

Regional Growth Committee

March 21, 2019





RGC Meeting - March 21, 2019

2019 Legislative Session: Implications for our Region's Growth, Housing, and Transportation



2019 Legislative Session: Implications for our Region's Growth, Housing, and Transportation

Presented by Andrew Gruber:

- SB72 Sub3 Transportation Governance and Funding Revisions (Sen. Harper)
- HB495 Tax Restructuring and Equalization Task Force (Rep. Schultz)
- Technical Planning Assistance

Presented by LaNiece Davenport:

- Air Quality
- SB34 Sub4 Affordable Housing Modifications (Sen. Anderegg)



Air Quality Appropriations

\$18.8M Total

- \$6.3M for teleworking expenses
- \$7M to incentivize and install EV charging stations
- \$1M for weatherization assistance
- \$500K air quality messaging
- \$4M to replace polluting state vehicles
- \$50K for air quality monitors on TRAX

Air Quality Bills

\$10M Total

- HB139 prohibits and penalizes rolling coal.
- HB148 reduces restrictions for enforcement of local anti-idling ordinances.
- HB353 funding for free-fare transit on poor air quality days. \$500k.
- HB357 incentivizes homeowners to replace wood stoves/fireplaces with natural gas. \$9M.
- HCR3 update switcher locomotive emissions standards.
- HCR11 encourages retailers to purchase gasoline supply from refineries committed to manufacturing Tier 3 compliant gasoline.
- HCR13 encourages refineries to utilize the state's sales and tax exemption to manufacture lower-sulfur Tier 3 gasoline.
- SB144 directs DEQ to create a baseline for monitoring air and water pollution from the inland port. \$558,200 total.



2019 Legislative Session: Implications for our Region's Growth, Housing, and Transportation

Presented by Andrew Gruber:

- SB72 3rd Sub Transportation Governance and Funding Revisions (Sen. Harper)
- HB495 Tax Restructuring and Equalization Task Force (Rep. Schultz)
- Technical Planning Assistance

Presented by LaNiece Davenport:

- Air Quality Appropriations and Legislation
- SB34 4th Sub Affordable Housing Modifications (Sen. Anderegg)



SB-34 in the Wasatch Front?

Wasatch Choice 2050 Update

——— March 21, 2019 ———

WASATCH FRONT REGIONAL COUNCIL

SB-34 asks local government to:

Connect local planning to regional transportation

 Plan for development around major transit to improve connections between homes and destinations

Correlate planning with population and employment projections

Connect local land to local street, transit, trails planning



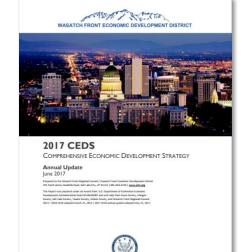
Economic Development

Land Use

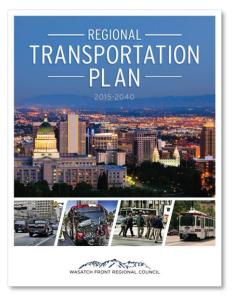
Transportation

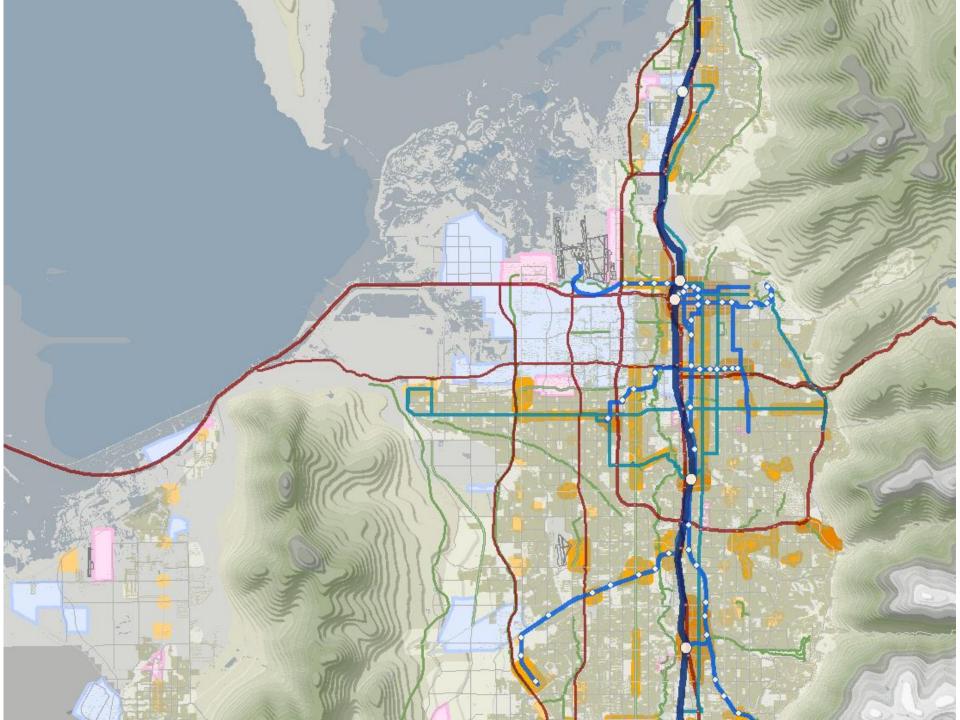
Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy Transportation and Land Use Connection

Regional Transportation Plan



City **Plans and**Ordinances





SB-34 asks local government to:

Connect local planning to regional transportation

 Plan for development around major transit to improve connections between homes and destinations

Correlate planning with population and employment projections

Connect local land to local street, transit, trails planning

The menu of implementation items

- Zoning in strategic locations
 - Densities
 - Mix of uses
 - Parking*
 - Inclusionary requirements
- MIH construction, rehabilitation, and preservation
- Financial incentives
- Programs/services (e.g., mortgage assistance)

2019-2050 RTP

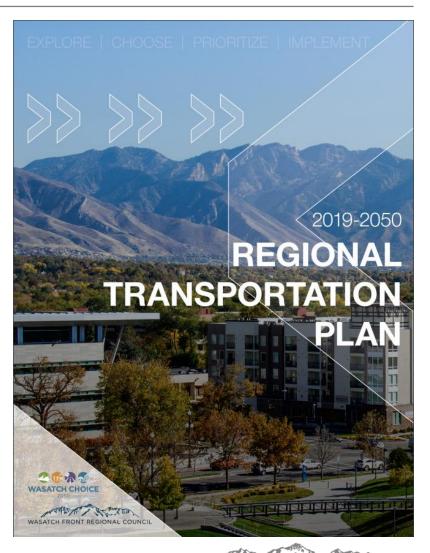
Wasatch Choice 2050 Update

——— March 21, 2019 ———

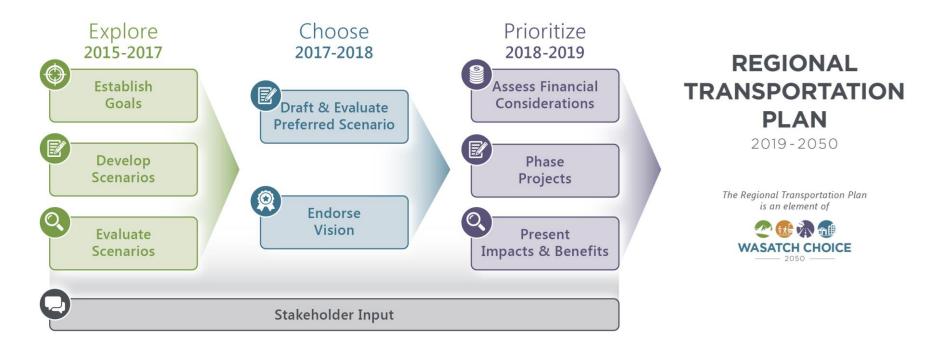
WASATCH FRONT REGIONAL COUNCIL

Vision and RTP Process Overview

- Updated every four years
- Planning horizon 20+ years
- Regional blueprint based on WC 2050 Vision and Goals
- Financially constrained
- Developed with input from planning partners
- Air quality conformity
- Amendment process



RTP: Last Stage of Extensive Process



2019 - 2050 Regional Transportation Plan

Now

- Review of public comments
- Finalize RTP Document and AQ Memorandum
- Update interactive map
- Update website

Next Steps

- RGC TAC Recommendation April 17
- RGC Recommendation May 16
- WFRC Adopt Wasatch Choice 2050 Vision and 2019-2050 RTP – May 23



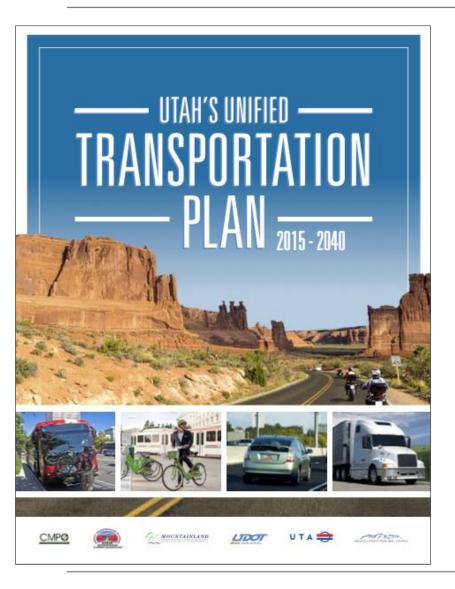
Wasatch Choice 2050 Vision

- WFRC Endorsed Wasatch Choice 2050 Vision - May 2018
- Vision Poster May 2019
- Tools, resources, products –
 August 2019
- Tools, resources, progress measures, community visits





2019-2050 Unified Plan



- Unified effort by UDOT, UTA, and MPOs – Coordinating all RTPs
- Past efforts in 2007, 2011, and 2015
- Collaborative
 - Timing
 - Financial assumptions
 - Performance measures
 - Safety
 - Active Transportation
- New Unified Plan October 2019

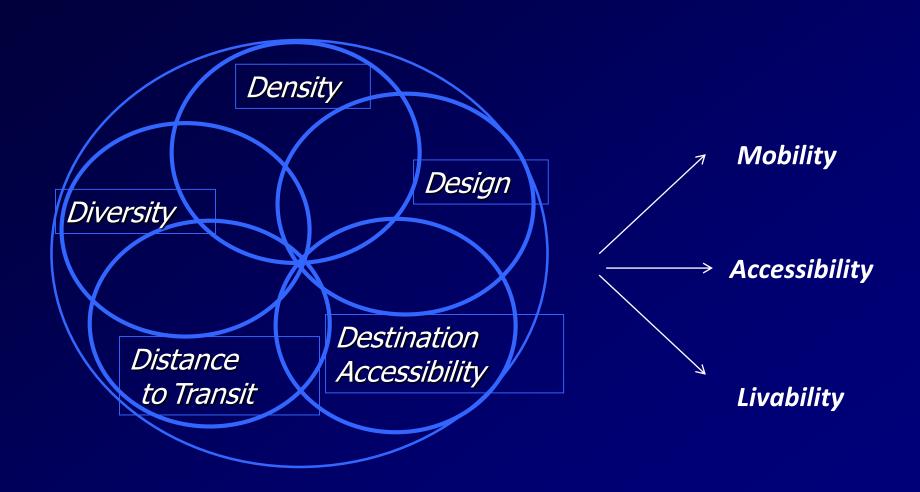


Latest Research on the Impacts of Community Design on Transportation

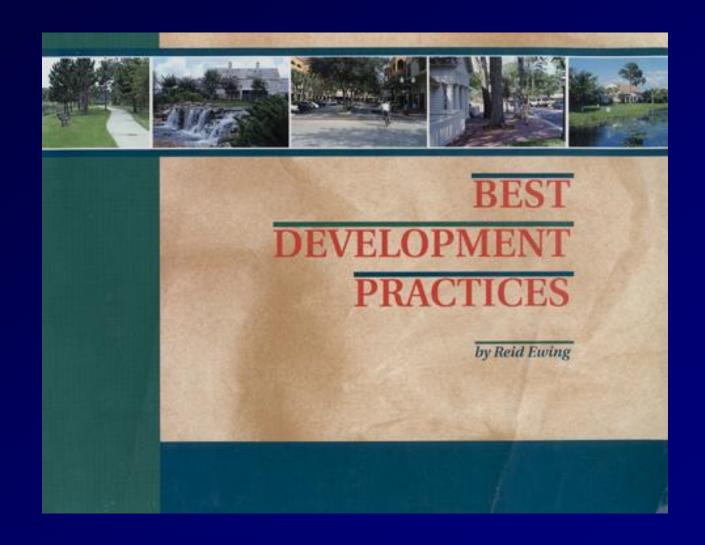
Outline

- the Ds: a powerful way to think of community design
- the benefits of improving accessibility,
- how to make cities places where people choose to walk.
- how parking affects cities

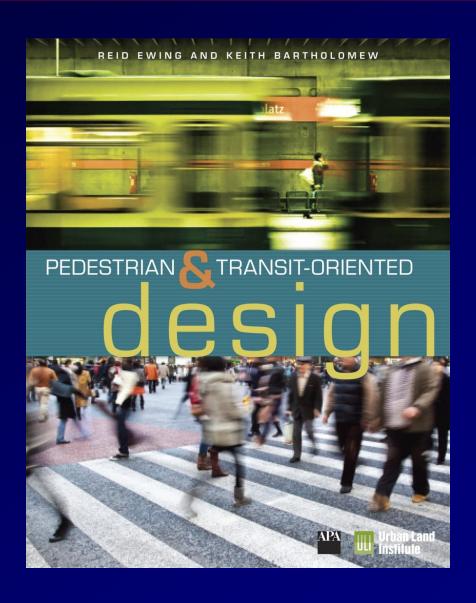
5Ds of Compact Development



Suburban Practices



Urban Development Practices





New Urbanist



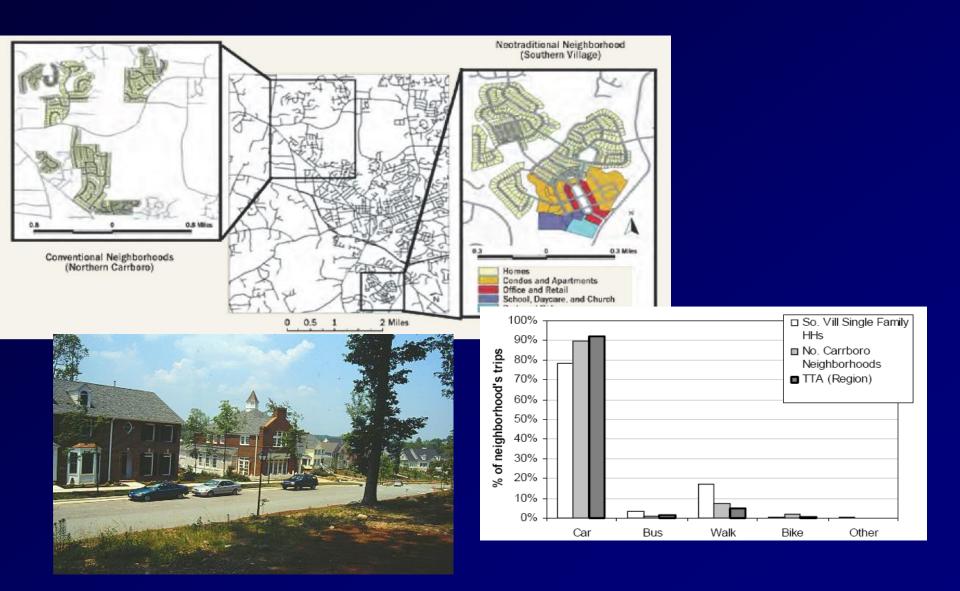
Urban Refill



Life Style Centers



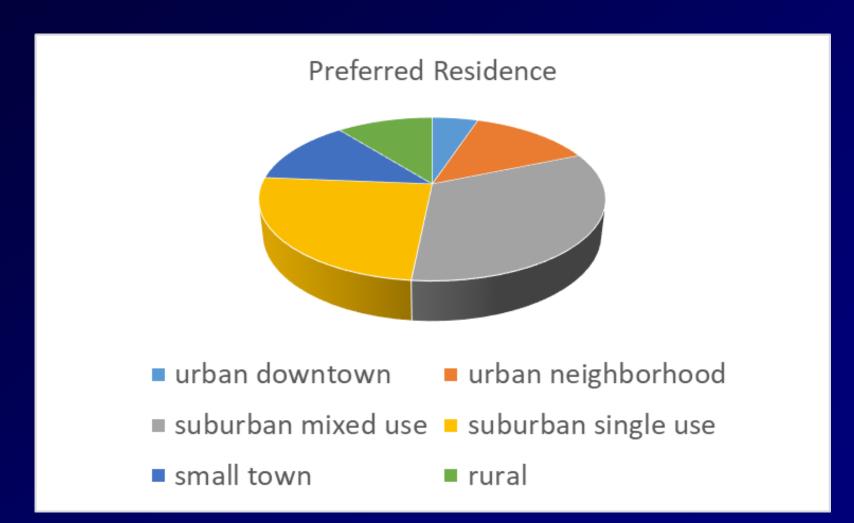
Southern Village (40% lower)



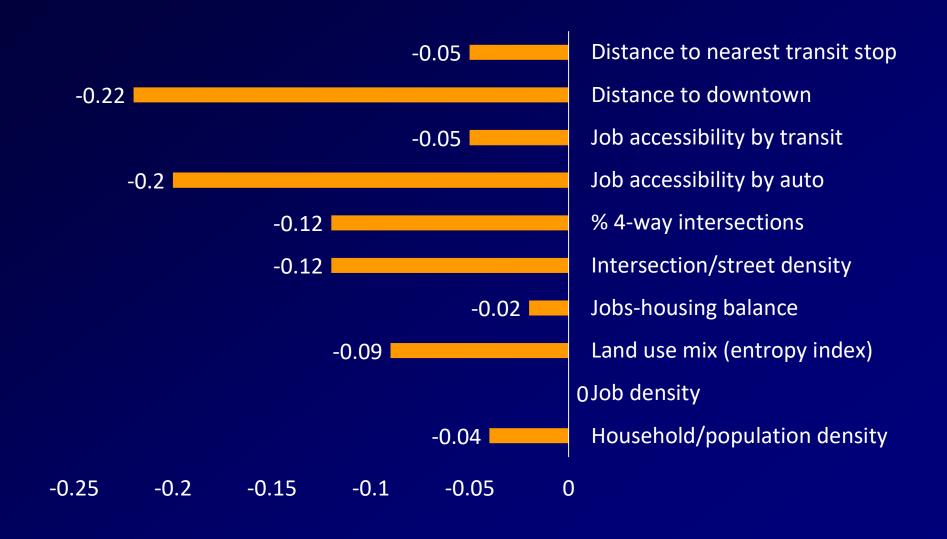
Daybreak vs. South Jordan

 "We did a difference of means test and got 6.3 fewer VMT driven by people in Daybreak, although the results weren't statistically significant and the standard error was about 6.2."

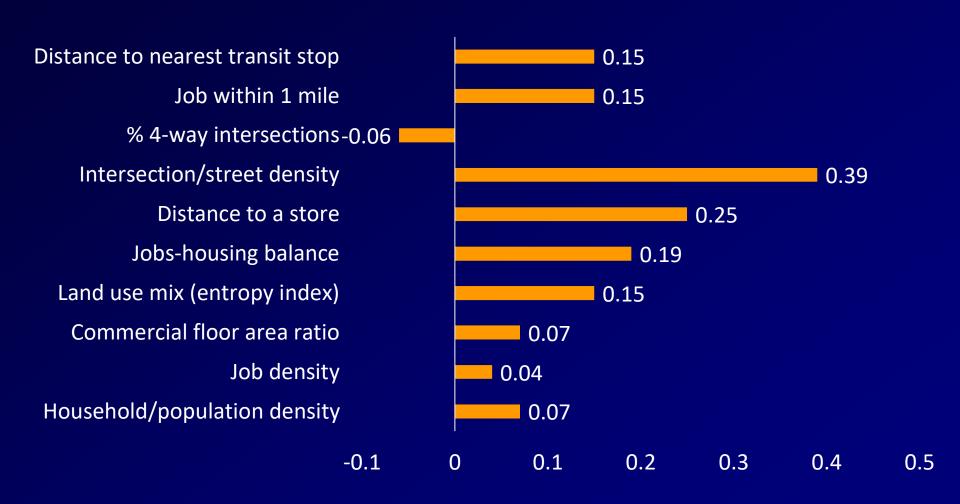
Residential Preferences in Utah



Weighted Average Elasticity of Driving Distances (VMT)



Weighted Average Elasticities of Walking

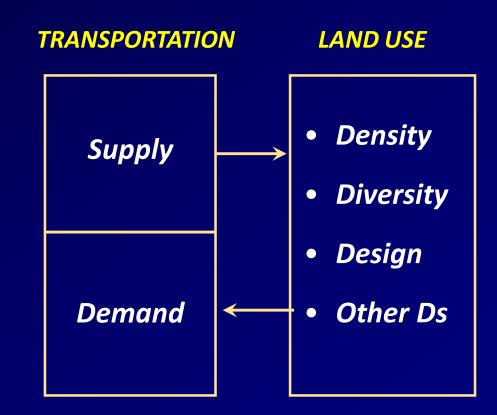


Weighted Average Elasticities of Transit Use

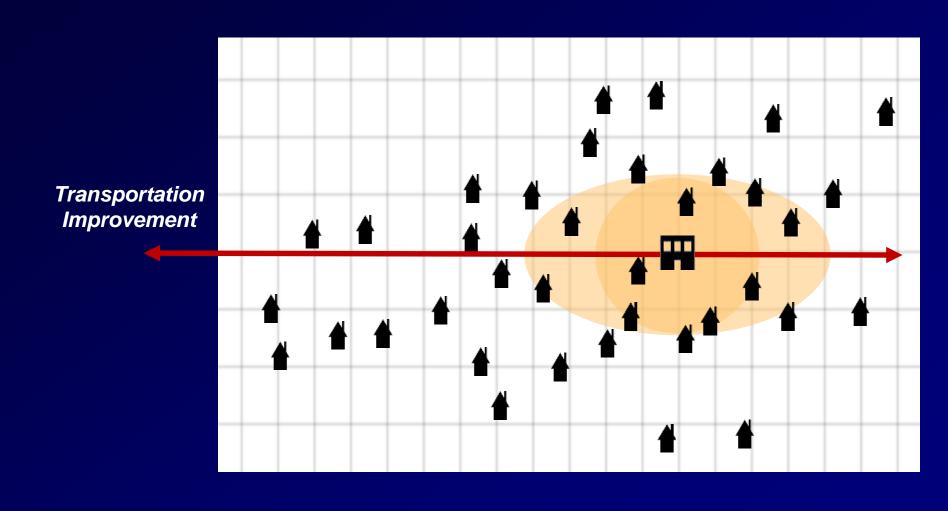


Accessibility Links Transportation and Land Use

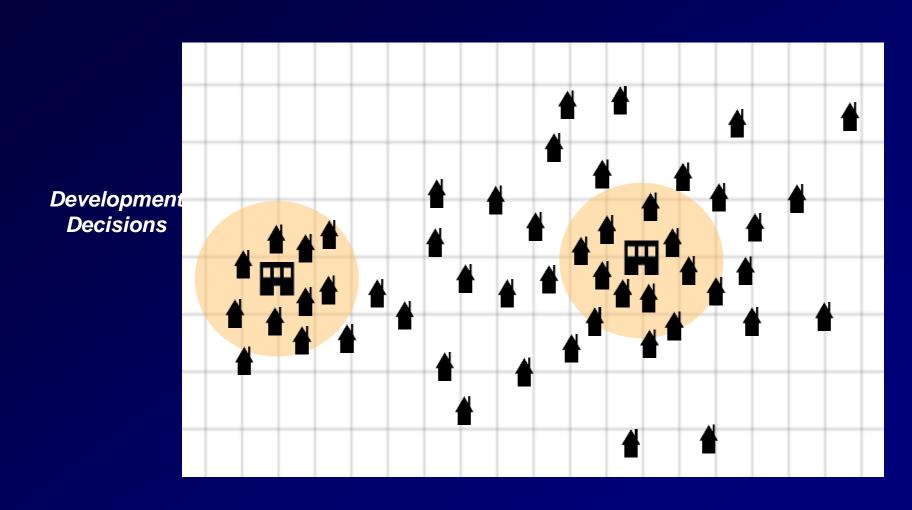
- T→LU: Impacts of Transportation Supply on Land Use Demand
- LU → T: Impacts of Land Use Supply on Transportation Demand



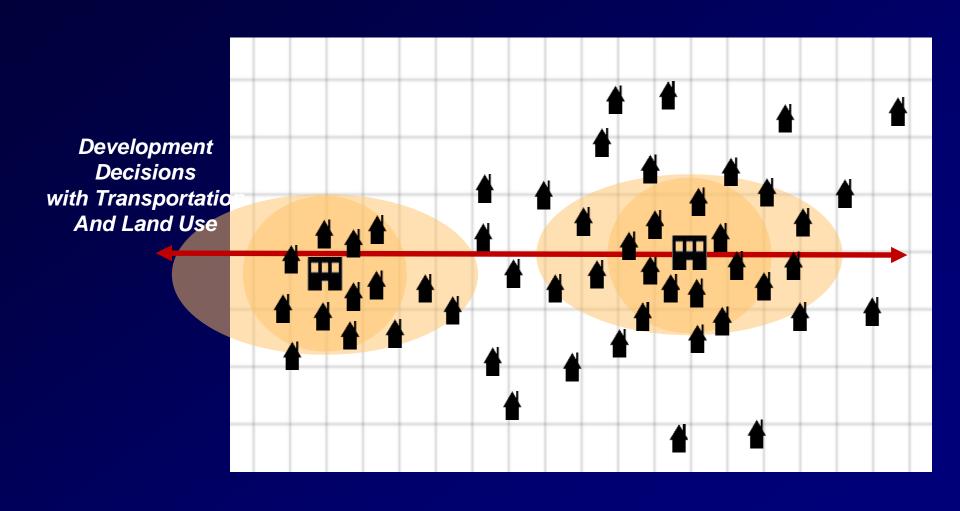
Workforce access: improved with transportation



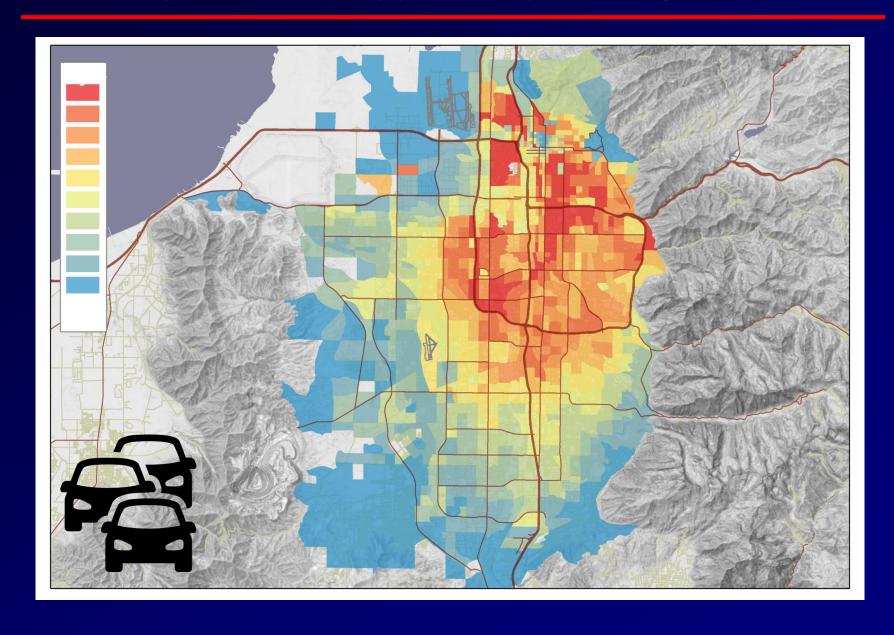
Workforce access: improved with land use



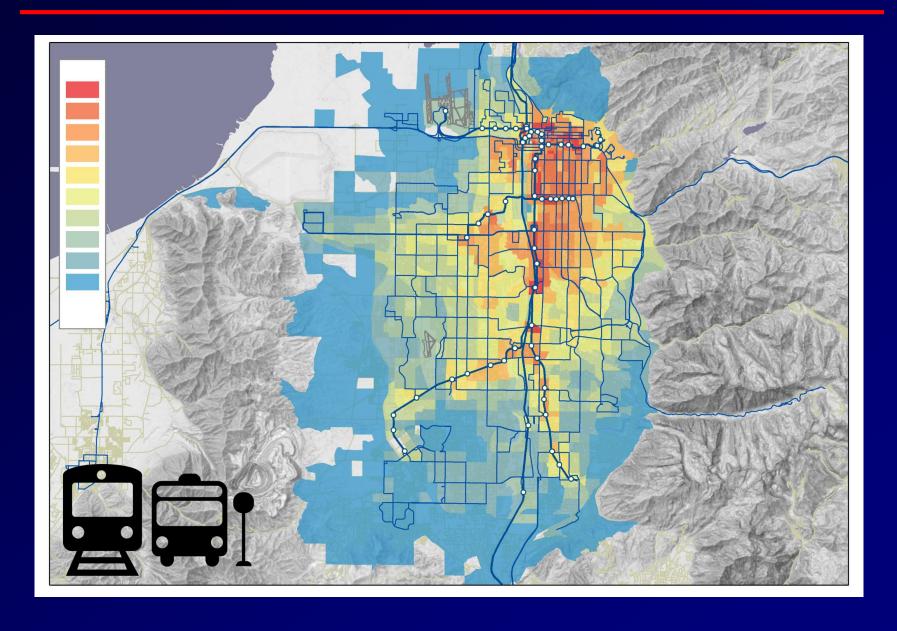
Workforce access: with coordinated land use



SL County: Access to Opportunity (Driving)



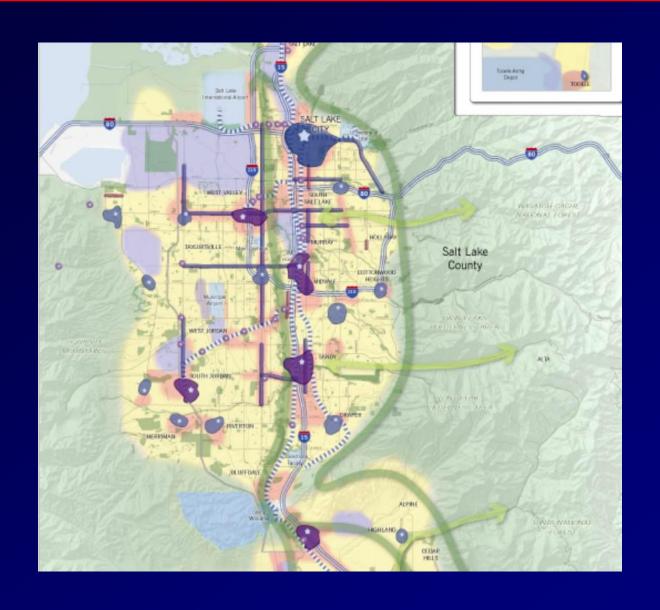
SL County: Access to Opportunity (Transit)



Accessibility and Land-Use Changes

- Accessibility, Not a Facility, Induces Land-Use Changes
- Ways in Which Changes in Accessibility Shape Cities and Regions
 - Households and Firms Can Save on Transport Costs
 - They Are Willing to Pay Higher Land Rents
 - Transport Cost Savings Capitalized in Value of Land
 - Higher Land Prices Result in More Intense Use of Land

Wasatch Choice Vision Promotes Accessibility

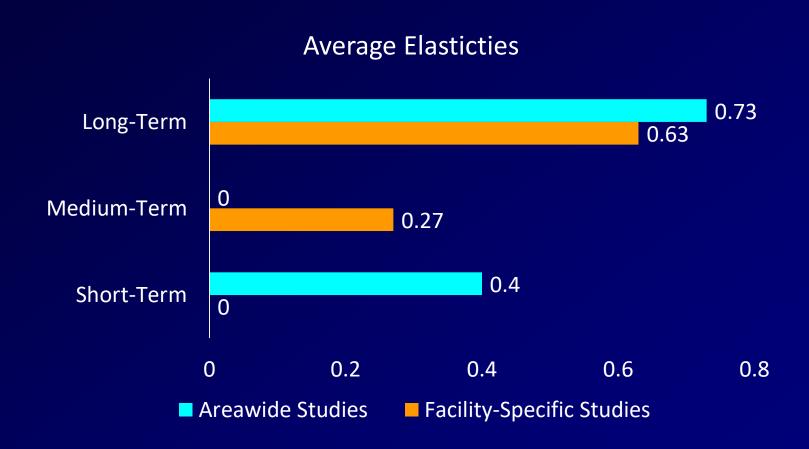


Cervero's Bottom Lines

"...the preponderance of research suggests that induced-demand effects are significant, with an appreciable share of added capacity being absorbed by increases in traffic."

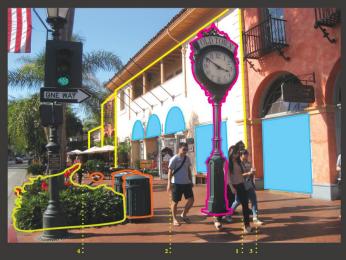
"All that can be said with certainty is that induceddemand effects exist ... and they accumulate over time."

Average Elasticities



Measuring Urban Design

Metrics for Livable Places



REID EWING AND OTTO CLEMENTE

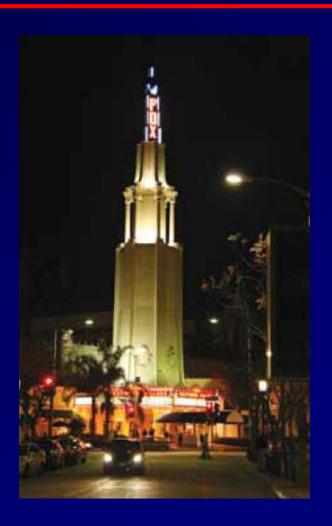
Genesis of Project

- Christopher Alexander, A Pattern Language Towns Buildings Construction
- Richard Hedman, Fundamentals of Urban Design
- Allan Jacobs, Great Streets
- Kevin Lynch, The Image of the City
- William H. Whyte, City—Rediscovering the Center

lmageability



 Imageability is the quality of a place that makes it distinct, recognizable, and memorable. A place has high imageability when specific physical elements and their arrangement capture attention, evoke feelings, and create a lasting impression.



Enclosure



Enclosure refers to the degree to which streets and other public spaces are visually defined by buildings, walls, trees, and other vertical elements. Spaces where the height of vertical elements is proportionally related to the width of the space between them have a room-like quality.





Human Scale





 Human scale refers to a size, texture, and articulation of physical elements that match the size and proportions of humans and, equally important, correspond to the speed at which humans walk. Building details, pavement texture, street trees, and street furniture are all physical elements contributing to human scale.

Transparency

Transparency refers to the degree to which people can see or perceive what lies beyond the edge of a street or other public space and, more specifically, the degree to which people can see or perceive human activity beyond the edge of a street or other public space





Complexity



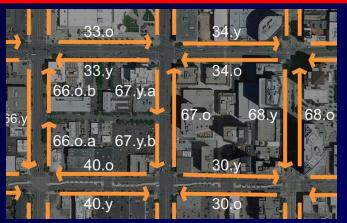


 Complexity refers to the visual richness of a place. The complexity of a place depends on the variety of the physical environment, specifically the numbers and kinds of buildings, architectural diversity and ornamentation, landscape elements, street furniture, signage, and human activity.

Replication

In 2012, a total of 179 block faces located within the Free Fare Zone boundary of downtown Salt Lake City were measured in terms of urban design qualities as well as for pedestrian counts.





An example of block faces on each street segment (Y= your side, O= Opposite side)

The distribution of pedestrian activity in the study area (the darker the color is the higher the pedestrian count is)





Figure 2a. Imageability, high quality.



Figure 2b. Imageability, low quality.



Figure 3a. Enclosure, high quality.



Figure 3b. Enclosure, low quality.



Figure 4a. Human scale, high quality.



Figure 4b. Human scale, low quality.



Figure 5a. Transparency, high quality.



Figure 5b. Transparency, low quality.



Figure 6a. Complexity, high quality.



Figure 6b. Complexity, low quality.

While the D variables are included as controls, the primary focus of this study is the five urban design qualities, both individually and as a whole.

- ☐ Two of the five measures of urban design qualities found in Model 2, 'transparency' and 'imageability', are highly significant.
- ☐ 'Enclosure' and 'complexity' have no individual relationship to pedestrian activity.
- □ As a whole, however, the five urban design qualities improved the fit of the model.

Parking

For our purposes, TODs are developed by a single developer under a master development plan, and can also include a clustering of development projects near transit facilities that are developed by one or more developers pursuant to a master development plan.

Dense

Mixed use Pedestrianfriendly Adjacent to transit

Built after transit

Fully developed or nearly so

Self-contained parking



Redmond TOD, Seattle

Rhode Island Row, Washington D.C.





Fruitvale Village, San Francisco



Englewood TOD, Denver

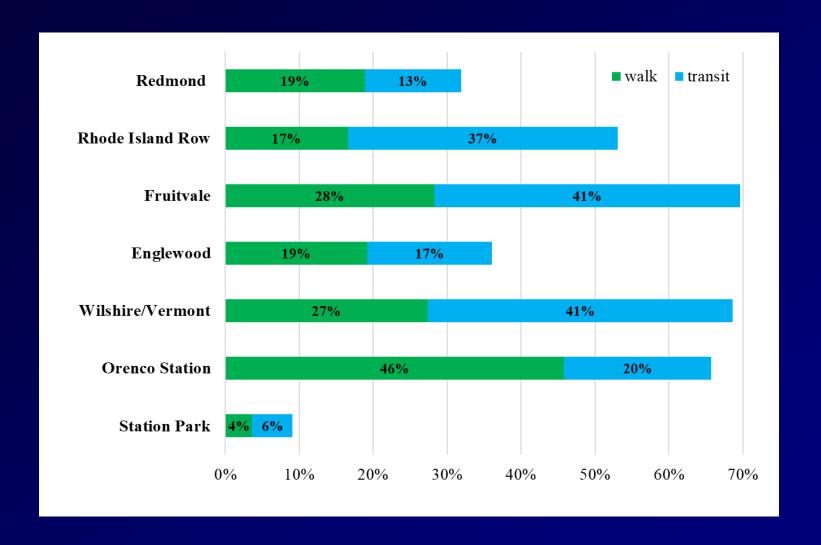
Orenco Station TOD



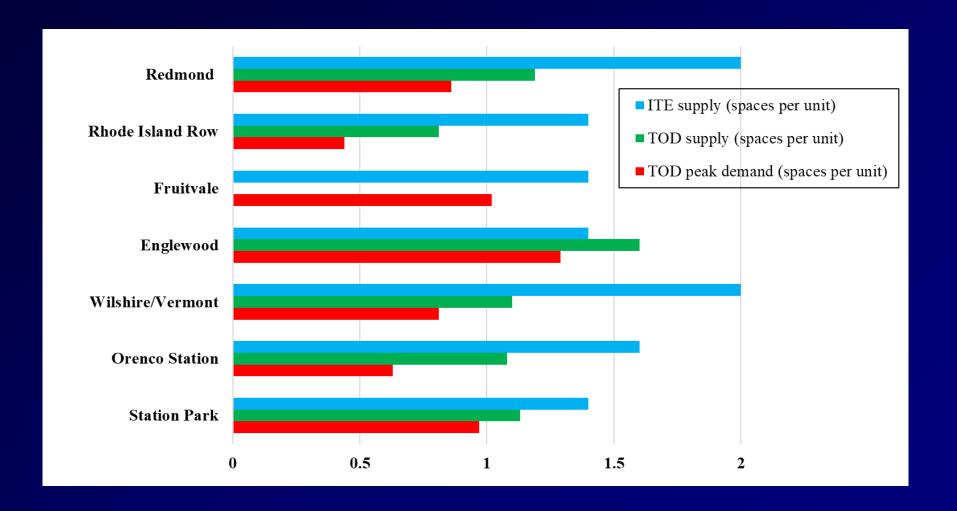
Station Park TAD



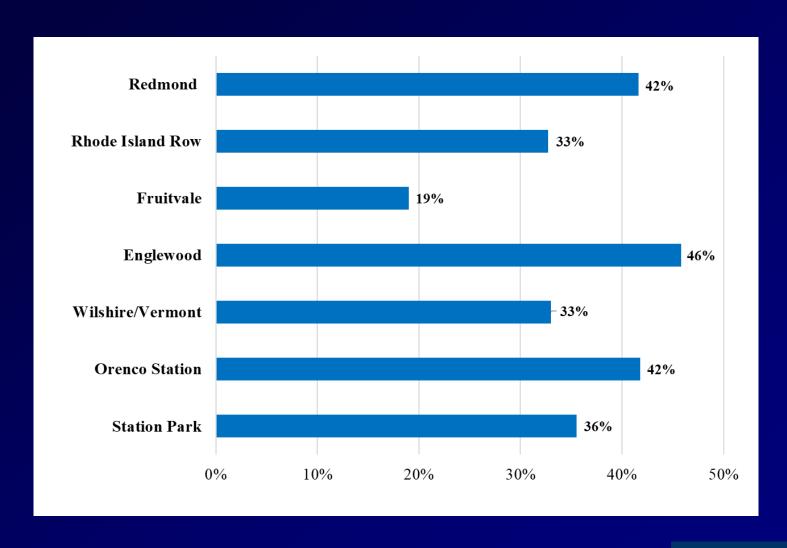
Mode Shares



Residential Parking Supplies and Demands



Peak Parking Demand as % of ITE Guideline



Parking Space Occupancy

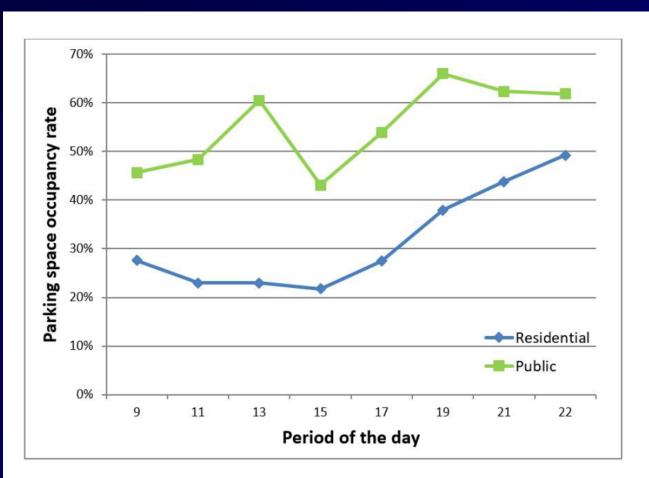


Figure 2.10. Parking Space Occupancy Rate for Different Uses at Orenco Station TOD

Parking Space Occupancy

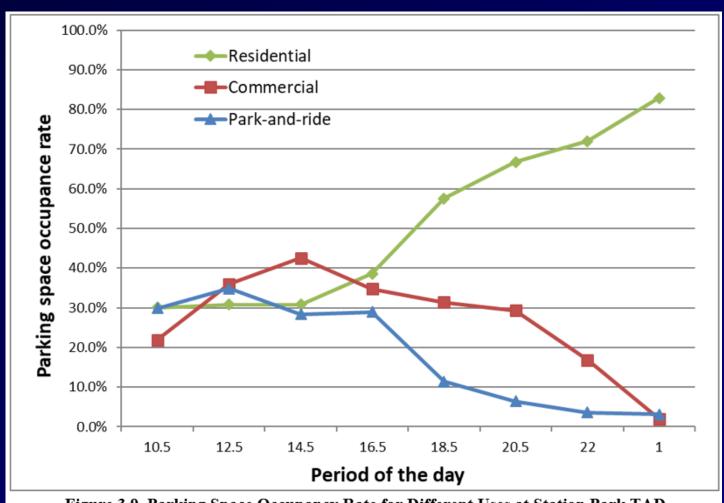


Figure 3.9. Parking Space Occupancy Rate for Different Uses at Station Park TAD



2019 Awards

March 21st, 2019 | Megan Townsend









PROGRAM GOALS



The TLC program provides technical assistance to local communities to help them achieve their goals and plan for growth. The program helps communities implement changes to the built environment that reduce traffic on roads and enable more people to easily walk, bike, and use transit.









2019 AWARDS



\$1,239,500

\$303,500

\$1,543,000

2019 Region-Wide TLC Funding

2019 Local Match

2019 Project Total Budgets

15 awards

- 9 Salt Lake Urbanized Area
- 6 Ogden/Layton Urbanized Area
- 5 multi-jurisdictional









2019 AWARDS



Ogden/Layton Urbanized Area

	North Davis Communities Active Transportation
Clearfield, Syracuse, West Point, Clinton, Sunset	Implementation Plan
Kaysville	General Plan Update
North Salt Lake City	Town Center Branding and Wayfinding
Ogden & South Salt Lake	Utah Parking Modernization Case Studies
South Ogden City	South Ogden City Comprehensive General Plan
	Design of Weber River Parkway to Bonneville
South Weber City	Shoreline Trail









2019 AWARDS



Salt Lake Urbanized Area

4th Quarter Revenue Spending Plan
Magna Metro Township General Plan
Mid Valley Active Transportation Plan
Fashion Place Small Area Plan
Sandy/Draper Active Transportation Plan
Southwest Salt Lake County Visioning
Project
Jordan River / 3300 South - Neighborhood
Master Plan
Utah Parking Modernization Case Studies
20/20 Vision





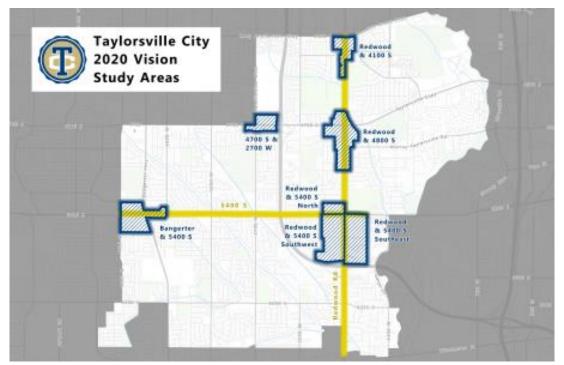




CITY-WIDE PROJECTS



Alta	Commercial Core Prioritization Plan
Kaysville	General Plan Update
Magna	Magna Metro Township General Plan
South Ogden City	South Ogden City Comprehensive General Plan











CENTER PLANS



Murray City	Fashion Plan Small Area Plan
North Salt Lake City	Town Center Branding and Wayfinding
South Salt Lake City	Neighborhood Master Plan (Jordan River / 3300 South)
South Ogden City	South Ogden City Comprehensive General Plan
Taylorsville City	20/20 Vision













ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION PLANS



Clearfield, Syracuse, West Point, Clinton,	North Davis Communities Active	
and Sunset	Transportation Implementation Plan	
Millcreek, Cottonwood Heights, Holladay,		
Midvale, Murray, and Taylorsville	Mid Valley Active Transportation Plan	
Sandy and Draper	Sandy / Draper Active Transportation Plan	
	Design of Weber River Parkway to	
South Weber City	Bonneville Shoreline Trail	







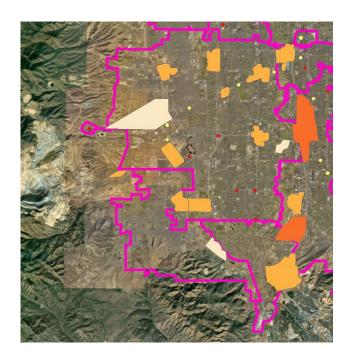




MULTI-CITY VISIONS PLANS



Ogden and South Salt Lake City	Utah Parking Modernization Case Studies
South Jordan, Riverton, West Jordan,	Southwest Salt Lake County Visioning
Herriman, Bluffdale, and Copperton	Project











TLC Program





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