving active transportation users safety. These countermeasures include lane narrowing, bicycle lanes, and driver feedback speed limit signs nearschools, chruches, and parks. Otherimprovements include upgrading existing crossings to high visibility crosswalks (2025 N. & Cenerville JHS), with bulbout (2025 N., Stewart Elementary, 1100 N., Chase Ln., Centerville JHS), pedestrian refuge islands (Stewart Elementry, Centerville JHS), and RRFB installation at Centerville JHS.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**



Bicycle Lanes





Medians and Pedestrian Refuge Islands in Urban & Suburban Areas



Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)

#### **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost**

Segment Improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Traffic Calming - Lane Narrowing	0.68	All Crashes	3.17	MILE	\$ 39,000	\$ 123,630
Install Bicycle Lane	0.51 - 0.694	Bicycle	3.17	MILE	\$ 21,000	\$ 66,570
Install Driver Feedback Speed Limit Signs	NA	All Crashes	16.00	EACH	\$ 10,000	\$ 160,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
				•		\$ -

Intersection Improvements

Intersection improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Install Intersection Lighting	0.62 - 0.67	Nighttime	1.00	INT	\$ 31,000	\$ 31,000
Upgrade Existing Crosswalk to High-Visibility Crosswalk	0.6 - 0.75	Pedestrian	2.00	XING	\$ 37,000	\$ 74,000
Traffic Calming - Bulbouts	0.68	All Crashes	12.00	EACH	\$ 36,000	\$ 432,000
Install Pedestrian Refuge Island	0.54	Pedestrian	2.00	EACH	\$ 30,000	\$ 60,000
Install a Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)	0.526	Pedestrian	1.00	XING (2)	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -

Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 349,000

1,745,000

\*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the *Countermeasure Toolbox* for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users
Additional Improvements #2:	-
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: 650 West from State Street to Glovers Lane Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): Farmington

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Low

## **Location Description**

Roadway:650 WestKey Intersection Locations:From:State StreetMiller WayGlovers LaneTo:Glovers LaneRigby RoadState StreetLength:1.06miles500 South

## **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.30.1



## Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	1.06
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	509
Functional Classification	Minor Collector
Roadway Ownership	Federal Aid - Local
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	5

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	✓
Historic Crashes	✓
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓
Crash Profile Risk Score	
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓
Local Street Assessment	

## **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	5
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	4
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	13
Total Crashes	22
Total EPDO Crashes	170

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?						
Fatal		Head On (HO)				
Serious Injury		Parked Vehicle (PV)				
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle				
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)				
Motorcycle		Rear to Side (RS)				
Angle		Sideswipe (SS)				
Front to Rear (FR)	<b>✓</b>	Other/Unknown				

										What	Crash T	ypes ar	e Over-	Represe	ented?	
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	C	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
Miller Way & 650 West		0	0	0	4	1	5	46				<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>			
Rigby Road & 650 West		0	0	2	1	0	3	56				✓				
500 South & 650 West		0	0	0	7	0	7	80				>				
Glovers Lane & 650 West	✓	0	0	1	9	4	14	129				>				✓
State Street & 650 West	✓	0	1	9	18	7	35	506				>				



This project implements speed management to reduce the higher than anticipated number of rear-end collisions, and considering the community-focused land uses (residential, high school, athletic fields). These countermeasures include lane narrowing, wider lane pavement marking lines, driver feedback signs, and mini roundabout installation (250 South, 500 South, and Miller Way). Itersection improvements include upgraded signal heads to flashing yellow arrow (FYA) signal heads (State Street & Glover Lane). Sidewalk infill is also included in the project.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**





## **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost**

Segment Improve	ments
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Segment improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Install Sidewalk or Walkways	NA	Pedestrian	0.31	MILE	\$ 634,000	\$ 196,540
Install Driver Feedback Speed Limit Signs	NA	All Crashes	4.00	EACH	\$ 10,000	\$ 40,000
Traffic Calming - Wider Lane Lines	0.68	All Crashes	1.06	MILE	\$ 21,000	\$ 22,260
Traffic Calming - Lane Narrowing	0.68	All Crashes	1.06	MILE	\$ 39,000	\$ 41,340
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -

Intersection Improvements

Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Convert Existing Intersection to Modern Roundabout	0.18 - 0.59	All Crashes	1.00	INT	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000
Change a permissive only to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.5 - 0.6	Left-Turn	1.00	INT	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000
Change a 5-section "Doghouse" to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.75 - 0.93	Left-Turn	1.00	INT	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -

Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 984,800

Preconstruction Engineering/Design	12%	\$	465,215
Utilities**		\$	-
ROW**		\$	-
Construction Engineering/Management	15%	\$	581,518
Estimated Project 1	Γotal∙	¢	4 924 000

\*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the *Countermeasure Toolbox* for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users
Additional Improvements #2:	
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design

BCC

Checked By:

Mountain Road



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: Main Street (SR 106) from US 89 to 1700 South Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): Farmington

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Low

#### **Location Description**

Roadway:Main Street (SR 106)Key Intersection Locations:From:US 89600 NorthPark Lane

 To:
 1700 South
 1400 North
 Shepard Lane

 Length:
 4.73
 miles
 State Street
 Somerset Street

## **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.30.2



## Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	4.73
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	9,271
Functional Classification	Minor Arterial
Roadway Ownership	Federal Aid - Local
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	7

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	✓
Historic Crashes	✓
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓
Local Street Assessment	

## **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	1
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	8
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	12
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	78
Total Crashes	99
Total EPDO Crashes	1,281

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?										
Fatal	✓ Head On (HO)									
Serious Injury		Parked Vehicle (PV)	<b>✓</b>							
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle	<b>\</b>							
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)								
Motorcycle		Rear to Side (RS)								
Angle	✓	Sideswipe (SS)	✓							
Front to Rear (FR)	<b>✓</b>	Other/Unknown								

										What	Crash T	ypes ar	e Over-	Represe	ented?	
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
600 North & Main Street		0	0	0	6	0	6	68						✓		
1400 North & Main Street		0	0	3	3	3	9	104						✓		
State Street & Main Street	<b>✓</b>	0	0	7	17	11	35	360				>	>			
Park Lane & Main Street	<b>✓</b>	0	0	1	12	7	20	166				>	>			
Shepard Lane & Main Street	<b>✓</b>	0	0	3	9	7	19	176		<b>✓</b>			>			
Somerset Street & Main Street	✓	0	0	0	12	2	14	138						✓		
Mountain Road & Main Street		0	0	2	4	4	10	94					>			✓



This project will reduce lane wideth to encourage slower vehicle speeds, to address over representatation of front to rear crashes and sideswipe crashes. This also enables bicycle lanes to be installed along the entire length of the corridor. Driver feedback speed limit signs (State St. - 500 North) also encourage slower speeds. Sidewalk infill and shoulder widening are identified at locations that they currently do not exist. Signal upgrades include upgrading to flashing yellow arrow (FYA) signal heads (State Street, Park Lane, Somerset Street).

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**



Bicycle Lanes



Walkways

Opinion of Pr	obable Cons	truction (	Cost
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Segment Improvements							
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price		Item Cost
Install Sidewalk or Walkways	NA	Pedestrian	0.76	MILE	\$ 634,000	\$	481,840
Traffic Calming - Lane Narrowing	0.68	All Crashes	4.67	MILE	\$ 39,000	\$	182,130
Install Bicycle Lane	0.51 - 0.694	Bicycle	4.67	MILE	\$ 21,000	\$	98,070
Provide 2-Ft Paved Shoulder on Rural 2-Lane Roadways	0.66 - 0.89	All Crashes	0.64	MILE	\$ 298,000	\$	190,720
Install Driver Feedback Speed Limit Signs	NA	All Crashes	4.00	EACH	\$ 10,000	\$	40,000
						\$	-
						69	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
			·			\$	-
						\$	-

Intersection Improvements							
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price		Item Cost
Change a 5-section "Doghouse" to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.75 - 0.93	Left-Turn	1.00	INT	\$ 8,000	\$	8,000
Change a permissive only to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.5 - 0.6	Left-Turn	1.00	INT	\$ 8,000	\$	8,000
						\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
					•	\$	
						\$	-
						÷	

Improvements Subtotal 1,008,760 Mobilization: (% +/-)\* 10% 75,000 Traffic Control: (% +/-) 5% \$ 50,438 Items Not Estimated / Contingency: (% +/-) 30% 302.628 Estimated Construction Cost: \$ 1,436,826

Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 365,000

15% \$ Construction Engineering/Management

215,524 Estimated Project Total: \$ 1,825,000

172,419

\*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the Countermeasure Toolbox for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users
Additional Improvements #2:	-
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

Preconstruction Engineering/Design 12% Utilities\*\* ROW\*\*

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: 200 West/Frontage Road from State Street to Glovers Lane Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): Farmington

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Low

#### **Location Description**

Roadway: 200 West/Frontage Road

From: State Street
To: Glovers Lane
Length: 1.10 miles

Key Intersection Locations: Frontage Road & 200 West Glovers Lane & Frontage Road State Street & 200 West

## **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.30.3

BCC



## Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	1.10
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	5,301
Functional Classification	Minor Collector
Roadway Ownership	Federal Aid - Local
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	3

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	<b>✓</b>
Historic Crashes	✓
Critical Crash Rate Differential	
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓
Local Street Assessment	

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	4
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	1
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	11
Total Crashes	16
Total EPDO Crashes	111

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?									
Fatal ✓ Head On (HO)									
Serious Injury		Parked Vehicle (PV)	✓						
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle							
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)							
Motorcycle		Rear to Side (RS)							
Angle		Sideswipe (SS)							
Front to Rear (FR)		Other/Unknown							

									What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	HO	PV	RR/RS	SS
Frontage Road & 200 West		0	1	3	5	6	15	223	<b>1</b>		✓					
Glovers Lane & Frontage Road		0	0	2	4	3	9	93		✓				✓		
State Street & 200 West	✓	0	0	1	7	1	9	103				✓				✓
																<u> </u>
																<u> </u>



This project will implement bicycle and pedestrian improvements along the corridor, as it was identified as a high-risk bicycle segment. The improvements include upgrading the existing midblock crossing at the Jr. High School to have bulbouts, pedestrian refuge island, and high visibility crosswalk markings. Upgrading existing crosswalks to high-visibility crosswalk (Glovers Lane, Frontage Road/200 West). Installing a bicycle lane on the east side of Frontage Road along with shoulder widening is proposed. Other intersection improvements include flashing yellow arrow (FYA) signal heads at State Street.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**







Medians and

Bicycle Lanes Crosswalk Visibility Enhancement		Pedestrian Re Islands in Urb	an					
		& Suburban A	reas					
Opinion of Probable Construction Cost								
Segment Improvements								
Item Description		Applicable Crashe		Unit	Unit Price			em Cost
Traffic Calming - Bulbouts	0.68	All Crashes	2.00	EACH	\$	36,000	\$	72,000
Install Bicycle Lane	0.51 - 0.694	Bicycle	0.30	MILE	\$	21,000	\$	6,300
Provide 2-Ft Paved Shoulder on Rural 2-Lane Roadways	0.66 - 0.89	All Crashes	0.08	MILE	\$	298,000	\$	23,840
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	<u> </u>
							\$	-
							φ	
Intersection Improvements								
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashe	s Quantity	Unit	Uı	nit Price		em Cost
Change a permissive only to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.5 - 0.6	Left-Turn	1.00	INT	\$	8,000	\$	8,000
Install High Visibiity Crosswalk Markings			1.00				\$	-
Install Pedestrian Refuge Island	0.54	Pedestrian	1.00	EACH	\$	30,000	\$	30,000
Upgrade Existing Crosswalk to High-Visibility Crosswalk	0.6 - 0.75	Pedestrian	3.00	XING	\$	37,000	\$	111,000
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	
	l l			Imn	roveme	ents Subtotal:	\$	251,140
			,	 Jobilizatio <i>ı</i>			\$	25,120
				affic Contr			\$	12.557
		Items Not	Estimated / 0				\$	75,342
		1101110 1101	Loumatou			truction Cost:	\$	364,159
Local Match <sup>†</sup> : 20% \$ 92,600				Louinato	a 001101		Ψ	001,100
† Toward SS4A Implementation Grants		Dro	construction	Enginoori	na/Dooi	ian 12%	\$	43,699
Toward 334A Implementation Grants		FIE	CONSTRUCTION	Liigii leelii	Utilities	5	\$	45,099
					ROW*		\$	
		Const	uction Engin	ooring/Mo				54,624
		Consu	uciion Engin			roject Total:		463,000
*Mahili	zation is 10% +/ c	of the subtotal with	a minimum a					403,000
		feasibility study/de		ıı φ∠,300 8	anu a III	aniiiuiii Ui \$/	5,000	
Additional Potential Improvements	z evaluateu uuring	reasibility Study/de	saigi i					
Additional Fotential improvements								
Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer								sdiction
Additional Improvements #1: Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Ro			•		•			
Additional Improvements #1: Set Appropriate speed Limits for All RC	vau USCIS				-			
Additional Improvements #2:					-			

#### Disclaimer:

Additional Improvements #4: Additional Improvements #5:

3/14/2024

MA

**EMF** 

Date Prepared:

Prepared By:

Checked By:



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County
Project Name: Eastoaks Drive from Mountain Road to 1800 East

Jurisdiction(s): Fruit Heights

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Low

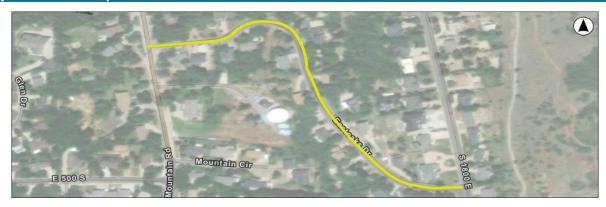
#### **Location Description**

Roadway: Eastoaks Drive
From: Mountain Road
To: 1800 East
Length: 0.33 miles

**Key Intersection Locations:** 

## **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.31.1



#### Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	0.33
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	732
Functional Classification	Local Street
Roadway Ownership	Local
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	0

Why Was This Location Identified?						
Composite Safety Score						
Historic Crashes	✓					
Critical Crash Rate Differential	<b>✓</b>					
Crash Profile Risk Score						
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)						
Local Street Assessment						

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	0
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	1
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	3
Total Crashes	4
Total EPDO Crashes	14

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Fatal	Head On (HO)						
Serious Injury	Parked Vehicle (PV)	✓					
Pedestrian (Ped)	Single Vehicle						
Bicycle (Bike)	Rear to Rear (RR)						
Motorcycle	Rear to Side (RS)						
Angle	Sideswipe (SS)						
Front to Rear (FR)	Other/Unknown						

									What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	C	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS



This project includes the following segment improvements along Eastoaks Drive to encourage slower speeds and improve the visibility of parked vehicles along this corridor: provide street-level lighting between 1800 E and Mountain Rd; Install driver feedback speed limit signs and widen lane lines along this segment; install high friction surfacing on curves along segment.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures





Liahtina

Roadside Design Improvements at Curves



#### **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost Segment Improvements** Item Description CMF Applicable Crashes Quantity Unit Unit Price Item Cost MILE Provide Highway Lighting 0.72 Nighttime 0.33 300,000 Install Driver Feedback Speed Limit Signs 2.00 EACH \$ 10,000 \$ 20,000 All Crashes NA Traffic Calming - Wider Lane Lines 0.33 MILE 0.68 All Crashes 6,862 Install High Friction Surface Treatment (HFST) on Curve 0.515 Fatal & Injury 2.00 **CURVE** 53,000 \$ 106,000 1.\$ Intersection Improvements Item Description CMF Applicable Crashes Quantity Unit Unit Price Item Cost \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Improvements Subtotal: 230.893 Mobilization: (% +/-)\* 10% \$ 23.090 5% \$ Traffic Control: (% +/-) 11,545 Items Not Estimated / Contingency: (% +/-) 30% 69 268 Estimated Construction Cost: \$ 334,795 Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 85,200 <sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants Preconstruction Engineering/Design 12% 40,175 Utilities\*\* ROW\*\* Construction Engineering/Management 15% 50,219

Estimated Project Total: 426,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the Countermeasure Toolbox for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users
Additional Improvements #2:	Neighborhood Slow Zones
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>\*</sup>Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design



#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This project includes the following segment improvements along Eastoaks Drive to encourage slower speeds and improve the visibility of parked vehicles along this corridor: Provide street-level lighting between 1800 E and Mountain Rd; Install driver feedback speed limit signs and widen lane lines along this segment; Install high friction surfacing on curves along segment.

BCC

Checked By:



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: 200 North from Angel Street to 600 West Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): Kaysville

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Low

To: Length:

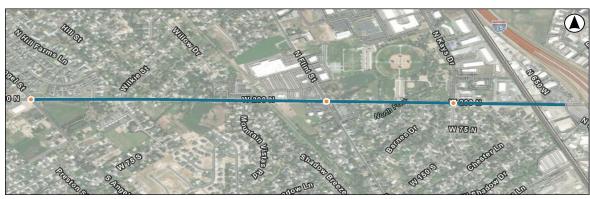
## **Location Description**

 Roadway:
 200 North
 Key Intersection Locations:

 From:
 Angel Street
 Flint Street

## **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.32.1



## Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	1.48
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	9,010
Functional Classification	Minor Arterial
Roadway Ownership	Federal Aid - Local
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	3

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	<b>√</b>
Historic Crashes	✓
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	<b>✓</b>
Local Street Assessment	

## **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	1
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	1
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	4
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	29
Total Crashes	35
Total EPDO Crashes	190

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Fatal		Head On (HO)					
Serious Injury	✓	Parked Vehicle (PV)					
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle					
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)					
Motorcycle		Rear to Side (RS)					
Angle		Sideswipe (SS)					
Front to Rear (FR)	<b>✓</b>	Other/Unknown					

									What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
Flint Street & 200 North	<b>✓</b>	0	0	3	11	8	22	200		<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>			
Angel Street & 200 North	<b>✓</b>	0	0	4	4	4	12	139		✓			✓			
Kays Drive & 200 North	<b>√</b>	0	0	5	12	15	32	263			<b>\</b>					



This project includes installation a medians along the entire length of the corridor to address over-represenation of head on collisions, and raised median improvements to address high-risk bicycle and pedestrian rating. Full access should be limited to signalized intersections: Wilkie Street, and Barnes Park. All other access drives or roadways should be right-in/right-out or 3/4 access. Include a pedestrian refuge island at the Rio Grand Rail Trail crossing and recofigure the access drive to the east is a right-in/right-out or 3/4 access. out access. Also include is sidewalk infill at location where no sidewalk is present.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**









## **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost**

Segment Improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Install Medians and Pedestrian Refuge Islands in Urban Areas	0.44	Pedestrian	1.48	MILE	\$ 958,000	\$ 1,417,840
Install Sidewalk or Walkways	NA	Pedestrian	0.30	MILE	\$ 634,000	\$ 190,200
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -

Intersection Improvements							
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price		Item Cost
Install High-Visibility Crosswalk	0.6 - 0.75	Pedestrian	1.00	XING	\$ 36,000	\$	36,000
			1.00			\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
						\$	-
						¢	

Improvements Subtotal 1,644,040 Mobilization: (% +/-)\* 10% 75,000 Traffic Control: (% +/-) 5% \$ 82,202 Items Not Estimated / Contingency: (% +/-) 30% 493.212 Estimated Construction Cost: \$ 2,294,454

Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 582,800

275,334 ROW\*\* 15% \$ Construction Engineering/Management 344,168

Estimated Project Total: \$

2,914,000

\*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the Countermeasure Toolbox for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users
Additional Improvements #2:	Shared use path along the entire corridor
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

Preconstruction Engineering/Design 12% Utilities\*\*

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: Main Street (SR 273)/200 North from Burton Lane to 600 West Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): Kaysville

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Medium

## **Location Description**

Roadway: Main Street (SR 273)/200 North From: Burton Lane

To: 600 West
Length: 1.95 miles

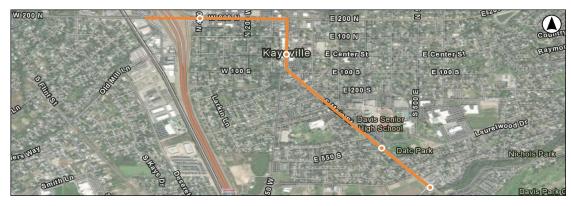
**Key Intersection Locations:** 

Center Street 400 West

Burton Lane 350 East

#### **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.32.2



#### Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	1.95
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	19,648
Functional Classification	Minor Arterial
Roadway Ownership	State
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	4

Why Was This Location Identified?				
Composite Safety Score	✓			
Historic Crashes	✓			
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓			
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓			
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓			
Local Street Assessment				

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	1
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	1
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	6
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	20
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	78
Total Crashes	106
Total EPDO Crashes	1,421

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Fatal ✓ Head On (HO)							
Serious Injury	✓	Parked Vehicle (PV)	<b>✓</b>				
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle	<b>\</b>				
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)					
Motorcycle	✓	Rear to Side (RS)					
Angle		Sideswipe (SS)	✓				
Front to Rear (FR)	<b>√</b>	Other/Unknown					

									What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
Center Street & Main Street		0	0	2	10	1	13	159				✓				
Burton Lane & Main Street		0	0	2	7	6	15	130			✓		✓			
350 East & Main Street	✓	0	0	2	12	4	18	185		✓		✓	✓			
400 West & 200 North		0	0	6	13	12	31	293			✓				✓	



This project includes installation a raised median along the entire length of the corridor. Full access should be limited to signalized intersections and all other access drives or roadways should be considered for right-in/right-out or 3/4 access. Lane narrow and on-street parking removal are proposed to provide room for a buffered bicycle lane along the majority of Main Street. The segment between Center Street and 100 North will maintain on-street parking to provide parking for local businesses and will not have a bicycle lane. The intersection of 350 South should include leading pedestrian intervals as this intersection provides access to the Jr. High School and High School in the area.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**







Bicycle Lanes



#### Pedestrian Interval **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost** Segment Improvements Applicable Crashes Quantity Item Description CMF Unit **Unit Price** Item Cost Install Raised Medians on Roadways with Existing TWLTL 0.29 All Crashes 1.95 MILE 928.000 \$ 1.809.600 Traffic Calming - Lane Narrowing 0.68 All Crashes 1.31 MILE 39,000 51,090 Install Buffered Bicycle Lane NA Bicycle 1.20 MII F 26,000 31,200 \$ Intersection Improvements Item Description **CMF** Applicable Crashes Quantity Unit Unit Price Item Cost Include a Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) 1.00 INT 3,000 \$ 3,000 Pedestrian \$ \$ \$ \$ Improvements Subtotal 1,894,890 Mobilization: (% +/-)\* 10% 75,000 \$ Traffic Control: (% +/-) 5% \$ 94,745 Items Not Estimated / Contingency: (% +/-) 30% 568.467 2,633,102 Estimated Construction Cost: \$ Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 669,000 <sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants Preconstruction Engineering/Design 315,972 12% Utilities\*\* ROW\*\* 15% \$ Construction Engineering/Management Estimated Project Total: \$ 3,345,000 \*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000 \*\*To be evaluated during feasibility study/design **Additional Potential Improvements** Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the Countermeasure Toolbox for a complete list of safety countermeasures. Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users Additional Improvements #1: Additional Improvements #2: Additional Improvements #3: Additional Improvements #4: Additional Improvements #5:

#### Disclaimer:



## **Project Information Sheet**

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: Main Street from 200 North to 400 West Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): Kaysville

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Medium

#### **Location Description**

 Roadway:
 Main Street
 Key Intersection Locations:

 From:
 200 North
 100 West
 300 West

 To:
 400 West
 200 West

 Length:
 0.48 miles
 400 West

## **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.32.3



## Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	0.48
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	14,371
Functional Classification	Minor Arterial
Roadway Ownership	Federal Aid - Local
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	4

Why Was This Location Identified?				
Composite Safety Score	<b>✓</b>			
Historic Crashes	<b>✓</b>			
Critical Crash Rate Differential				
Crash Profile Risk Score	<b>✓</b>			
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	<b>✓</b>			
Local Street Assessment				

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	1
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	2
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	4
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	10
Total Crashes	17
Total EPDO Crashes	194

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Fatal Head On (HO)							
Serious Injury	✓	Parked Vehicle (PV)	✓				
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle					
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)					
Motorcycle	✓	Rear to Side (RS)					
Angle	✓	Sideswipe (SS)	✓				
Front to Rear (FR)	<b>✓</b>	Other/Unknown					

									What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	C	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
100 West & Main Street		0	0	3	9	11	23	180			<b>▲</b>					
200 West & Main Street		0	0	2	5	6	13	107			✓					
400 West & Main Street		0	0	2	4	3	9	93		✓				✓		
300 West & Main Street	✓	0	0	5	13	13	31	272			✓		✓			



This project installs a medians along the entire length of the corridor. Full access should only be allowed at signalized intersection and all other access drives or roadways should be considered for right-in/right-out or 3/4 access. Lane narrow and on-street parking removal are recommended to support a buffered bicycle lane along the corridor length. Bicycle treatment improvements are recommended at the intersection of 200 North.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**







#### Bicvcle Lanes **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost** Segment Improvements Applicable Crashes Quantity Item Description CMF Unit **Unit Price** Item Cost Install Raised Medians on Roadways with Existing TWLTL 0.29 All Crashes 0.48 MILE 928.000 \$ 445,440 Traffic Calming - Lane Narrowing 0.68 All Crashes 0.48 MILE 39,000 18,720 Install Buffered Bicycle Lane NA Bicycle 0.48 MII F 26,000 12,480 \$ Intersection Improvements Item Description CMF Applicable Crashes Quantity Unit Unit Price Item Cost Add Bicycle Treatments at Intersections All Crashes 1.00 INT 9,000 \$ 9,000 \$ \$ \$ \$ Improvements Subtotal 485,640 Mobilization: (% +/-)\* 10% 48,570 \$ Traffic Control: (% +/-) 5% \$ 24,282 Items Not Estimated / Contingency: (% +/-) 30% 145.692 Estimated Construction Cost: \$ 704,184 Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 179,000 Preconstruction Engineering/Design <sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants 84,502 12% Utilities\*\* ROW\*\* 15% \$ Construction Engineering/Management 105,628 Estimated Project Total: \$ 895,000 \*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000 \*\*To be evaluated during feasibility study/design **Additional Potential Improvements** Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the Countermeasure Toolbox for a complete list of safety countermeasures. Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users Additional Improvements #1: Additional Improvements #2: Additional Improvements #3: Additional Improvements #4: Additional Improvements #5:

#### Disclaimer:



## Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: US 89 from 1100 North/2600 South to Frontage Road Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): North Salt Lake

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Medium, Low

## **Location Description**

Roadway: US 89 Key Intersection Locations:

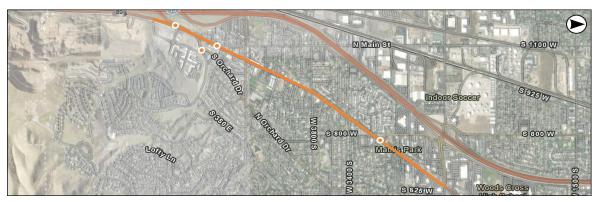
From: 1100 North/2600 South 400 East & US 89 Eagle Ridge Drive & Orchard Drive
To: Main Street & US 89

Length: 2.36 miles Eaglegate Drive & US 89

#### **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.33.1

EJS



## Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	2.36
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	19,257
Functional Classification	Other Principal Arteria
Roadway Ownership	State
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	4

Why Was This Location Identified?							
Composite Safety Score	✓						
Historic Crashes	✓						
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓						
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓						
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓						
Local Street Assessment							

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	1
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	14
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	20
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	63
Total Crashes	98
Total EPDO Crashes	696

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?									
Fatal		Head On (HO)							
Serious Injury	✓	Parked Vehicle (PV)	✓						
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle							
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)							
Motorcycle	<b>✓</b>	Rear to Side (RS)							
Angle	✓	Sideswipe (SS)							
Front to Rear (FR)	✓	Other/Unknown							

									What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
400 East & US 89		0	0	2	8	1	11	136				<b>✓</b>				
Main Street & US 89		0	0	3	9	0	12	169				✓				✓
Eaglegate Drive & US 89		0	0	3	8	10	21	168			<b>√</b>					
Eagle Ridge Drive & Orchard Driv		0	0	0	17	9	26	202			✓					<b>✓</b>



This project installs a median along the entire corridor. Full access should be limited to signalized intersections and all other access drives or roadways should be considered for right-in/right-out or 3/4 type access. Lane narrowing and on-street parking removal are proposed to support the installation of a bicycle lane from 3800 S. to 2600 S. It is recommended that pedestrian crossings (3600 S., 800 W.) be upgraded to high-visibility crosswalks, bulbouts, HAWK signal (3600 S.), refuge island (800 W.), and speed feedback signs. It is also recommended ICE studies be conducted and recommendations implemented at the unsignalized intersections (400 E., Main St.). Install FYA signal heads at Center St.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**





Bicycle Lanes



Medians and Pedestrian Refuge Islands in Urban & Suburban Areas



#### **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost**

Seament I	Improvements

Segment Improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Install Raised Medians on Roadways with Existing TWLTL	0.29	All Crashes	2.06	MILE	\$ 928,000	\$ 1,911,680
Traffic Calming - Lane Narrowing	0.68	All Crashes	1.04	MILE	\$ 39,000	\$ 40,560
Install Bicycle Lane	0.51 - 0.694	Bicycle	1.04	MILE	\$ 21,000	\$ 21,840
Install Driver Feedback Speed Limit Signs	NA	All Crashes	4.00	EACH	\$ 10,000	\$ 40,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
			, and the second			\$ -

Intersection Improvements

intercoction improvements					_		
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit		Unit Price	Item Cost
Traffic Calming - Bulbouts	0.68	All Crashes	4.00	EACH	\$	36,000	\$ 144,000
Upgrade Existing Crosswalk to High-Visibility Crosswalk	0.6 - 0.75	Pedestrian	2.00	XING	\$	37,000	\$ 74,000
Install Pedestrian Hybrid Beacons (PHB) or HAWK	0.453	Pedestrian	1.00	EACH	\$	200,000	\$ 200,000
Install Pedestrian Refuge Island	0.54	Pedestrian	1.00	EACH	\$	30,000	\$ 30,000
Perform an Intersection Control Evaluation and Implement	NA	All Crashes	2.00	INT	\$	225,000	\$ 450,000
Change a 5-section "Doghouse" to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.75 - 0.93	Left-Turn	1.00	INT	\$	8,000	\$ 8,000
							\$ -
							\$ -
							\$ -
							\$ -
							\$ -

Improvements Subtotal: 2,920,080 Mobilization: (% +/-)\* 10% 75,000 146,004 Traffic Control: (% +/-) 5% \$ Items Not Estimated / Contingency: (% +/-) 30% 876.024 Estimated Construction Cost: \$ 4,017,108

20% 1,020,400

Preconstruction Engineering/Design 482,053 12% Utilities\*\* ROW\*\* 15% \$ Construction Engineering/Management 602,566 Estimated Project Total: \$ 5,102,000

\*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the Countermeasure Toolbox for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Shared use path along the entire corridor
Additional Improvements #2:	
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design

7.33.2

Map ID:



#### Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: 1100 North/2600 South from Redwood Road to 800 West Prepared By: MA

Jurisdiction(s): North Salt Lake Checked By: EMF

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Medium, Low

#### **Location Description**

 Roadway:
 1100 North/2600 South

 From:
 Redwood Road

 To:
 800 West

 Length:
 1.40 miles

North/2600 South Key Intersection Locations: rood Road Redwood Road 1100 West 400 West

400 West 800 West (Intercl

#### **Project Location Map**



#### Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	1.40
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	10,774
Functional Classification	Minor Arterial
Roadway Ownership	Federal Aid - Local
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Kev Intersections	4

Why Was This Location Identified?						
Composite Safety Score	<b>\</b>					
Historic Crashes	✓					
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓					
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓					
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓					
Local Street Assessment						

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	1
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	2
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	9
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	47
Total Crashes	59
Total EPDO Crashes	288

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?								
Fatal Head On (HO)								
Serious Injury	✓	Parked Vehicle (PV)	✓					
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle	<b>&gt;</b>					
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)						
Motorcycle		Rear to Side (RS)						
Angle	✓	Sideswipe (SS)						
Front to Rear (FR)		Other/Unknown						

										What (	Crash T	ypes ar	e Over-l	Represe	ented?	
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
Redwood Road & 1100 North	✓	0	1	3	9	26	39	289					<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b>
400 West & 1100 North		0	0	1	1	13	15	47								✓
800 West (Interchange) & 1100 N	✓	0	1	4	5	36	46	276								<b>\</b>
1100 West & 1100 North		0	0	1	4	23	28	91			✓					



This project includes the following improvements on 1100 N to address overrepresentation of angle, parked vehicle and single vehicle collisions: Widen and increase visibility of edge line pavement markings, narrow travel lanes to 11 ft; convert center turn lane to raised median; consolidate redundant business driveways; install street lighting. The following intersection improvements are recommended, consistent with overrepresentation of angle, head-on and sideswipe collisions: intersection control evaluations at 400 W/1100 N, 800 W/1100 N, and 1100 W/1100 N for potential roundabout or signal (with necessary storage lane improvements), in addition to driveway consolidation and site distance improvements; Redwood Rd/1100 N, conversion to protected left-turn phasing for north/south approaches and additional right turn lane for west approach.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**







Dedicated Left and Right-Turn Lanes at Intersections







Median Barrie



Roundabouts



#### **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost**

Segment Improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Corridor Access Management-Driveway Consolidation (Urban)	0.69 - 0.75	Fatal & Injury	10.00	DRIVEW	\$ 7,000	\$ 70,000
Install Raised Medians on Roadways with Existing TWLTL	0.29	All Crashes	1.40	MILE	\$ 928,000	\$ 1,299,200
Traffic Calming - Wider Lane Lines	0.68	All Crashes	1.40	MILE	\$ 21,000	\$ 29,400
Provide Highway Lighting	0.72	Nighttime	1.40	MILE	\$ 300,000	\$ 420,000
Traffic Calming - Lane Narrowing	0.68	All Crashes	1.40	MILE	\$ 39,000	\$ 54,600
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -

#### Intersection Improvements

Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Change Permissive Left-Turn to Protected or Protected/Permissive	0.79 - 0.95	Left-Turn	3.00	INT	\$ 8,000	\$ 24,000
Provide Right-Turn Lanes	0.74 - 0.86	All Crashes	2.00	LANE	\$ 150,000	\$ 300,000
Perform an Intersection Control Evaluation and Implement	NA	All Crashes	3.00	INT	\$ 225,000	\$ 675,000
Convert Existing Intersection to Modern Roundabout	0.18 - 0.59	All Crashes	2.00	INT	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 5,000,000
Systemic Low-Cost Countermeasures at Stop-Control Intersection	0.73 - 0.9	All Crashes	1.00	INT	\$ 19,000	\$ 19,000
Corridor Access Management-Driveway Consolidation (Urban)	0.69 - 0.75	Fatal & Injury	2.00	DRIVEW	\$ 7,000	\$ 14,000
Install Intersection Lighting	0.62 - 0.67	Nighttime	2.00	INT	\$ 31,000	\$ 62,000
Provide Left-Turn Lanes	0.52 - 0.72	Rural	2.00	LANE	\$ 300,000	\$ 600,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -

Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 2,956,800

	_	
Preconstruction Engineering/Design 12	2%	\$ 1,396,886
Utilities**		\$ -
ROW**	ſ	\$ -
Construction Engineering/Management 18	5%	\$ 1,746,108
Estimated Project Tot	tal:	\$ 14,784,000

<sup>\*</sup>Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the *Countermeasure Toolbox* for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users
Additional Improvements #2:	
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This project includes the following segment improvements along 2600 S between Redwood Road and 800 West to encourage slower speeds address overrepresentation of angle, parked vehicle and single vehicle collisions:

- -Widening and increasing the visibility of edge line striping, in addition to narrowing travel lanes to 11  $\,\mathrm{ft}$
- -Conversion of center turn lane to raised median
- $-Where\ possible, consolidation\ of\ redundant\ driveways\ at\ commercial/retail/industrial/manufacturing\ sites$
- -Installation of pedestrian-level street lighting along the corridor.

The following intersection improvements are also recommended, consistent with overrepresentation of angle, head-on and sideswipe collisions at each location:

- -Redwood Rd/1100 N: Conversion of protected permitted to protected left-turn phasing for north and south approaches. Addition of a right turn lane for west approach.
- $-400\,\hbox{W}/1100\,\hbox{N}; Perform an intersection control evaluation to evaluate the potential for a roundabout. Consider sight distance improvements for the north and south approaches.$
- -800 W/1100 N: Perform an intersection control evaluation to evaluate the potential for a roundabout. Consider consolidation of driveways that are within 100 ft of intersection.
- -1100 W/1100 N: Perform an intersection control evaluation to evaluate the potential for a signal. If signal is warranted, install left-turn storage lanes on east and west approaches, with protected permitted (flashing yellow arrow) phasing.

EJS

Checked By:



#### Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: Redwood Road (SR 68) from 1100 North to I-215
Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): North Salt Lake

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Medium

#### **Location Description**

Roadway: Redwood Road (SR 68)

**From:** 1100 North **To:** 1-215

Length: 1.75 miles

**Key Intersection Locations:** 

200 North Center Street
Cambridge Drive Foxboro Drive

900 North

#### **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.33.3



#### Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	1.75
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	11,468
Functional Classification	Other Principal Arteria
Roadway Ownership	State
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	6

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	✓
Historic Crashes	✓
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓
Local Street Assessment	

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	1
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	2
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	11
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	19
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	52
Total Crashes	85
Total EPDO Crashes	1,589

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Fatal ✓ Head On (HO)							
Serious Injury	✓	Parked Vehicle (PV)	✓				
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle	<b>1</b>				
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)					
Motorcycle		Rear to Side (RS)					
Angle		Sideswipe (SS)	✓				
Front to Rear (FR)	<b>✓</b>	Other/Unknown					

										What (	Crash T	ypes ar	e Over-	Represe	ented?	
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
200 North & Redwood Road		0	0	3	5	2	10	126								<b>▲</b>
Cambridge Drive & Redwood Roa		0	0	3	7	6	16	152			✓	✓				
900 North & Redwood Road		0	0	5	16	11	32	304			<b>√</b>	✓				<b>✓</b>
Center Street & Redwood Road	<b>✓</b>	0	4	12	44	24	84	1,166	<b>\</b>	✓		✓		✓		
Foxboro Drive & Redwood Road	<b>\</b>	0	0	5	12	4	21	252				✓		✓		<b>✓</b>
2600 South & Redwood Road	<b>\</b>	0	1	9	26	14	50	604					<b>✓</b>			<b>▲</b>
																,



This project implements raised medians in the existing TWLTL to limit access at driveways and intersections by eliminate left-turning vehicles when possible through using medians to create right-in/right-out and 3/4 access locations. This project also recommends sidewalks at locations that currently have no sidewalk. Intersection improvements include stop-control countermeasures at unsignalized intersections (Robinson Dr., Cambridge Dr., and 900 N.). Signalized intersection improvements include changing permitted left-turn phasing signal heads to flashing yellow arrow type signal heads (600 N.) and bicycle and pedestrian improvements (Center St. and 600 N.)

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**





Walkways



Stop-Controlled Intersection Systemic Countermeasures



Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users

#### **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost**

Segment	Improvements	
		14

Segment improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Install Raised Medians on Roadways with Existing TWLTL	0.29	All Crashes	1.75	MILE	\$ 928,000	\$ 1,624,000
Install Sidewalk or Walkways	NA	Pedestrian	0.50	MILE	\$ 634,000	\$ 317,000
Install Driver Feedback Speed Limit Signs	NA	All Crashes	4.00	EACH	\$ 10,000	\$ 40,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
_						\$ -

Intersection Improvements

intersection improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Systemic Low-Cost Countermeasures at Stop-Control Intersection	0.73 - 0.9	All Crashes	3.00	INT	\$ 19,000	\$ 57,000
Change a permissive only to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.5 - 0.6	Left-Turn	1.00	INT	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000
Upgrade pedestrian push buttons to Audible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	NA	Pedestrian	2.00	INT	\$ 4,000	\$ 8,000
Add Bicycle Treatments at Intersections	NA	All Crashes	2.00	INT	\$ 9,000	\$ 18,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -

Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 729,600

 Preconstruction Engineering/Design Utilities\*\*
 12%
 \$ 344,664

 ROW\*\*
 \$ 

 Construction Engineering/Management
 15%
 \$ 430,830

 Estimated Project Total:
 \$ 3,648,000

\*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the *Countermeasure Toolbox* for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Set Appropriate Speed Limits for All Road Users
Additional Improvements #2:	
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design

3/14/2024



#### Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): **South Davis County** Date Prepared: Project Name: 500 South (SR 68) from 1100 West to 700 West Prepared By:

**JSF** Jurisdiction(s): West Bountiful Checked By: EJS

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

**Equity Priority:** Medium

To:

#### **Location Description**

Roadway: 500 South (SR 68) **Key Intersection Locations:** From:

1100 West 1100 West 700 West 700 West Length: 0.66 miles

#### **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.34.1



#### Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	0.66
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	12,111
Functional Classification	Other Principal Arteria
Roadway Ownership	State
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	2

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	
Historic Crashes	✓
Critical Crash Rate Differential	
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓
Local Street Assessment	

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	0
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	2
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	12
Total Crashes	14
Total EPDO Crashes	35

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?									
Fatal	Head On (HO)								
Serious Injury	Parked Vehicle (PV)								
Pedestrian (Ped)	Single Vehicle								
Bicycle (Bike)	Rear to Rear (RR)								
Motorcycle	Rear to Side (RS)								
Angle	Sideswipe (SS)	✓							
Front to Rear (FR)	Other/Unknown								

									What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	C	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
1100 West & 500 South	✓	0	0	8	9	16	33	296			<b>✓</b>					
700 West & 500 South		0	1	2	15	8	26	317	✓			✓				



Project Description/How is safety improved?

This project is focused on improving bicycle safety along the corridor to address the low bicycle rating (usRAP). This is accomplished by upgrading the existing bicycle lane to a buffered bicycle lane. It is also recommended that an RSA be performed along this corridor to discover addition systemic safety countermeasures that can be implemented.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**





Bicycle Lanes Road Safety	y Audit							
Opinion of Probable Construction Cost								
Segment Improvements								
Item Description		Applicable Crashe		Unit		it Price		tem Cost
Install Buffered Bicycle Lane Perform Road Safety Audits	NA 0.4-0.9	Bicycle All Crashes	0.66 1.00	LOC	\$	26,000 25.000	\$	17,160 25.000
Perioriii Road Salety Addits	0.4-0.9	All Crasnes	1.00	LUC	Ф	25,000	\$	25,000
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	<u> </u>
							\$	-
					<u> </u>		\$	<u>-</u>
Intersection Improvements								
Item Description		Applicable Crashe		Unit		it Price		tem Cost
Systemic Low-Cost Countermeasures at Stop-Control Intersection	0.73 - 0.9	All Crashes	4.00	INT	\$	19,000	\$	76,000
							\$	
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	_
							\$	
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
							\$	-
				Imp	oroveme	nts Subtotal:	\$	118,160
				1obilizatio			\$	11,820
				affic Conti			\$	5,908
		Items Not I	Estimated / C					35,448
Local Match <sup>†</sup> : 20% \$ 43,600				Estimate	d Const	ruction Cost:	\$	171,336
† Toward SS4A Implementation Grants		Dro	construction	Engineer	ina/Doois	an 12%	\$	20.560
Toward 554A Implementation Grants		Pie	construction	Engineen	Utilities	,	\$	20,360
					ROW*		\$	
		Constr	uction Engine	eering/Ma				25,700
		00//01/	acaerr <u>Ling</u> iin			oject Total:		218,000
*Mobiliza	ition is 10% +/- o	of the subtotal with	a minimum o			•		
**To be e	evaluated during	feasibility study/de	sign					
Additional Potential Improvements								
Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not in input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to		•						isdiction
·					,			
Additional Improvements #1: Additional Improvements #2:					-			
Additional Improvements #2:					_			
Additional Improvements #4:					_			
Additional Improvements #5:					_			
					_			
<b>Disclaimer:</b> Disclaimer: The cost estimates provided in this document are for comparison	n purposes only.	Actual project costs v	will vary. The	recommer	ided safe	ty improveme	nt strate	egies were

EJS

Checked By:



#### Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: Redwood Road from 500 South to 1100 North Prepared By: JSF

Jurisdiction(s): Woods Cross

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Medium, Low

#### **Location Description**

To: Length:

Roadway:Redwood RoadKey Intersection Locations:From:500 South1100 North

 500 South
 1100 North

 1100 North
 1950 South

 1.54
 miles
 500 South

#### **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.35.1



#### Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	1.54
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	10,614
Functional Classification	Other Principal Arteria
Roadway Ownership	State
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	3

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	✓
Historic Crashes	<b>✓</b>
Critical Crash Rate Differential	<b>✓</b>
Crash Profile Risk Score	<b>✓</b>
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	<b>✓</b>
Local Street Assessment	

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	4
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	7
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	20
Total Crashes	31
Total EPDO Crashes	189

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?									
Fatal	Head On (HO)								
Serious Injury	Parked Vehicle (PV)								
Pedestrian (Ped)	Single Vehicle								
Bicycle (Bike)	Rear to Rear (RR)								
Motorcycle	Rear to Side (RS)								
Angle	Sideswipe (SS)								
Front to Rear (FR)	Other/Unknown								

									What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
1100 North & Redwood Road	<b>✓</b>	0	1	9	26	14	50	604					<b>✓</b>			✓
1950 South & Redwood Road		0	0	1	3	1	5	57				✓				
500 South & Redwood Road	✓	0	0	5	4	7	16	164					✓			
																1
																i
																i



This project infills missing sidewalk and shoulders along the corridor. The project includes upgrading existing permitted only left-turn signal heads to flashing yellow arrow type signal heads at 1500 South. A Road Safety Audit (RSA) should be completed along the corridor to determine other safety countermeasures that should be considered for implementation.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**



Road Safety Audit



Walkways



Stop-Controlled Intersection Systemic Countermeasures

#### **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost**

Segment improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Provide 2-Ft Paved Shoulder on Rural 2-Lane Roadways	0.66 - 0.89	All Crashes	0.64	MILE	\$ 298,000	\$ 190,720
Shoulder Widening on Rural Roads	0.771	All Crashes	0.63	MILE	\$ 32,000	\$ 20,160
Install Sidewalk or Walkways	NA	Pedestrian	0.98	MILE	\$ 634,000	\$ 621,320
Perform Road Safety Audits	0.4-0.9	All Crashes	1.00	LOC	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -

Intersection Improvements

intersection improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Systemic Low-Cost Countermeasures at Stop-Control Intersection	0.73 - 0.9	All Crashes	1.00	INT	\$ 19,000	\$ 19,000
Upgrade pedestrian push buttons to Audible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	NA	Pedestrian	1.00	INT	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000
Change a permissive only to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.5 - 0.6	Left-Turn	1.00	INT	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000
Adequate Number/Visibility of Signal Heads	0.85	All Crashes	1.00	INT	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000
						\$
						\$
						\$
						\$
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$

Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 332,000

Preconstruction Engineering/Design 12	2%	\$	156,776
Utilities**		\$	-
ROW**		\$	-
Construction Engineering/Management 15	5%	\$	195,971
Estimated Project Tet	~I.[	Ф	1 660 000

\*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the *Countermeasure Toolbox* for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

***	•
Additional Improvements #1:	
Additional Improvements #2:	
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design

BCC

Checked By:



#### Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: 1100 West from 1500 South to 1100 North Prepared By: EJS

Jurisdiction(s): Woods Cross

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Medium, Low

#### **Location Description**

Roadway: 1100 West Key Intersection Locations:

 From:
 1500 South
 2600 South

 To:
 1100 North
 1500 South

 Length:
 0.90 miles

#### **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.35.2



#### Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	0.90
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	5,084
Functional Classification	Minor Collector
Roadway Ownership	Federal Aid - Local
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	2

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	✓
Historic Crashes	✓
Critical Crash Rate Differential	✓
Crash Profile Risk Score	✓
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	✓
Local Street Assessment	

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	0
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	3
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	1
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	5
Total Crashes	9
Total EPDO Crashes	83

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?								
Fatal	Head On (HO)							
Serious Injury	Parked Vehicle (PV)							
Pedestrian (Ped)	Single Vehicle							
Bicycle (Bike)	Rear to Rear (RR)							
Motorcycle	Rear to Side (RS)							
Angle	Sideswipe (SS)							
Front to Rear (FR)	Other/Unknown	,						

										What	Crash T	ypes ar	e Over-	Represe	nted?	
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	HO	PV	RR/RS	SS
2600 South & 1100 West		0	0	4	23	18	45	368			<b>✓</b>					
1500 South & 1100 West		0	0	3	3	3	9	104				✓				



This project focuses on safety and active transportation improvements along the corridor by building out the cross section to address the high risk score for this corridor. From 1100 North/2600 South north to 1950 South, this project installs edge line pavement markings, shoulder widening, sidewalks, and bicycle lanes. From 1950 South to 1500 South, the project adds bicycle lanes (accomodated by lane narrowing). The existing marked crosswalk and signage is upgraded to a high-visibility crosswalk with RRFBs.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**



Walkways



Bicycle Lanes



Crosswalk Visibility Enhancements



Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)

#### **Opinion of Probable Construction Cost**

Segment Improvements						
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Traffic Calming - Lane Narrowing	0.68	All Crashes	0.32	MILE	\$ 39,000	\$ 12,480
Install Bicycle Lane	0.51 - 0.694	Bicycle	0.90	MILE	\$ 21,000	\$ 18,900
Install Sidewalk or Walkways	NA	Pedestrian	0.58	MILE	\$ 634,000	\$ 367,720
Shoulder Widening on Rural Roads	0.771	All Crashes	0.58	MILE	\$ 32,000	\$ 18,560
Install 6" Edge line (Both Sides of Road)	0.64 - 0.88	All Crashes	0.58	MILE	\$ 7,000	\$ 4,060
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -

Intersection Improvements

Intersection improvements						/
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Item Cost
Upgrade Existing Crosswalk to High-Visibility Crosswalk	0.6 - 0.75	Pedestrian	1.00	XING	\$ 37,000	\$ 37,000
Install a Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)	0.526	Pedestrian	1.00	XING (2)	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -
						\$ -

Local Match<sup>†</sup>: 20% \$ 174,600

Construction Engineering/Management 15% \$ 103,035 Estimated Project Total: \$ 873,000

\*Mobilization is 10% +/- of the subtotal with a minimum of \$2,500 and a maximum of \$75,000

#### **Additional Potential Improvements**

Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not included due to availability of data, need for site-specific information, and/or agency/jurisdiction input. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the *Countermeasure Toolbox* for a complete list of safety countermeasures.

Additional Improvements #1:	Evaluate signalization at warranted intersections
Additional Improvements #2:	
Additional Improvements #3:	
Additional Improvements #4:	
Additional Improvements #5:	

#### Disclaimer:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Toward SS4A Implementation Grants

Preconstruction Engineering/Design
 12%
 \$ 82,428

 Utilities\*\*
 \$ 

 ROW\*\*
 \$

<sup>\*\*</sup>To be evaluated during feasibility study/design



#### Project Information Sheet

GFA(s): South Davis County Date Prepared: 3/14/2024
Project Name: 500 West from 500 South to Main Street Prepared By: EJS

Jurisdiction(s): Woods Cross, Bountiful Checked By: BCC

Emphasis Areas: Roadway Departures, Intersections, Impaired Driving

Equity Priority: Medium

#### **Location Description**

Roadway: 500 West Key Intersection Locations:

 From:
 500 South
 1950 South

 To:
 Main Street
 1880 South

 Length:
 1.25
 miles
 500 South

### **Project Location Map**

Map ID: 7.35.3.1



#### Segment Information and Safety Analysis Areas Summary

Roadway Characteristics	Value
Length (miles)	1.25
Average Daily Traffic (vehicles per day)	17,476
Functional Classification	Other Principal Arteria
Roadway Ownership	State
Urban/Rural Designation	Urban
Number of Key Intersections	3

Why Was This Location Identified?	
Composite Safety Score	<b>✓</b>
Historic Crashes	<b>✓</b>
Critical Crash Rate Differential	<b>✓</b>
Crash Profile Risk Score	<b>✓</b>
usRAP - Star Rating (Veh, Ped, Bike)	<b>✓</b>
Local Street Assessment	

#### **Segment Crash History**

Crash History (2018 - 2022)	# of crashes
Fatal Crashes (K)	2
Suspected Serious Injury Crashes (A)	0
Suspected Minor Injury Crashes (B)	2
Possible Injury Crashes (C)	14
No Injury/PDO Crashes (O)	43
Total Crashes	61
Total EPDO Crashes	2,023

What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Fatal	atal ✓ Head On (HO)						
Serious Injury		Parked Vehicle (PV)	✓				
Pedestrian (Ped)		Single Vehicle					
Bicycle (Bike)		Rear to Rear (RR)					
Motorcycle		Rear to Side (RS)					
Angle		Sideswipe (SS)	✓				
Front to Rear (FR)	<b>✓</b>	Other/Unknown					

									What Crash Types are Over-Represented?							
Intersections	Signal	K	Α	В	С	0	Total	EPDO	K/A	Ped/Bike	Angle	FR	НО	PV	RR/RS	SS
1950 South & 500 West		0	0	3	8	4	15	162				✓				✓
1880 South & 500 West		1	0	2	9	7	19	1,042	✓	✓						✓
500 South & 500 West	✓	0	1	22	78	46	147	1,516					✓			✓



This project addresses over-represented fatal and front to rear crashes. Proposed countermeasures at the existing marked crosswalk at 1880 South (which shows high risk and one recent pedestrian fatality) include upgrading to a high-visibility crosswalk and installing RRFBs. A right-turn lane is proposed for 1950 South. Also proposed is changing existing doghouse style signal heads at 1500 South to flashing yellow arrow type signal heads. Speed feedback signs are proposed to help address speeding along the corridor and the over representation of front to rear crashes.

This project description represents potential safety improvement strategies that could be implemented at this location, as well as other locations with similar conditions. Additional improvement strategies could be considered subject to engineering analysis.

#### **Proposed Proven Safety Countermeasures**





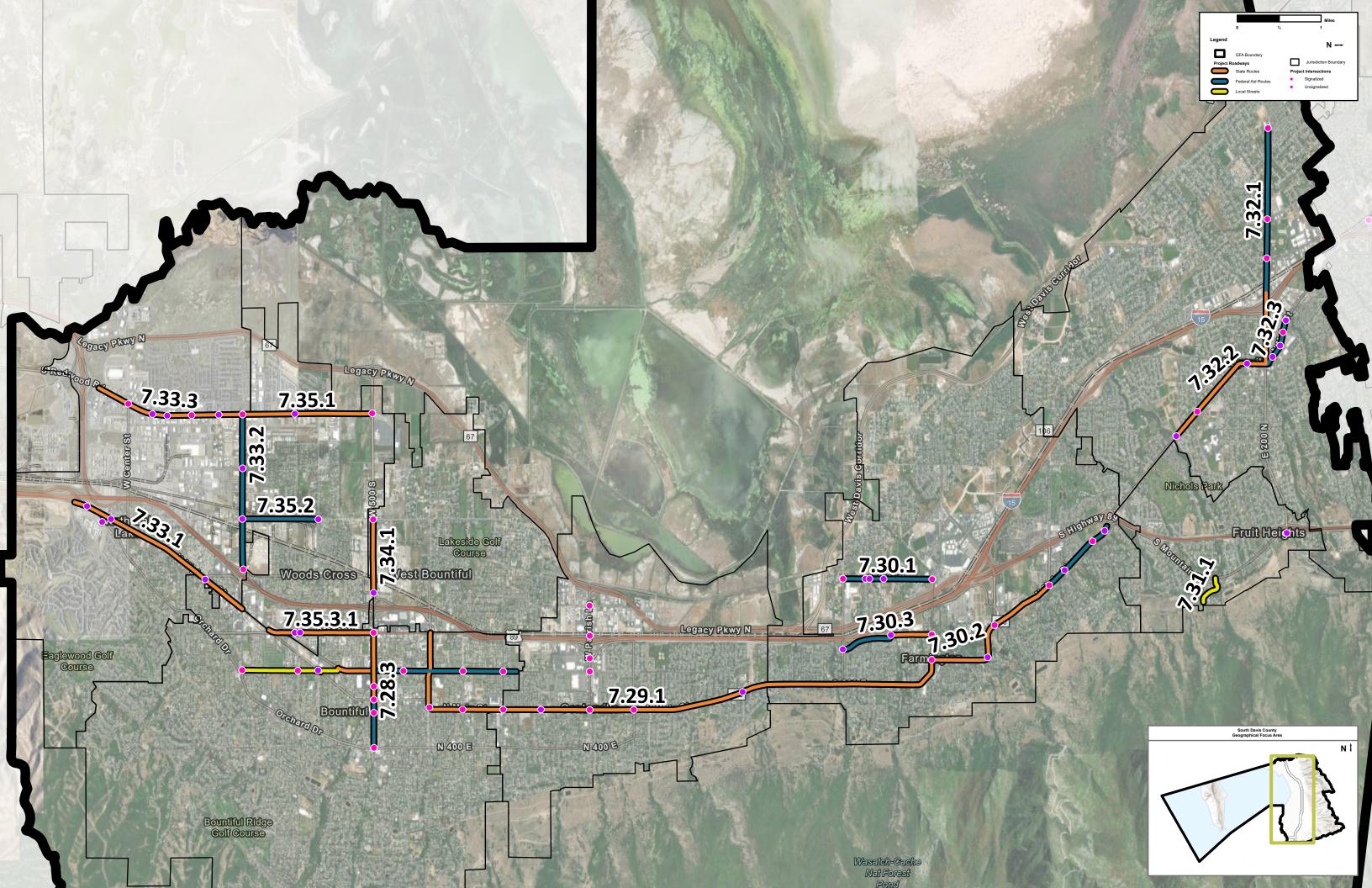


Rectangular Rapid

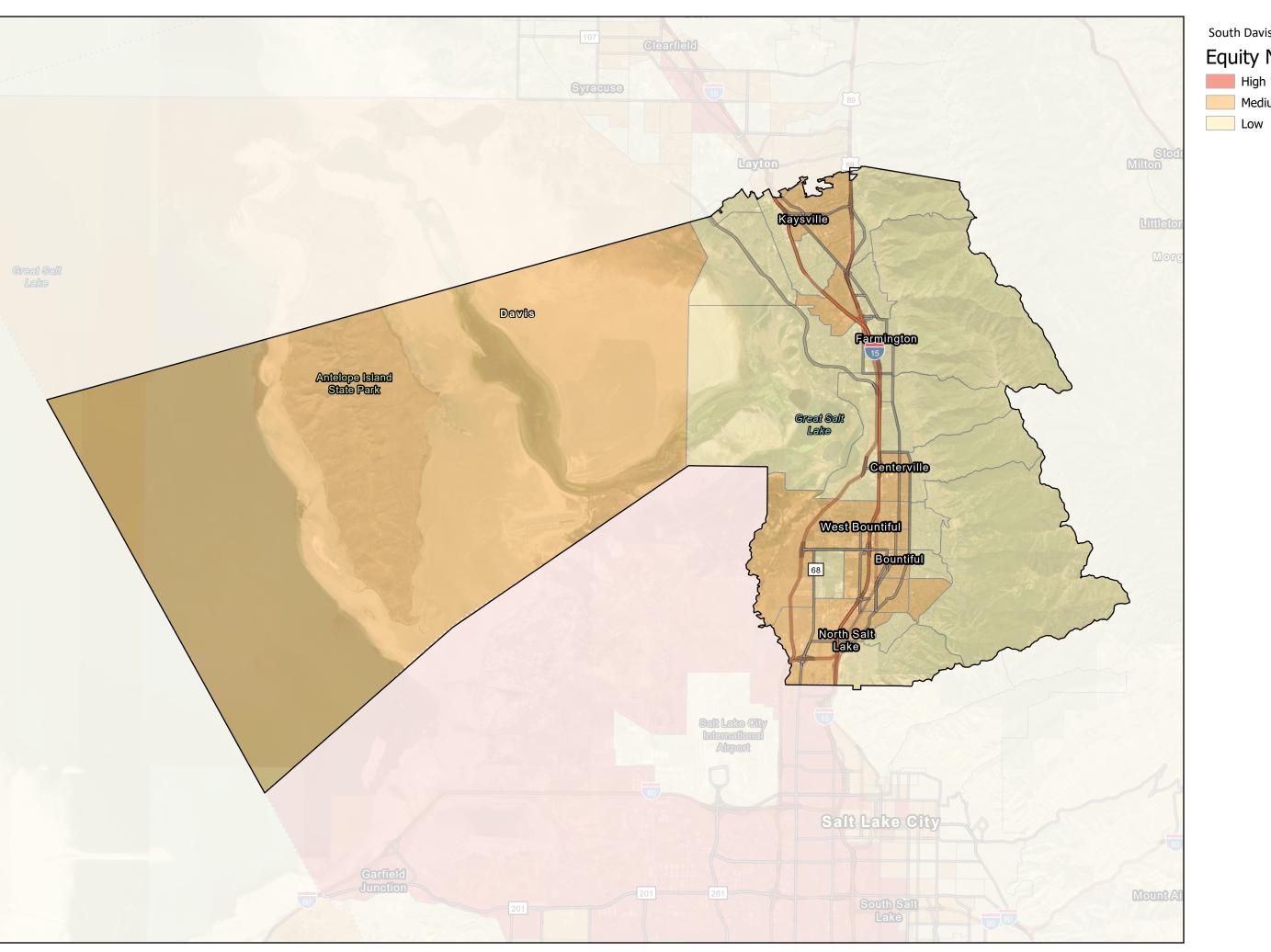
Speed Limits for All Road Users  Visibility Enhancements		Flashing Beacons (RRFB)							
Opinion of Probable Construction Cost									
Segment Improvements									
Item Description	CMF Applicable Crashes Quantity Unit					Jnit Price	Item Cost		
Install Driver Feedback Speed Limit Signs	NA	All Crashes	4.00	EACH	\$	10,000	\$	40,000	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
Intersection Improvements									
Item Description	CMF	Applicable Crashes	Quantity	Unit	U	Jnit Price		Item Cost	
Upgrade Existing Crosswalk to High-Visibility Crosswalk	0.6 - 0.75	Pedestrian	1.00	XING	\$	37,000	\$	37,000	
Install a Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB)	0.526	Pedestrian	1.00	XING (2)		15,000	\$	15,000	
Change a 5-section "Doghouse" to Flashing Yellow Arrow	0.75 - 0.93	Left-Turn	1.00	INT	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	
Provide Right-Turn Lanes	0.74 - 0.86	All Crashes	1.00	LANE	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	
								-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
							\$	-	
	1			Imp	rovem	ents Subtotal:	\$	250,000	
			/	лоbilization	1: (% +	-/-)* 10%	\$	25,000	
			Tra	affic Contro	ol: (% ·	+/-) 5%	\$	12,500	
		Items Not E	stimated / 0				\$	75,000	
				Estimated	d Cons	struction Cost:	\$	362,500	
Local Match <sup>†</sup> : 20% \$ 92,200		_			_				
† Toward SS4A Implementation Grants		Prece	onstruction	Engineerir			\$	43,500	
					Utilitie ROW	-	\$	-	
		Constru	ction Engin	oorina/Mar			\$	54,375	
		Constitut	cuon Engin			Project Total:	_	461,000	
*Mobilization	n is 10% +/-	of the subtotal with a	minimum c			•	_		
		feasibility study/desi					-,		
Additional Potential Improvements									
Additional safety improvements could be considered that were not incluinput. Potential additional countermeasures are listed below. Refer to the		•		•				urisdiction	
Additional Improvements #1:			•		-				
Additional Improvements #2:									
Additional Improvements #3:									
Additional Improvements #4:									
Additional Improvements #5:									

#### Disclaimer:

# SOUTH DAVIS COUNTY CASE STUDY PROJECT LOCATION MAP



## **SOUTH DAVIS COUNTY EQUITY INDEX MAP**



South Davis County

**Equity Need Areas** 

Medium

Low